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St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

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VOL. 47. NO. 199. TUESDAY EVENING—ST. LOUIS—FEBRUARY 25, 1896. PRICE IN ST. LOUIS, ONE CENT. OUTSIDE ST. LOUIS, TWO CENTS.

Advertise Your Vacant House in Post-Dispatch Want Columns.

MARRIED TO A RICH MAN'S SON.

Divorced Wife of James E. Towers Wedded in Chicago.

ENAMORED WITH WEALTH.

Abandoned Husband and Child in St. Louis to Wed the Son of a Chicago Millionaire.

Mrs. Jennie Shanks Towers, formerly of St. Louis, was married at high noon Tuesday in Chicago to Mr. Fred Champlin, a young millionaire.

The wedding ceremony, which was exceedingly quiet, was performed at the residence of the groom's brother-in-law, Mr. Maus, of Kelly, Maus & Co., the largest iron firm in Chicago.

Two weeks ago Mrs. Towers was divorced from her husband, James E. Towers of Normandy, St. Louis County, who was awarded the custody of their 6-year-old daughter.

This is why the marriage was private—almost secret.

Immediately after the ceremony, Mr. Champlin settled $10,000 on his wife's 6-year-old daughter, now in the custody of the woman's divorced husband.

The divorce, the marriage, the settlement are leading incidents in a strange and moving life story.

There is one pathetic figure in it. James E. Towers is well known and well liked. For years he has been the confidential secretary for Robert J. Lucas. He never did anybody a wrong and he loved his wife and child.

This wife, whom he has divorced, but still loves, was Jennie M. Shanks over a decade ago, a famous belle in St. Louis County. She came of a good family, was pretty in form and feature and bright as a sunbeam.

She surprised her friends a dozen years ago when she married Jim Towers, for he was a quiet fellow, not over well off in this world's goods. Towers proved a model husband and the early years of their married life were blissful.

Towers was an indulgent husband. He gave his wife a pleasant home and every summer she was sent on to the seaside.

This last was what caused the trouble.

Three summers ago, while East, Mrs. Towers met the man's family, of Chicago. They became deeply interested in her.

When she came home she told him that her health was broken. A doctor in the East had told her that the only thing that would restore her to health was a European tour.

And so it was agreed that she would go, because her wealthy friends, the Mauses, were going, and they wanted her to be their guest.

She joined her friends in Chicago, and wrote loving letters home to her husband.

But never a word did she say of going to Europe.

Mr. Towers sent her money from time to time, but she returned it, saying her friends were providing for all her wants.

Finally, after repeated requests for an explanation, always couched in most affectionate terms, came a cruel letter.

Mrs. Towers wrote that she was not going to Europe—neither was she coming home. Her health was broken. She could never come home; she didn't want to come home. But she wanted her dear husband to take most tender care of their darling child.

It was a most remarkable correspondence and the most wonderful thing about it is that it has continued up to the present time.

Only this morning Mr. Towers received an affectionate letter from his former wife.

It was about their little girl, for since the divorce this is the one tie that binds them.

At his wife's intimation Towers last summer filed suit for divorce. His only allegation was desertion. In speaking of the matter at the time Mr. Towers expressed the greatest affection for his wife, the profoundest trust in her. Her health was broken. She could never be any man's wife again. She could not bear to come back again and she wanted him to be free.

When Mr. Powers was told that gossip had connected his wife's name with that of Fred Champlin, a brother of Mrs. Maus, he denied indignantly that his wife cared for anyone but him.

He had letters from her full of affectionate expressions. She could not be thinking of marrying any one.

But gossip had it that Fred Champlin, the wayward heir to millions, had fallen deeply in love with Mrs. Towers. He would not think of giving her up. He would give up everything though for her and in the hope of reforming him his relatives kept his good angel near him.

On February 12 Towers was granted his divorce and the custody of his child by Judge Hirzel of Clayton.

Now comes the marriage, following right on the heels of the divorce, and then the annuity showing that if Mrs. Towers loves wealth more than she did her first husband, she has still humanity enough to love her own child.

Mr. Towers will not believe that the opportunity for his generous behavior was created by his wife's deception. When told of the marriage Tuesday by a Post-Dispatch reporter, he said:

"I can assure you there is no truth in that. I received a letter from my late wife to-day regarding our little girl.

"If she intended marrying she would have told me. I am positive there is no truth in it and the event will prove to you I am right."

Asked if he would permit Champlin to settle $10,000 annuity on his child, he said:

"I know nothing about it. I do not see what I have to do with this or why I should be mixed up in it. I won't discuss the matter."

DIED TOGETHER.

Tragic End of A. W. Patterson and Wife at Madison, Wis.

MADISON, Wis., Feb. 25.—A terrible tragedy, resulting in the fatal shooting of Mrs. A. W. Patterson by her husband, and his death by his own hand immediately afterward, occurred at midnight last night at their home in this city. Whether it was not practically a double suicide is a question. A letter, ostensibly from both parents, was left to the children, saying husband and wife had premeditated suicide for some time and resolved to die together. This declaration, however, is opposed by the fact that when found the wife, who had retired and was in her night robe, had one arm thrown across her face as if to shield it and a bullet in the arm, while the husband was still fully dressed.

REBELLION SUPPRESSED.

Columbia University Students Compelled to Obey the Faculty.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

COLUMBIA, Mo., Feb. 25.—The trouble at the university seems to be nearing the end which has been inevitable from the start. The faculty and President have won and the rebellious students are compelled to take their medicine.

Last night a meeting was held at the city Court-house of the 200 who are implicated. Most of them failed to sign the iron-clad pledge yesterday, waiting for concerted action. After many speeches they agreed to submit to the faculty, and said that they would take the pledge. This morning the President's office has been crowded with students signing the blanks, and it is now thought that before 5 o'clock, the last hour of grace, all will sign and be allowed to remain in school. Some students have threatened to leave school to escape signing, and return next year. A bulletin this morning announces that such students will be dismissed the same as others, and when they desire to enter next September will then be required to take this pledge and an additional pledge of good conduct.

LAUGHTER CURED HIM.

Mr. Becker Was So Funny That His Friend, Feister, Did Not Die.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—Water Commissioner Becker of New Brunswick, N. J., is credited with having literally snatched a dying man from the jaws of death by means of his powers as a humorist. A friend of the Commissioner, Wm. Feister, is over 80 years old. About two months ago he was taken with a severe cold and gradually sank. Last week he was thought to be dying, and he believed he was nearing the end. Last Thursday he was barely conscious. His family and a number of friends had gathered in the room and were awaiting the end, which did not appear to be very far off, when Mr. Becker called. He entered the house noisily, and was shocked to learn of the illness of his friend. He went at once to the sick room. The nurse had roused Feister, and when the Commissioner entered the sick man smiled, but did not utter a word, and appeared to lapse at once into a comatose state.

Mr. Becker asked what was the matter in a loud voice, and the sick man roused himself and whispered:

"I'm going."

Mr. Becker sat down beside the bed, and taking the hand of the supposed dying man, told him jokes. At first Feister paid no attention to what was being said, but finally he began to take an interest in the fire of words which Mr. Becker addressed to him. Within two hours the pallor of his face had changed to a flush, and he was laughing at remarks made by Mr. Becker. Then he discovered he was hungry, and took the first nourishment that had passed his lips without being forced for several weeks.

Mr. Becker sat and joked with the sick man, and after several hours of this treatment Feister was sitting up in bed. When Mr. Becker left Mr. Feister said, heartily: "Becker, I'm going to get well; I'll go to church with you in a week."

Since that time Mr. Feister has continued to improve, and now appears to be on the road to recovery.

SHARP ADVANCE IN SILVER.

Some Reasons Why Bullion Has Gone Up to 70 Cents.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—Silver bullion sold at the highest price yesterday that it has reached in many months. There was an apparently good commercial demand which advanced the rate to 70 cents. The rise was sharp and in sympathy with an upward movement in London. Zimmerman & Forshay and Handy & Harmon, bullion dealers, and Edward Brush of the Kansas City Smelting and Refining declared that they did not know of any definite reason for the improvement. They did not agree that the advance was due to speculation or that it would be sustained.

The facts are that silver sold as low as 59c and prices ranged about 60c for six months. This was by reason of adverse legislation and material curtailment of production. Shrewd people, who knew the commercial value of silver, began cautiously by buying and accumulating bullion. A large amount has been absorbed for export, a legitimate continental demand having prevailed for a long time. The supply has also been reduced by the demand for manufacturing purposes. For ten months the price was fluctuating about 67 cents, and during the past three weeks and until yesterday 69c was the quotation.

The advance has taken so long that it escaped general attention. Simultaneously with the sharp advance came decided improvement in mining railroad stocks, which is regarded as significant of a revival of interest in silver mines and brighter prospects. Seventy-five cent silver means much to the great industry and would undoubtedly produce another silver boom.

IS A BAD FAILURE.

Detrick Supply Co.'s Liabilities Largely Exceed the Assets.

The Detrick Supply Company made an assignment Tuesday afternoon to Albert Webb for the benefit of creditors. The firm does business at 809 North Main street and 800 North Second street.

The property assigned consists of a stock of plumbers' materials at the above locations, valued at $30,000. It is subject to two chattel deeds of trust to the National Tube Works Company to secure an indebtedness of $23,878; and to the St. Louis National Bank to secure notes aggregating $38,600.

The liabilities to these two preferred creditors amount to about $13,000 more than the given assets, which indicates that the failure is complete.

No further statement of the liabilities was made.

THE WEATHER.

Fair Tuesday Night and Wednesday, Colder Wednesday Evening.

Weather Bureau forecasts:

For St. Louis and vicinity—Fair Tuesday night and Wednesday. Colder by Wednesday evening.

For Missouri—Fair Tuesday night and Wednesday, Warmer in north portion Tuesday night.

For Illinois—Fair Tuesday night and Wednesday, Warmer Tuesday night.

WHOEVER DID IT IS DOOMED.

Some of the Administration Crowd Leaked at Washington.

REVEALED FRANCIS' PLAN.

Premature Announcement of the Gold Bug Scheme to Capture Missouri Liable to Cause Dissension.

The first news of the organized activity of the Missouri administration factionists reached St. Louis by way of Washington.

It came in the form of a brief telegram last Thursday night, and when newspaper reporters were given a hint of it and tried to develop the tip into an interesting story they were met by the most positive denials of the least possibility of truth in the story.

The men who made these denials went even further in their work of negation.

They made strong personal appeals to the reporters not to say anything about the matter, and even went to the heads of certain newspapers that were in possession of information from Washington as to what was going on in Missouri and thus made assurance doubly sure in protecting themselves from exposure.

"Of course I knew all about the Francis movement when I was talking to you last Friday," said one of the ex-Governor's trusted lieutenants to a Post-Dispatch reporter Tuesday morning.

"Then why did you solemnly deny that the gold-bugs were preparing to make a systematic fight for delegates to the Sedalia convention?" the reporter asked.

"Because," was the reply, "I didn't know Gov. Francis was going to give the matter out to the press so soon. My understanding was that nothing was to be given to the papers before the first of March, and I suppose that agreement would have been kept by everybody concerned if the fellows at Washington had not been so precipitate and let the cat out of the bag at that end."

The frank admissions of this gentleman show not only the careful embargo of secrecy laid on every one whom Francis has taken into his councils, but also that the movement was initiated at Washington, where all the others have had their start. It goes without saying, of course, that the power behind the movement is located in the White House. The blame for letting the cat out of the bag rests between Congressmen Tarsney and Dockery.

It is said that these two statesmen, unlike their prototypes here in Missouri, maintain pleasant relations with newspaper men irrespective of politics. The papers represented by the correspondents, while Messrs. Cobb and Hall, taking the cue from their masters at home, have boycotted every correspondent at Washington who is liable to make premature disclosures. Therefore, these two are not suspected by the home band of having been indiscreet enough to give interested correspondents a hint as to the orders issued from Wall street through the White House to the Missouri gold bug leaders how to proceed to wage war on the bimetallists.

It is said that if the blame is indisputably fixed on Tarsney and Dockery, or either of them, they will be made to suffer as befits their crime.

It is known that Mr. Dockery has been looked on with favor by the Francis crowd as available gubernatorial timber, but if he should by accident or design let out the ex-Governor's secret in this important matter he will have to abandon all hope of the governorship this year at least. As to Mr. Tarsney, he is considered dead anyway, and it may be that full realization of this fact has made him careless about the secrets of the goldbug schemers, if not absolutely reckless.

Not the least interesting of the gossip concerning the gold bug movement is that which says that Chairman C. C. Maffitt of the State Central Committee advised earnestly against it when he learned a week or two ago that it was seriously contemplated.

Mr. Maffitt, it is said, warned his friend Francis of the danger to the ex-Governor involved in the movement, as he would be saddled with the entire responsibility if it should gain such proportions as to seriously menace party harmony to the extent of dividing the Democracy into two hostile camps, which would permit the enemy to march between them and capture the State in November.

Despite this unselfish warning, the ex-Governor is said to have not only urged Mr. Maffitt to attend the secret caucusses which for the past few weeks have been held in Francis' office, but when he failed thus to enlist him in the movement to have also made earnest appeals, based on the ground of long, intimate friendship and association, to sign the circular which was issued last Saturday.

Mr. Maffitt refused as sternly to comply with this latter request, as he had done to attend the secret caucuses, and as a result of this series of declinations to co-operate there is now, for the first time in many years, a decided coolness between him and Francis.

Two attempts were made by a Post-Dispatch reporter to see Mr. Maffitt Tuesday. The first attempt was met with the statement that Mr. Maffitt was "not in" and the second that he was "too busy."

To a member of the Post-Dispatch staff Mr. Maffitt protested the other day that he was in no sense a gold-standard Democrat.

"Then are you for the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1?" was asked.

"Well, no matter about that," was the reply; "I am not a gold man, and I wish the Post-Dispatch would stop calling me one."

Further than this Mr. Maffitt refused to define his views on the currency question at that time.

There are those who express the opinion, when the rumored differences at present said to exist between Francis and Maffitt are told them, that Mr. Maffitt has taken this shoot in order to attract favorable attention to himself from the dominant element of the party as the successor of National Committeeman Grift Prather.

COLD SHOULDER FOR CARLISLE

Less Than a Dozen New York Bankers Attend Monday Night's Banquet.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—The banquet to Secretary Carlisle last night must have made some people think. An invitation was made some people think. An invitation was sent to every banker in this city, but the New York bankers have become weary of Secretary Carlisle's peculiar methods of finance, and only a few of them responded to the call.

Nearly 100 invitations were sent out, but less than a dozen financiers responded.

OBJECTIONABLE FRUIT.

Says Seibert to Dalton: "Better Let it Alone, Dick. That Apple's Sour."

CIVIL STRIFE IN NICARAGUA.

Standard of Rebellion Raised Against President Zelaya.

MANAGUA MAY BE ATTACKED.

Rebels Have Their Headquarters at Leon, Where a Large Quantity of Modern Arms Is Stored.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Feb. 25, Via Galveston.—The flag of rebellion has once more been raised in Nicaragua. Reports received here from the North this morning show that the whole district north of Lake Managua, including the Departments of the West and the North, are in open revolt against President Zelaya.

Martial law has been proclaimed and the impressing of men into the army is being pushed rapidly. The President is supported by a wing of the Liberal party and 2,000 men are already under arms.

This town, the capital, is being actively made ready for defense, as the insurgents, whose headquarters are at Leon, the old capital of Nicaragua, are expected to make an attack. Leon is the center of the old Roman Catholic population, as opposed to the Catholics of more modern views.

A strong detachment of the Leonists have already left that town, and it is believed that Managua will be attacked to-morrow or the next day.

The Conservative party in this city met this morning and resolved to give moral support to President Zelaya. It also determined to send ex-President Cardenas and Gen. Alvigil to Granada, near Lake Nicaragua, to inform their partisans there of their determination to support the President.

The insurgents are supported by a portion of the political party in power, but up to the present, what is known as the Opposition party proper has not joined the rebels.

The antagonistic feelings of the people of Leon and its vicinity and those of Managua date from away back. They are founded upon old jealousies, having religion as their basis and more modern ideas, on the other hand, as their excuse.

Unhappily for President Zelaya a large consignment of modern arms and artillery, purchased in Germany, which arrived here shortly after the occupation of Corinto by the British, and which, at one time, it was feared would fall into the hands of the British Admiral, have, owing to political intrigues, found their way to Leon. They are now to be used against the President and his supporters.

The excuse for sending the arms to Leon was that a certain party here was in favor of a dictatorship being declared. It was argued that the modern arms and ammunition should be stored at Leon, where, it was asserted, there was less likelihood of a demonstration for or against the Government.

The Leonists were powerful enough to have their way in this matter and it would seem from the present developments that this was only one feature of a plot to overthrow the government of President Zelaya.

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GOOD ROADS CONVENTION.

Nearly Every County in Arkansas Represented at the Gathering.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Feb. 25.—Nearly every county in the State is represented in the State Good Roads Convention, which convened here this afternoon. The L. A. W. has a strong delegation.

Hunter, 60; Blackburn, 59.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 25.—The Kentucky Legislature took its thirtieth ballot to-day for Senator and still without result. The vote showed Hunter 60; Blackburn 59, scattering 1.

SHADOWED BY DETECTIVES.

Strange Story Told by a New York Traveling Man.

HOUNDED FOR SIXTEEN YEARS

By the Emissaries of a Wealthy Widow of San Francisco Whose Acquaintance He Never Formed.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—The friends of T. H. Haley, who is connected with the Mosler-Bauman Safe Co. at No. 72 Duane street, tell a strange story about the persecution he has suffered at the hands of a wealthy San Francisco widow for the last sixteen years.

Emissaries of this woman, it is said, hound Mr. Haley in the streets. They follow him to his hotel and watch his every movement. Several times, Haley's friends say, he has been tempted to have it out with the detectives on the spot, but has been deterred by the fear of the publicity.

He has traveled all over the world on business and, except on one journey in South Africa, has been followed by the woman or her emissaries. The woman in the case first began her unwelcome attentions in 1881, when he was living in San Francisco. The strangest part of the whole story is that, though he was perfectly aware of her name and social position, Haley never exchanged a word with her. At that time she was a widow, wealthy, and moving in the best circles of San Francisco. Haley first became cognizant of her interest in him through "personals" in the newspapers whose meaning could not be misconstrued. He paid no attention to these until he discovered that they were being reinforced by the efforts of "shadows," who followed him everywhere. He was followed to Australia in 1881 and later to England.

For the last ten years Mr. Haley has resided in or near New York, but in all that time there has never been a day in which he did not receive a reminder that the widow was still maintaining her strange interest in all his movements. He has been shadowed continually in all that time and otherwise annoyed by reading "personals" in the newspapers, the object of which could not be mistaken.

One day, a year or so ago, the widow got into a Broadway car in which he was riding and took a seat beside him. The occurrence nearly took his breath away. He expected that the woman would speak to him, but she did nothing but eye him in a half contemptuous manner. Why he did not demand an explanation he cannot tell. He had never seen her since, but she has not relaxed her attentions. His friends have finally persuaded him to allow publication of the story, which he was at first very reluctant to do, but at last consented, in the hope that he may thereby be relieved of the persecution.

The name of the woman in the case is said by Haley's friends to be Mrs. Bourne, who resided in 1881 on Beacon Hill, San Francisco. It is believed, however, that she is married again. The persecution of Haley is a mystery to all who know him, as he is a quiet man, of regular life, who was supposed to have no enemies.

DETECTIVE AND "CAPPER."

George Granberry's Treachery to the Police Department.

FOSTERED WEST END GAMES.

Chief Harrigan Suspends One of Desmond's Men for Conniving With the Women Gamblers.

Chief Harrigan was surprised when he read in the Post-Dispatch that out in the West End, in the most fashionable residence quarter of the city, a number of poker games were being conducted by women.

He investigated and found it was true.

He investigated further and his surprise turned to fury.

He learned that Detective George Granberry not only knew of the existence of the games, and had not reported them, but had for months devoted much of his time to fostering and protecting them; had acted as a "capper" or "steerer;" had inveigled young men to the hells presided over by the dashing dames, and must have known that the games were as crooked as a ram's horn.

The Chief suspended Granberry Tuesday morning. There is practically no doubt that the suspension will be made permanent.

Granberry has been playing in these games as one of the regulars for at least a year. He was known as a detective by all of the habitues and his presence went far to assure the ladies and their friends that the law would not trouble them.

Chief Harrigan did not know of his subordinate's action until Monday. He had read the Sunday Post-Dispatch containing the expose and determined that the games must go. He meant what he said, but he was not half as serious about it as he was a few hours later when he discovered that one of his own men had been an actual participant in the law-breaking, without even a whisper of it to him.

The sensation caused by the publication in the Post-Dispatch has stirred up hundreds of persons. It set tongues wagging all over town and the result has been that a large share of the gossip reached the Four Courts.

Chief Harrigan was intensely indignant when he heard of Granberry's treachery to the department and immediately ordered that he be sent to headquarters. When he appeared he was suspended and charges will be filed against him. If the Chief remains in the same state of mind that he is now the detective may expect no mercy.

Granberry's part has really been shameful. Not only has he violated his oath of office and betrayed his department, but he has served the purpose of the women in bringing within their clutches suckers and producers from young men of good standing. He occasionally interpolated a grafter for his own purposes, but the ladies did not object particularly, because they knew "George" was their friend.

Granberry is a nice-looking man, who dresses well and has the manners of a gentlemen. He speaks with a marked Southern accent, using good English and is thus enabled to ingratiate himself into the good opinion of men who ordinarily would not care for the companionship of policemen.

He has always been more or less of a gambler, and has a large acquaintance among the sports. When he met a man who was fond of poker he would get well acquainted and then tell him of the awfully nice crowd of West End ladies who occasionally had a little friendly game and offer to introduce him.

According to this detective capper the rake-off was merely nominal, just to pay for the refreshments, and the ladies, real ladies. Everything was perfectly square and straight, so far as he knew, and so he could jolly almost anyone into taking a chance with such amiable people.

As soon as his victims would discover the character of the females who pulled in the rake-off and the deftness of some of the players in handling the pasteboard, Mr. Granberry would always come to the conclusion that the proprietresses were a crooked lot. Then he would take a fresh start and introduce others. He would, however, forget all about the heavy rake-off and the bottom dealing and would remain in refreshing ignorance until the initiates tumbled.

Then he would see it all again himself and be very much surprised.

This kind of work in a detective who draws so much a month to break up just such games is not regarded as the proper thing. It brings the Police Department down to the level of cappers and runners. It lays Chief Harrigan and Chief Desmond open to the suspicion that they were fully cognizant of what was going on and the open boast of some of the women that they need have no fear of the law molesting them, only gave it the greater weight.

"This sort of thing is just a little worse than some of the notorious New York police are accused of having done," said a citizen. "They took money of the gamekeepers for protection, but the St. Louis Police Department has been furnishing, through Mr. Granberry, not only protection, but an official capper, who could insure all prospective patrons against any police incursions and the danger of a ride in the patrol wagon."

In regard to Detective Granberry's suspension, Chief Harrigan had this to say:

"I had indisputable proof that Granberry had been playing in the game for a long time—at least a year. I sent for him and he confessed to me that such was the case. I had him then write me a detailed report of everything he knew about the games, giving the names of all those who had participated at different times in them. Then I suspended him.

"You can say for me that these games will be broken up if there are policemen enough in St. Louis to raid them. They cannot exist in any part of the city."

WHAT THE LADIES SAY.

Mrs. Barnes Takes It Philosophically, but the Others Are Angry.

A couple of Post-Dispatch reporters Monday afternoon went out to the houses of the game-keepers to feel, figuratively, the pulses of the sporty matrons.

The only denials made were as to cheating by the ladies themselves or to their knowledge that any cheating was being done in the game.

Each one seemed to think there was plenty of crooked work going on in the other houses, but as each one told it her particular game was immaculate.

The principal portion they were not more bad things had not been said about the

others, for their cut-throat games have turned them each against the other.

Mrs. Barnes takes the showing up she received with better grace than any of the others.

She is something of a philosopher. The milk has been spilled and she is not going to do any crying about it. She is simply going to wipe it up and see that no more is spilled.

Mrs. Barnes actually received her visitors with an outstretched hand and her efforts to show that she had no hard feelings were ably seconded by Jack Murphy, who also received some attention in the article.

"We are glad you came up," she said, "because we want to tell you that we're done. Just the minute I saw the Post-Dispatch I made up my mind that the only thing to do was to quit. You can just say in the Post-Dispatch that I've got several boxes of poker checks and a dozen packs of cards for sale to the highest bidder. I'll put them up at auction and get rid of every one of them. Mr. Blossom, who owns the flat, came out and told me this was the only thing for me to do. I'm sure I don't want to get mixed up with the police.

"Now, I'll tell you. I did run a game here with a rake-off, but so far as I know it was on the square. I'm a hard-working woman. I keep boarders, and I ran this little game at night. I made a little money off of the game, but if they will leave me alone I can get along without it.

"Besides I think it's a good time to quit anyway. Tell the Post-Dispatch that I've got $2,000 in the bank and this pair of earrings here cost me $450 on Saturday, so I think I can afford to drop it."

And Mrs. Barnes tenderly touched the shining gems in her ears.

"Of course I'm sorry the thing came out," she continued, "but I knew it would some day. Why there were a hundred people playing here and everybody knew about it. If only all the names had been printed. You all weren't smart at all. There have been judges and Governors out here. The biggest sort of people. If some of the names had ever been found out I don't know what would have happened."

Then Mrs. Barnes turned her attention to some of her rivals.

She is not on good terms with Mrs. Gleason. She said she understood that the latter was to continue her game despite the exposure. Mrs. Barnes is in great fear that she will because she thinks that the police are more liable to get after her for the games that have gone. She has no great desire to go to jail, preferring to keep roomers without poker-playing privileges to such an alternative.

Mrs. Barnes also paid her respects to Mrs. Haines, for whom she does not have a very high opinion. Mrs. Barnes says that when Mrs. Haines came here from Chicago one of the latter's friends named Brockman got her—Mrs. Barnes—to introduce all her players to the newcomer. She also did Mrs. Haines favors and in return for this when she took a hand in Mrs. Haines' game they robbed her of $35. Then she quit playing at that lady's house.

Mrs. Haines is a fine-looking woman, but when the reporters called on her Monday afternoon she gave them what is known in the circle she graces as the marble heart.

She was at the door talking to a visitor. Her little baby daughter stood beside her. She was clad in a pale pink silk wrapper, which clung gracefully to her finely molded figure. Her face grew very pale and her blue eyes got cold and hard when she learned the object of the visit.

"Mrs. Haines," said a reporter, "the Post-Dispatch would like to know if you have any statement to make about your poker game."

"I have nothing to say to reporters from the Post-Dispatch," was the reply. "I will refer you to my brother, Mr. Allen of the Absorene Co., 11 North Broadway."

"Will you say whether or not you propose continuing your game?"

"That's none of your business," she sharply answered, and closed the door.

Mrs. Algea was sullen, but crushed. The door of her house was opened by a burly, red-faced man, who wore slippers. He turned out to be Mr. Jack Stafford.

"Yes," he said, "Mrs. Algea is in. I'll call her."

Having summoned her, he sat down in the parlor to overhear the conversation, which was taking place in the hall.

"There is nothing to be said," Mrs. Algea said, in response to a question. "Enough has already been presented, it seems to me."

"But there never was any cheating at my house. Several persons came to me and wanted to cheat, but I wouldn't allow it. I wouldn't have such people around."

And Mrs. Algea assumed a very virtuous air, while Mr. Jack Stafford, who was ruled off the Latonia track for his connection with the Wild Huntsman ringer case, listened intently.

The rest of Mrs. Algea's remarks consisted of a complaint that certain gentlemen who, she said, had played in the game, had not got their names printed in the Post-Dispatch.

Mrs. Gleason apparently has no desire to be interviewed. Her servant stated that she was not in during the afternoon and in the evening her flat was dark and no one answered the repeated summons at the bell.

Mrs. Taylor is said to be ill with nervous prostration caused by the exposure.

All of the women are disposed to speak bitterly of the unfortunate individual who was induced by a Post-Dispatch man to take him out to some of the games Saturday evening. He had no more idea that the man was a reporter than he did that he was President Cleveland, but he is catching it right and left just the same.

BIDS ON SCHOOL WORK.

Changes in the Plans Made the Contractors Raise Prices.

There were a whole lot of disappointed contractors at the Board of Education building Monday, when the Building Committee met to award contracts for eight new schools.

Only three of the lowest bids came within the appropriations and all the bids came near being returned, as they were when that $20,000 job on the stone contracts was exposed by the Post-Dispatch at the last letting.

Every seat in the board room was taken, mostly by contractors who anxiously awaited the result. John Collins moved that all bids be returned after they had been opened and it was discovered that they were too high.

In spite of the fact that the stone job was knocked out the bids ranged in the neighborhood of $1,000 a room over the previous bids. Architect Kirchner stated that the plans had been changed and improved heating and ventilating apparatus called for, as well as fireproof floors and various other improvements, which raised the cost of construction.

President Brockman said he thought the plans and specifications should again be gone over and the cost reduced. Other members thought it would not be fair to award three contracts coming within the appropriations and cut down the plans and specifications on the others. They were of the opinion that all bids should be returned and a retesting be had.

It was finally decided to award the three schools that came within the appropriations to the lowest bidders, as follows:

Columbia School, having an apportionment of $35,000, was awarded to F. Shinnick & Sons at $32,785.

Washington School, with an apportionment of $5,000, was awarded to J. P. Reichers & Son at $2,875.

Wheatley School, with an apportionment of $13,000, was awarded to F. Shinnick & Sons at $11,000.

Then there was another kick coming. The bids on all of the following schools were referred to the Ways and Means Committee: Michael Britt was lowest bidder on the Benton School, which has an appropriation of $5,000. His bid was $5,234.

On the school for the relief of the Lyon, Garfield and Shepard Schools, for which a lot was bought on Wyoming street, under which there is a big cave and a defective sewer, Tom Mockler was the lowest bidder at $56,650. The appropriation was $41,000.

F. Shinnick & Sons bid $27,100 on the Mount Pleasant School, the appropriation for which was only $12,500, or less than half the amount bid. This was an eye-opener for some of the members of the committee. J. P. Reichers & Son bid $25,988 on the Clifton Heights School, for which only $22,000 had been appropriated.

When the report of the Building Committee comes before the board at its next meeting the whole thing may be knocked out. The bids are nearly all thought to be too high and a new letting may be had.

Kirmess at Exposition to-night. Dances of all nations. Admission 50c.

MARTIN FERGUSON MAKES A SQUEAL.

Wants Over $4,000 From a Bucket Shop.

HE LOST IT IN OPTIONS.

Suit Brought Under the Statutes Against the Traders' Commission Co. and John F. Donovan.

Proprietor Martin Ferguson of the Grand Hotel, corner of Ninth and Chestnut streets, has, in the parlance of the sporting fraternity, "squealed."

He has entered suit against the Traders' Commission Co. and John F. Donovan for $4,730, alleged to have been lost in gambling on puts and calls at their place of business, 315 Pine street.

Mr. Ferguson was at one time Sheriff and at another County Clerk of Butler County, Missouri. He is also the owner of considerable agricultural property in that county. Some years ago he came to St. Louis and took a lease on the Grand Hotel. About three years ago he transferred his lease to a Mr. Wickham and proceeded to enjoy life as a gentleman of leisure, but Wickham met with reverses and about twelve months ago Mr. Ferguson took back the hotel.

Whether the hotel business was not as profitable as it might be or whether Mr. Ferguson had an idea that he could acquire wealth with greater rapidity than by the staid and commonplace serving of meals and renting of rooms is not stated. Suffice to say, however, that Mr. Ferguson began on July 1 last to dabble in grain, provisions and stocks at the bucket shop of the Traders' Commission Co., of which John F. Donovan is the principal stockholder.

The Traders' Commission Co. is located at 315 Pine street and it is stated by habitues of the place that "M. F.," which was Mr. Ferguson's signature to the few winning tickets that he handed in, was one of the most constant traders there. Unlike the others, however, instead of tearing up the losing pink and white tickets in disgust, he saved them all. He could not save his winning tickets, however, as they were handed in to Mr. Donovan's cashier, as receipts for the money paid out. It is stated that the winning tickets were but a small percentage of all the puts and calls that Mr. Ferguson invested in.

Mr. Ferguson's attorneys, Young & Brown, now have all the losing tickets, 175 in all. They represent losses between July 1, 1895, and Jan. 30, 1896, of $4,730.

That Mr. Ferguson was a promiscuous trader is shown by his tickets. They represent purchases of "gas," "pork," "sugar," "wheat," "corn," "oil" and "tobacco." Some of them have been margined as often as twelve times.

After figuring up his heavy losses last Saturday Mr. Ferguson came to the conclusion that he had been bled and consulted Attorneys Young & Brown. They advised him to bring suit for the lost money on the ground that dealing in options is illegal and therefore gambling.

A petition was drawn up setting forth the facts and citing the law, and presented yesterday to the Circuit Court, praying for the recovery of the money which Mr. Ferguson had lost.

The section of the statutes under which the action was brought is 3931, Revised Statutes of 1889.

This section reads:

"All purchases and sales or pretended purchases and sales, or contracts and agreements for the purchase and sale of the shares of stocks and bonds of any corporation or petroleum, provisions, cotton, grain or agricultureal products whatever, either on margin or otherwise, without any intention of receiving and paying for the property so bought, or delivering the property so sold, and all the buying or selling or pretended buying or selling of such property on margins, or on optional delivery, when the party selling the same or offering to sell the same, does not intend to have the full amount of the property on hand or under his control to deliver upon such sale or when the party buying any of such property or offering to buy the same does not intend to actually receive the full amount of the same, if purchased, are hereby declared to be gambling and unlawful, and the same are hereby prohibited."

Section 3936 of the same statute reads:

"All contracts made in violation of this article shall be considered gambling contracts and shall be void."

It is maintained by Mr. Ferguson's attorneys that there was no intention on the part of the Traders' Commission Co. to deliver any of the products on which the puts and calls were sold and that the entire transaction therefore comes under sections 3931 and 3936.

The petition is returnable in the April term of the Circuit Court.

RULED OUT THE POSTAL.

Bucket Shop Wires Cut Out of the Merchants' Exchange.

The Board of Directors of the Merchants' Exchange Monday afternoon resolved that the Postal Telegraph-Cable Co. should "remove from its office on the floor of the Merchants' Exchange, without delay, all telegraph wires or connections to any office or place, public or private, in the city of St. Louis or East St. Louis, except such wires as connect with the office of the company in the lobby of the Exchange or the main office of the company in the Laclede Building."

Manager Christ Dougherty of the Postal Company Tuesday morning caused all private wires to be disconnected. There is not now a private wire to any office or bucket shop from the Exchange.

The directors will not acknowledge it, but it is generally understood that the move was a blow at the bucket shops.

These concerns have kept representatives on the floor of the Exchange and traded by wire for small speculators on the floor, detracting from the legitimate trading in the pit.

President Spencer said: "This is not so much a move against the bucket shops as it is a desire to secure uniformity. Several members of the Exchange had private wires from their offices to the floor of the Exchange and we ordered them removed some time ago. To be fair, we were obliged to order the removal of the semi-private wires of the Postal Co."

There was an unusually large number of messenger boys scurrying in and out of the door of the exchange this morning bearing messages to and from traders who are known to have connection with the bucket shops in the immediate vicinity of the Exchange.

FUR SEAL HERDS.

The Dingley Bill for Their Extermination Passes the House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 25.—The House has passed the Dingley bill to exterminate the Alaskan fur seal herds in case a modus vivendi cannot be concluded for the protection of the seals pending the adoption of proper and effective regulations by the countries interested.

Burned His Roll.

William Merrill had money to burn Monday and it went with a flash. He is a waiter at the Southern. He had $430 in bills in an envelope. In sorting over some letters to burn his moneyed package followed others into the stove. The blunder was not discovered in time to save the money.

Suit for Damages.

Ten thousand dollars is the price set by Albert C. Schuster upon his right hand, which he lost by an accident Oct. 7, last. He sued N. K. Fairbank & Co. Tuesday for that amount.

SAYS CULLOM WILL WIN.

Prophecy of the Man Who Predicted Garfield's Nomination.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 25.—The man who predicted Garfield's nomination and Cleveland's election says that Senator Cullom will be the nominee of the St. Louis convention. This man is Dr. Keiser of Washington and he is a spiritualist. He claims to have foretold all the Presidential nominations for the past twenty-five years. His predictions concerning Garfield's nomination attracted much attention at the time, by the way in which it was fulfilled. While the attention of the whole country was riveted on Grant, Blaine and Sherman in 1880, and no one dreamed of Garfield as a candidate, Dr. Keiser announced that he would be the candidate. He was laughed at, but persisted that he had received a straight tip from the spirit world and that Garfield would be the next President. The doctor predicted the first election of Grover Cleveland and also the second. He has won some reputation in Washington as a prophet and now he says that Senator Cullom is to be the next leader of the Republican party. He called on the Senator in his committee room at the Capitol, saying that he only wanted to see the man he knew was to be the next President. Dr. Keiser is not a crank nor is he seeking notoriety. He is a believer in spiritualism and believes that the revelations coming to him from the spirit world are reliable. He said he had never met Senator Cullom, but would like to see him, because of what had been revealed to him concerning the Senator's future. Senator Cullom laughed when told of the caller and his revelation, but was surprised to meet a very intelligent and pleasant appearing business man who chatted over political affairs for a few moments and then retired, leaving the Senator an invitation to dine with him after he became President. The Senator said he would gladly accept the invitation should the prediction prove true.

OPPOSE A THIRD TERM.

Opinions of Heads of Democratic Committees in Nineteen States.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—The correspondents of a morning paper in twenty important States yesterday asked the Chairmen of Democratic State Committees:

1. Whether, in their judgment, President Cleveland can be nominated for a third term if he wants to be;

2. Whether he can be elected as easily as some other Democrat; and

3. What other names of possible Democratic candidates are now most frequently mentioned in the various States?

The first installment of replies came from chiefs of the regular Democratic organization in nineteen States. Many State Chairmen telegraphed their answers direct.

It appears that a majority of "political experts" oppose a third term; nearly all applaud Whitney; many insist upon a "sound money candidate." The Massachusetts boom for Olney launched last Saturday by Mayor Quincy of Boston is nipped by the Massachusetts Committeeman's opinion that Mr. Olney is out of the question as a candidate.

ILLINOIS A. P. A.

Fight Will Be Made on President Johnson at Peoria.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

PEORIA, Ill., Feb. 25.—The State A. P. A. Convention opened this morning with a large attendance and every promise of a lively scrap from the start. The fight will be against President C. P. Johnson of Springfield for re-election and to secure the method of district and ward organization for Chicago as the only hope of ousting the present management here, with which there is great dissatisfaction. President Johnson's opponents claim that he is too much of a politician and that the divorce proceedings in which he is mixed up by a charge of Dr. Ben. B. Reynolds, makes it inadvisable to re-elect him. He, however, seeks to ask vindication. There is general dissatisfaction with the condition of the order in Chicago. Under the present system the management there is too firmly entrenched to be ousted and so a large delegation is here seeking the establishment of a new system of representation as the only way of getting rid of the politicians who are in control. Preliminary exercises were held this morning and the committees will report this afternoon. The real business of the session will not begin until to-morrow.

COUNTING THEIR VOTES.

Estimates of Strength Made by Reed and McKinley Managers.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 25.—Estimates of strength made by Reed and McKinley managers differ materially. The McKinley men have given out an estimate of his strength on the first ballot. They count 433 votes for him, which is within twenty-four votes of the nomination. This statement was shown to the supporters of Mr. Reed and was laughed at. For Mr. Reed, it is claimed that besides the entire New England delegation he will have votes from nearly every State in the Union except those presenting candidates of their own.

The McKinley people are counting confidently on not more than two ballots. They expect to see the nomination made on the second ballot. On the other hand, the Reed men base their hopes on a prolonged contest. They do not expect to see Mr. Reed nominated until after several ballots. They count particularly on the strength which will come to him from Pennsylvania and New York after Quay and Morton drop out. The estimate of 423 on the first ballot is indorsed by Congressman Grosvenor. It includes 26 from Missouri, 20 from Illinois, 16 from Kansas, 14 from Texas and 16 from Arkansas.

Kentucky Free Coinage Democrats.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 25.—The Kentucky free coinage men are preparing for a vigorous campaign. They are expecting Senator Tillman of South Carolina to start the ball rolling. A dispatch from Washington states that when Tillman was asked whether he would come he answered evasively by replying that he had received a great many invitations to speak, but would first go to St. Louis.

POLITICAL DRIFT.

Terry County (Ill.) Republicans will hold a convention at Pinckneyville, March 16.

Clinton County (Ill.) Republicans have instructed their delegates for John R. Tanner for Governor.

Delegates to the Illinois State Convention will be chosen from Pike County March 21.

Wabash County (Ill.) Republicans will hold a convention at Mount Carmel May 2.

At Alton, April 2, Madison County (Ill.) Republicans will hold their convention.

The Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee has reorganized for active work.

Davies County (Mo.) Democrats will elect delegates to Sedalia at Gallatin April 11.

Pike County (Mo.) Democrats will elect delegates to Sedalia April 13 at Bowling Green.

Green County (Mo.) Republicans have indorsed John P. Tracy for Congress and elected delegates to the Sedalia Congressional Convention.

The Allison Club of Dubuque, Ia., has 2,500 members and is still growing.

Mrs. Norman's Injury Serious.

Mrs. Flossie Norman, who was the victim of the tenement yard scrimmage at 1413 and 1413 North Sixth street, last Sunday, is still at the City Hospital, and her condition is said to be serious. R. L. Norman, her brother-in-law, says that instead of being a co-respondent in the suit of Mrs. Ada Smith for divorce, Mrs. Norman was merely a witness against Mrs. Smith, which accounts for the frequent disturbances in the tenement yard.

Monday Mrs. Norman's husband swore out a warrant against Mrs. Smith and was himself arrested by Detectives Walsh and Tracy before he left the Four Courts. He was held until 9 o'clock Monday night in the attempt to fasten numerous robberies upon him. Meanwhile he was due at the United States Oil Works, where he is employed, at noon, and may have lost his position.

The Merchants' Laundry, 1413 Clark avenue, does family washing for 4 cents per pound.

MORE TROUBLE FOR CZAR REED.

Scheming to Avoid Big Appropriations for Western Rivers.

THE BILL MAY BE POSTPONED

Representatives From the Mississippi Valley States Threaten to Thwart the Speaker's Plans.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 25.—The report is in circulation to-day that the Republican leaders of the House, who are all Reed men, have decided to postpone consideration of the river and harbor bill until the next session of Congress. They are determined to force an early adjournment if possible. To get it they must avoid a fight over appropriation bills. No measure before Congress will cause such a bitter wrangle as the one carrying appropriations for waterways and harbors. To avoid this pitfall therefore, the Reed men, it is authoritatively asserted, have decided to adjourn without making any provision for work on rivers and harbors. Up to this time, the Committee on Rivers and Harbors has not begun formulating its bills. It has heard the claims of the various sections and if untrammeled by Reed, will begin work on the bill early in March. The river and harbor interests demand over forty millions of dollars this year. Mr. Reed some time ago notified the committee that the largest appropriation he would consent to is $10,000,000.

The fortunes of so many new Congressmen are wrapped up in the river and harbor bill that the Speaker is warned in advance of the possible revolt against his dictum, hence the desire of his lieutenants to adjourn, leaving the bill in the air for the next session to wrestle with.

This rumor, which seems well founded, of the plan to adjourn without passing a river and harbor bills has aroused the Congressmen from States like Missouri, Illinois, Ohio, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas, and if opportunity is afforded of fighting the proposition, Speaker Reed will find he has aroused a hornet's nest.

Mr. Clark of Missouri, member of the River and Harbor Committee, has been in rebellion for some time against Reed's policy of cutting off appropriations. He is backed by a strong faction, but Mr. Reed, through the combine, can control the House.

BARTHOLDT'S NEW BILL.

It Is Designed to Take the Place of Other Immigration Measures.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 25.—Representative Bartholdt of St. Louis, Chairman of the Immigration Committee, will prepare a bill that is expected to take the place of all immigration bills now before the committee. His measure will include many points included in the Stone educational test bills, and its general intent is to make more strict the existing law.

Mr. Bartholdt and the committee returned from New York this morning, where they investigated the immigration conditions of Ellis Island. The committee gave a hearing before the New York Maritime Association, and the principal address was made by Gustave H. Schwab, who argued against the Stone and the educational bills. He claimed that the existing law excludes all illiterate and undesirable persons and only needs to be enforced.

The Commissioner of Ellis Island stated that, according to statistics, only 3 per cent of the German immigrants are undesirable. Other nationalities show a greater per cent, the Italians being the largest.

Mr. Barthold thinks the enforcement of the educational test would be difficult and tedious, but that he may be able to find a way out. The Stone bill providing for consular inspection on the other side would be equally difficult to carry into effect.

The Bartholdt bill will be prepared soon after the meeting of the committee on Thursday and will probably be reported favorably by the committee some time in March.

ST. FRANCIS RIVER.

Data for Its Improvement Prepared by Mr. McCulloch.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 25.—Representative McCulloch of Arkansas is preparing data for a project to be presented to the Rivers and Harbors Committee, which has for its object the improvement of a vast stretch of territory in South Missouri and Arkansas. The project is the improvement of the St. Francis River in the two States, the work to consist of a series of locks and dams above the mouth of the river. Mr. McCulloch thinks three locks would be required to run the river in a good channel for 300 miles. This improvement would open up a fine territory which now has no water outlet and would redeem many acres of swamp land.

NOT SIGNED BY CLEVELAND.

But Two Measures Became Laws by the Lapse of Time.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 25.—Two bills have become acts without the President's signature, namely the bill authorizing the Arkansas and Choctaw Railway Co. to operate a railway in the Choctaw Nation, and the bill granting right-of-way to the Brainerd and Northern Minnesota Railway Co. through the Leech Lake and Chippewa Indian reservations, Minnesota.

Texas Quarantine Line.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 25.—Gov. Chas. Culberson of Texas made short work of his mission to Washington. He has convinced Secretary Morton of his mistake in changing the Texas quarantine lines. Just as soon as the order can be made the line will be put back to the points indicated by the Texas Live Stock Commission.

The Governor and his associates will start for home to-night. It only required one conference with the Secretary to bring about the satisfactory adjustment of the splenetic fever lines as suggested by the Governor.

VISITORS IN THE CITY.

T. F. Bonneau, a mine owner of Cripple Creek, Colo., is at the Planters'.

J. Perry Johnson of the United States Revenue Department of Poplar Bluff, Mo., is at the Planters'.

Gen. J. S. Fullerton of Washington, D. C., is at the Lindell.

F. S. Lathrop, a soap manufacturer of Memphis, is at the Lindell.

Judge J. M. Emerson of Ironton, Mo., is at the Lindell.

C. H. Hooker, a clothing manufacturer of New York, is at the Lindell.

F. Mogues of Berlin is at the St. Nicholas.

Henry Booker, the well-known Chicago architect, accompanied by Chas. C. Strobel and B. S. Hooker of Chicago, are at the St. Nicholas.

Ex-Senator A. H. Fears of Warrenton, Mo., is at the Southern.

A. F. N. Athan, a capitalist of Kansas City, Mo., is at the Planters'.

C. F. Regan, a broker of Louisville, Ky., is at the Planters'.

J. Flynn and J. L. Cary, merchants of Des Moines, Ia., are at the Planters'.

A. H. Beare, representing an insurance concern of Hartford, Conn., is at the Southern.

E. H. Ermling of Catskill, N. Y., is at Horse's.

Dr. John I. Biggs of Coulterville, Ill., is at the St. James.

H. A. Sawyer, an attorney of Hillsboro, Ill., is at the Southern.

Col. D. B. Birthright of Sulphur Springs, Tex., is at the Laclede.

Willy Guenther of Gauchan, Saxony, one of the largest dress goods manufacturers in the world, is at the St. Nicholas. He is accompanied by J. W. McIntyre of New York, United States representative of Mr. Guenther. The two are touring the United States for pleasure.

BROADWAY, COR. LOCUST ST.
MERMOD & JACCARD'S.

Only $4.00 for this Solid Silver Brush.

The most remarkable value ever offered.

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
BROADWAY, COR. LOCUST.
Send for Catalog. Free.

HARRY MORGAN WINS BY DEFAULT.

His Dashing Wife Won't Fight His Cross Bill.

THERE IS JOY IN BABYLON.

Trouble and Scandal in High Places Avoided by Mrs. Morgan's Refusal to Fight.

There is joy in Babylon. Harry Morgan will win his divorce suit by default.

The case was called in Judge Klein's court Tuesday before a jammed bar. Outside the railing there was a sprinkling of women whose faces are fairer than their reputations. There was a continual buzz of conversation over the presence of the fair witnesses, the absence of the parties to their suit and a noticeable scarcity of the gentlemen who had been served with subpoenas.

The anxiety of the audience was dispelled when the case was passed until Wednesday morning at the request of Lawyer John D. Johnson for Mr. Morgan.

After the Judge had reset the case Edmonde Garesche, Mrs. Morgan's attorney, filed notice of withdrawal, which means that his client will not be present in court.

She acknowledges by her attorney's act that she has no right to alimony or the custody of her child.

This is a great relief to many prominent men in St. Louis. It is not known whether Mrs. Morgan withdrew of her own volition or under pressure. It is a fact that if the suits were fought the slaughter of fair names in the foremost ranks of society would have been gruesome.

The terrible suspense that has hung over these men for a week has been lifted.

They are glad and the women who profited by their weakness and would have suffered financially had their patrons been socially crucified are glad too.

So there is joy in Babylon over the outcome of the Morgan divorce case.

Harry Morgan will go on the stand Wednesday and tell the story of his marital infelicity. One witness may be called to prove his wife's unfaithfulness. Then the case will go by default and another sore spot in St. Louis society will be covered up forever.

The history of the Morgan divorce litigation is peculiar. The parties were married on Oct. 23, 1886, and lived together until Nov. 17, 1892. On Jan. 23, 1893, Mrs. Morgan filed suit for divorce. According to her petition their six years of married life was anything but a happy period. There were disagreements, bickerings, jealousy, outbreaks of passion that even the arrival of three children could not smooth over.

Mrs. Morgan alleged that her husband was afflicted with what is figuratively known as a champagne taste and a beer income. He liked the society of gay young men, played cards and even frequented the East Side tracks. As he was only a clerk at the Laclede Gas Light Co., his wife said this caused her great apprehension. She added that she had to provide for the household necessities out of her own pocket.

Once she was short of change and while her husband was sleeping she went to his trousers and discovered a $10 bill. She appropriated it. When her husband awoke he found he was short and accused her of taking the money. She says that when she acknowledged it he threw a cup of hot coffee over her. After that he developed a habit of smashing furniture and bric-a-brac.

Then she went to the City of Mexico and, though Mr. Morgan was a total stranger in the place, his wife alleges that he was in the habit of staying out all night.

To these allegations Mr. Morgan replied in a cross-bill, filed April 6, 1893, in which he denied all his wife's allegations and charged that before and subsequent to the filing of her suit she had been unfaithful to him and mentioned the places she frequented.

Now that the plaintiff has withdrawn, the suit will be heard on defendant's cross-bill.

Great Sales proved by the statements of leading druggists everywhere, show that the people have an abiding confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla. Great Cures proved by the voluntary statements of thousands of people, show that Hood's Sarsaparilla has great Power over disease by purifying, enriching and invigorating the blood, upon which health and life depend.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All Druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Scruggs Vandervoort Barney
DRY GOODS CO.
Will Display Choice Selections in

Advance Styles for Early Spring Wear.

SPECIAL VALUES OFFERED THIS WEEK.

CLOAK AND SUIT DEPARTMENT,
Second Floor.
The following lots offered are all this Spring's Latest Productions, and will be found Remarkably Good Values:
100 Crepon Skirts, well made and full 5 yards wide, Regular value $8.00. To-morrow $5.50.
25 Fine French Serge Skirts, all silk lined, actual value $15.00. To-Morrow $10.50.
10 Fine Brocaded Satin Skirts, Choice Patterns, Value $22.50. To-Morrow $16.50.
A large shipment of
LADIES' TAILOR-MADE SUITS,
In all the New Spring Fabrics, All made in the best possible manner and perfect fitting, Commencing at $10.75, $12.50, $16.50, $20.00, $25.00, $30.00, up to $50.00.
Will also open a very handsome line Silk Lined Crepon Skirts, all desirable styles, at $16.00, $20.00, $25.00, up to $50.00.
Fine Brocade Silk and Satin Skirts at $16.50, $18.75, $22.50, $25.00, up to $55.00.

SPRING WRAPS.
Will offer a limited quantity of
FINE IMPORTED SAMPLE WRAPS,
Only one of each, as these cannot be duplicated. We recommend an early inspection.
Will also show some very nobby styles in SPRING JACKETS, In Tan, Covert, Brown, Black and Navy.

Our ROY BICYCLE SUIT
Is decidedly the most practical manufactured to-day. We have now a full line in all desirable fabrics. Also full line of LEGGINGS and SWEATERS.

"THE CLEANER 'TIS, THE COSIER 'TIS,"
WHAT IS HOME WITHOUT
SAPOLIO

DEATHS.

FARRELLY—On the morning of the 25th inst., Thomas F. Farrelly, infant son of Thos. F. and Elizabeth Dougherty Farrelly, aged 17 months 7 days.
Funeral from residence, 4461 West Pine boulevard, Wednesday, 26th inst., at 10:30 o'clock a. m.

KEELTY—On Tuesday, Feb. 25, 1896, at 10:20 a. m., Elizabeth Keelty, beloved wife of Michael Keelty and our dear mother.
MARY KEELTY.
ELLA KEELTY.
AGNES BRINKMANN, Nee Keelty.
Due notice of funeral will be given.

MOEHLMANN—On Monday, Feb. 24, 1896, at 3:30 a. m., Fred W. Moehlmann, beloved husband of Anna Moehlmann, nee Bruening, aged 32 years, 5 months and 10 days.
Funeral from the family residence, No. 2225 McNair avenue, on Wednesday, Feb. 26, at 1:30 p. m. Friends are respectfully invited to attend.

NIEHAUS—Ella Niehaus, my beloved daughter, and our dear sister, after a short illness, Monday night, at 12 p. m., Feb. 24.
Funeral from family residence, 1842 Cass avenue, Thursday, Feb. 27, at 2 p. m. Interment private.

OTTO—Sylvester Otto, dearly beloved son of Julius and Mary Otto (nee Byrnes), on Feb. 24, at 7 p. m., after a short illness, aged 1 year 1 month and 6 days.
Funeral from family residence, 1217 Merchant street, Wednesday, Feb. 26, at 2 p. m., to Calvary Cemetery.

BENEFIT INSURANCE DECISION

A. O. U. W. Sick and Death Claims Not Both Allowable.

The St. Louis Court of Appeals handed down an opinion Tuesday morning materially affecting beneficiary insurance in this State.

The suit was that of Jennie Curtin, widow of Michael Curtin, against the Grand Lodge of Missouri, A. O. U. W. Curtin was a member of the order and as such held a benefit certificate therein for $2,000, payable to his wife. He died in November, 1894, and the Grand Lodge refused to pay the policy because Curtin had defaulted on three monthly payments before his death.

The decision hinges on the point whether Curtin is entitled to claim both the sickness and death benefits in his policy. He was taken sick in March, 1894, and was never able to resume work before his death. Being poor he was unable to keep up payments, but claimed exemption under his sickness benefit clause. Then on his death his wife sued for the full amount. She got judgment in the Circuit Court at Clayton and the Grand Lodge appealed the case.

The Court of Appeals reversed the case on the ground that, while Curtin was entitled to either benefit, he was not entitled to both; that since his sickness resulted in death he could scarcely claim the sick benefit and should have kept up his payments. In its decision the Court of Appeals takes a fall out of the A. O. U. W. by-laws, saying that "they are seemingly a senseless jumble of two propositions measurably independent of each other—the rights of a sick fund beneficiary, and those of a death fund beneficiary."

Marriage Licenses.

Frederic Sautter	1334 Merchant st
Kate Portner	2026 N. 19th st
Marcus Stolberg	1310 Franklin av
Rose Obstalecker	1310 Franklin av
Benj. Schneider	1315 Carr st
Ida Goldman	1315 Carr st
Henry F. Schulz	213 N. 18th st
Lou Cooper	213 N. 18th st
John A. Thompson	1812 N. Broadway
Maude Loyd	1812 N. Broadway
George A. Arras	709 S. 4th st
Ottilie Altenhof	711 S. Broadway
Richard Lisse	3422 N. 20th st
Emma Schlageter	3411 N. Broadway
Louis Harrison	2707 Washington av
Carrie Gilbert	2107 Washington av
Chas. Matey	1117 N. 16th st
Mary Malley	2020 Minnesota av
Joseph Gillingham	2754 Chouteau av
Annie Cook	810 Josephine st
Henry J. Harrison	Chicago, Ill
Lizzie Davis	Mansfield, Ill
Chas. A. Bowerman	1808 Division st
Lena Bieber	1121 Semmes pl

WEDDING RINGS (Ours solid gold, 1896). MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO., BROADWAY, COR. LOCUST.
Wedding Stationery, finest quality.

$4 HARRIS SHOE 520 PINE ST.

A WOMAN'S PITIFUL STORY.

Husband and Two Sons Charged With Outrageous Brutality.

Judge Stevenson will have to decide a peculiar disturbance of the peace case on Wednesday morning. It was called Tuesday, but was continued one day.

John Zatonski is charged with disturbing the peace of his wife, Josephine, on Feb. 15, but this charge covers several others on different dates. Mrs. Zatonski was seen Tuesday morning and told, through an interpreter, a story of weeks of brutal treatment at the hands of her husband and her sons, Tony, aged 26, and Alexander, aged 20.

Mr. and Mrs. Zatonski were married in Poland some thirty years ago and came to America about six years ago. After living in the country three years they moved to St. Louis and a little house at 216 O'Fallon street was purchased. The wife put up $700 and her husband $300.

All went well up to a few weeks ago, when the husband ran his wife out of the house and tried to get possession of all the property. Mrs. Zatonski charges that her sons tied her up with ropes while her husband beat her, and then refused to let her have anything to eat.

Mrs. Zatonski went to live with some of the neighbors, but on Feb. 18 she went to her husband and asked for something to eat. He replied by knocking her down and badly beating her. She is 56 years old and the beating she received from him laid her up for several days. When she was able to go up Zatonski was arrested and when the case was called in the Second District Court a large number of neighbors were hand to testify in her behalf.

Zatonski, through his attorney, denies his wife's story and says she was drunk.

Attempted Wife Murder.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

SHESTON, Mo., Feb. 25.—Jno. Racker attempted the murder of his wife during a family quarrel last night.

Look at the people you pass on the street. Their faces tell the story of their lives. They tell the story of penury or plenty, of refinement or coarseness, of health or disease.

Three-fourths of these people are not "exactly well." They are not all "sick," perhaps, but many of them are, and few are quite hale and hearty. Consumption has set its stamp of pallor and emaciation on many of them. Dyspepsia has drawn lines of fretfulness and worry about their eyes, and mouths. Impure blood is showing itself in blotches and pimples. One man has "a little trouble" with his kidneys. Some of the women have chronic constipation, and the other ills that constipation brings. The most pitiful of all faces is the consumptive one. Very likely it has been through the other stages and has at previous times shown dyspepsia, sallowness and bad blood. Consumption doesn't come all at once. It is a creeping disease. It comes on gradually under cover of a hundred differing symptoms. It is the most dreadful of all diseases, but it can be cured if you begin in time. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will cure it. It will cure all the things that lead to consumption. It is not guaranteed to cure consumption of long standing. There is a stage at which consumption is incurable.

If you send 21 cts. to cover postage and wrapping only, we will send free a book of 1000 pages that tells exactly what "Golden Medical Discovery" will do—what it has done in hundreds of cases. Dr. Pierce's Dispensary, Buffalo, N. Y.

BOTH COMING AND GOING.

How Some School Directors Think They Have a Cinch.

THE TOUGH WARDS FIXED.

If the Machinery Does Not Elect the Men Wanted the Validity of the Election to Be Attacked.

There is said to be a movement on foot to knock out the School Board election in the event of the defeat of certain parties. The scheme is said by parties who favor it to be nothing more nor less than to declare that the coming election is not legal and that consequently the directors elected have no right to sit.

This will not be done until after the election and it is known who the successful candidates are. And even then no effort will be made to have the election set aside unless friends of the promotors of the scheme fail to be elected.

The Supreme Court recently held that the board must hold an election, but as a matter of course did not pass upon the legality of such an election, that question being a rule of every court not to pass upon any more than is absolutely necessary.

When the board passed the election last November there were certain members whose terms expired in 1895 who wanted to hold over. After a caucus it was decided not to hold an election if possible and Attorney Charles Stark was called in. Mr. Stark is onto his job and in due time his written opinion was rendered. It was to the effect that an election could not be held and of course that settled it.

The reasons set forth by the attorney were that the new election law did not provide for the registration of voters in time for the election and that the old registration could not be used, because that would of necessity disfranchise fully 30 per cent of the voters. After the board got this opinion a majority voted that an election could not be held and prepared to take things easy.

Soon after this the Supreme Court decision came along and knocked the plans of the board silly. Attorney Stark's opinion was found to be worthless paper and the points he raised were entirely ignored. The Supreme Court said nothing about whether an election would be legal; it simply said the law says there shall be held, and the board has no discretion in the matter.

While all this was going on and for some weeks after the powers that be were revolving scheme after scheme in their heads. Some of them were particularly anxious to get into the board and tried to get up their fences, but failed. The next best thing was to get their friends into the board and with that end in view the Election Committee was selected. And the selection of judges and clerks was made in accordance with this plan. For all of the downright tough wards where ballot-box stuffing, tally-sheet forgeries, repeating and general crookedness have characterized the elections in the past the same plug uglies and tricksters have been appointed to help out with the work.

The suggestions of the Republican Committee were entirely ignored. Each party is entitled to representation, but in the wards that candidates for re-election wished to carry suggestions from both parties were turned down and only such men as would do the bidding of candidates were selected.

Alex Cudmore is one of the men who want to get back. He is in the Ninth District, comprising the Fifteenth and Seventeenth Wards. Here is the list of Judges and Clerks in the Seventeenth Ward:

Eighty-eighth Precinct—James Sullivan, 908 North Thirteenth street, C. A. Goodwin, 908 North Thirteenth street, judges; Fred Schnell, 1209 Franklin avenue, clerk.

Eighty-ninth Precinct—Louis C. Robins, 1100 O'Fallon street, John Heffernan, 1100 O'Fallon street, judges; Frank A. Mulligan, 1121 North Eleventh street, clerk.

Ninetieth Precinct—Jeremiah Reardon, 1224 North Fourteenth street, Dan Loughlin, 1224 North Fourteenth street, judges; Otto R. Willig, 1008 North Thirteenth street, clerk.

Ninety-first Precinct—John Geraghty, 1319 Franklin avenue, Hugh J. McGuire, 1425 Morgan street, judges; Mathew Franz, 1405 Franklin avenue, clerk.

Ninety-second Precinct—John Hesel, 1632 Franklin avenue, Emil Julius, 1736 Franklin avenue, judges; Patrick Keane, 1507 Morgan street, clerk.

Ninety-third Precinct—George P. Pfsalsgraf, 1011 North Seventeenth street, Thomas H. Gamble, 922 North Sixteenth street, judges; Michael Grady, 1627 Franklin avenue, clerk.

Going straight through the list these facts have been learned: If either Sullivan or Goodwin live at the number given they have moved there so recently that nobody knows them. Neighbors have only seen one man around. Mrs. Lizzie Block, a dressmaker, and her grown son live there. Fred Schnell does not live at 1209 Franklin avenue. He moved six months ago and now lives near Seventeenth and Cass avenue.

John Heffernan, a judge in the Eighty-ninth Precinct, does not live at 1100 O'Fallon street. Louis C. Robbins, the other judge, lives there, and he says Heffernan does not live with him. Frank A. Mulligan, a clerk in the same precinct, moved from the number given six months ago. His address is given as 1216 Blair avenue. And Jeremiah Reardon doesn't live at 1224 North Fourteenth street. Neither does Dan Loughlin, as far as anybody knows. John Geraghty and H. J. Maguire, judges in the Ninety-first Precinct, have fake addresses credited to them. Neither is a resident of the precinct.

George Pfalsgraf, 1011 North Seventeenth street, is a judge in the Ninety-third Precinct. He has been in Chicago since the last at 922 North Sixteenth street two weeks ago He is not employed, so far as the landlady knows. Tom Gamble, another judge, arrived at 922 North Sixteenth street, two weeks ago. Nobody about the place admits knowing him. Mike Grady, a clerk in the same precinct, moved from 1627 Franklin avenue three months ago.

These are a few of the men who have been selected to secure the election of men to direct the St. Louis public schools. Director Jack Sheehan, who is responsible for their selection, treats the matter lightly and says they are all good men, so far as he knows. A meeting of the voters in the district was held at Stolle's Hall, Thirteenth and Biddle streets, Monday night, to protest against such men serving as judges and clerks.

And if this kind of work fails to encompass the election of the men who are so anxious to sacrifice themselves on the altar of public duty, purely for the good of the free school system of this great city, it is said one or more of their friends who did not make the race will refuse to give up their seats on the ground that the election could not be legally held. This will make it incumbent upon the rightfully elected candidates to bring an action to oust them. This would bring the question of whether the election was valid squarely before the courts for settlement and might make it possible for the objectionable directors to hang on a while longer.

Franklin Ferriss, one of the attorneys who went before the Supreme Court to urge the holding of the election, when seen by a Post-Dispatch reporter, said he had heard that certain members of the Board would like to remain in office. None of those who are making the race for re-election could consistently claim that the election was not legal, he said, but any of the members whose terms are out and who are not candidates could refuse to vacate the office and then the courts would have to decide. He had heard that such a move was contemplated.

When asked if he thought such tactics would make it possible for members whose terms are out to hold on, Mr. Ferriss said: "I hardly think so. When the School Board attorney rendered his opinion that an election would be illegal and hence should not be held, he urged that the heavy disfranchisement of voters would make it invalid. The court ignored the question of the validity or invalidity of the election and decided that an election should be held. The Supreme Court had before it all the facts setting forth the claim of the illegality of such an election that would be brought forward if the case were to come up again and yet ordered an election held.

"If it had been apparent that the election would be invalid and that the court would eventually be called upon to decide that question, it would very likely not have ordered an election. In other words, the Supreme Court would hardly order an illegal election held.

"It is not material how large a per cent of voters are disfranchised. Thirty per cent does not make an election any more illegal than if only 5 per cent were disfranchised, and there has not been an election held in recent years in which at least 5 per cent of the electors were not barred from voting. The right to vote is not a natural right; it is conferred by the State, which does not permit women or minors to vote. The State provides the machinery for elections and, as in this case, if the machinery is not adequate it cannot be said that it invalidates the election."

TRIALS OF LIFE OVER.

Death Under Distressing Circumstances of Mrs. Libby Walker.

"Please, sir, won't you buy something from me? Toilet soap, lead pencils or shoe blacking? I have not always had to peddle for a living."

If a bent little woman, clad in shabby-genteel garments, her wrinkled face bearing the marks of fortune's reverses, has come into your room in one of the large downtown office buildings, or your store, and thus addressed you, then you know the central figure of this story. She will never again annoy you with her pathetic importunity—for she is dead.

For the past four or five months Mrs. Libby Walker has lived alone in a little cuddy-room on the third floor of 910 Franklin avenue. The old woman, for she was past 50, eked out a scanty existence by peddling a few articles, which she carried in a small valise. A dingy black dress and rusty mourning bonnet constituted her everyday attire. She had little to do with her neighbors and rather held herself aloof. At times she would unbend and let her talk run on about the days when she was surrounded by luxury; but those occasions were rare.

Thus what little is known about her was learned. She was the daughter of a merchant prominent in ante-bellum days when the river was the great artery of commerce. She married Capt. Walker, a river man, years ago. She had a little property left, but it gradually dwindled away, until now nothing is left except a little furniture stored at Dunn's on Franklin avenue. For the past few months the neighbors have begun to think that the old lady's mind showed signs of weakening under the strain of hopeless poverty.

About 11 o'clock Monday a boarder in the house had occasion to enter Mrs. Walker's room and discovered her stretched on the meagerly appointed bed. Help was summoned, but all efforts to rouse her failed. An ambulance conveyed her to the City Hospital, where she died at 9:40 p. m., without regaining consciousness. Poverty had done its work.

The peculiar old lady left no instructions as to what disposition should be made of her little property, nor did she ever refer to any relative except one, to whom she referred as "Uncle Sam," and who is supposed to be employed downtown. Potter's field will probably be her resting place if no relative appears to claim her body.

HAMMER AND KNUCKS.

How Billy Watkins Knocked Out Ben Meyer.

"Blind Billy" Watkins, 70 years old, and very small, sallied into a burly individual named Ben Meyer early Tuesday morning and with a pair of brass knuckles and a hammer severely worsted Meyer. Watkins is proprietor of the Hotel Watkins at 18 North Ninth street. He is called "Blind Billy" because he is totally blind. Billy is sweet on a Mrs. Sadie Lang of 123 North Eleventh street. So is Ben Meyer. At 3 o'clock Tuesday morning old man Watkins felt his way to Mrs. Lang's home. Meyer was there and ordered Billy to go chase himself around the block until told that it was daylight. But Billy, who is a veteran of the civil war, was not to be intimidated by one man. He went back to the Hotel Watkins and there procured a pair of brass knucks and a hammer. Then he returned to hold a debate with Meyer. "Billy" rapped on Mrs. Lang's door with the hammer until Meyer came to the door, and then he jumped upon his young rival. The hammer and knucks were used with such accuracy and force that in a couple of minutes Meyer ran bleeding out of the house. Mrs. Lang fled, screaming murder. Officers Finan and Kavanaugh found Billy on Tenth near Market street swearing and beating the lithographs on a sign board. He was arrested.

SOLOMON M. WYMAN DEAD.

He Was the Victim of Asphyxiation by Gas.

Solomon M. Wyman of 2947 Laclede avenue was asphyxiated by gas Monday night in his room. He was found dead at 7 o'clock Tuesday morning by his daughter.

Mr. Wyman retired early Monday night. He was suffering with neuralgia. In his room he had a little gas stove. When his daughter went to arouse him she opened the door and was met by a great volume of gas which almost choked her.

She gave the alarm and investigation showed that Mr. Wyman was dead.

The stop cock to the gas stove was partially turned and it is supposed that Wyman had turned it off and then accidentally turned it on again.

Mr. Wyman was a member of the glove firm of Wyman & Florsheim of 614 Pine street.

Young Couple's Elopement.

Mrs. Kate Oistatcher, the proprietress of a pawn shop at 1810 Franklin avenue, applied to Chief of Detectives Desmond Monday night and reported the disappearance of her 16-year-old daughter, Rose. She said the girl had eloped with Marcus Stolberg, and they had taken with them $150 of her money. Mrs. Oistatcher thinks the couple have gone to Minneapolis, Minn., where young Stolberg's parents reside.

STRENGTH FROM FOOD.

But the Food Must Be Digested.

There is no way to get strong without food. Food is the strength maker.

Just enough food, properly digested, makes the strong and healthy man or woman. Too much, too little, or even the right quantity, not digested, will make anybody weak.

The beginning of all sickness is weakness. The beginning of all weakness is indigestion. So to keep strong, look after your digestion. That is the most important point of all.

When your food ferments in your stomach and forms gas, causes dizziness, nausea, bad taste, sick headache, full feeling, nervousness, irritability, etc., you have indigestion. You are losing a part of your life. Every hour you are sick causes a loss of strength.

The way to cure it is to take Shaker Digestive Cordial. A few doses will relieve. If you take it long enough you will regain the strength you have lost.

Shaker Digestive Cordial is made from herbs and plants by the Shakers of Mount Lebanon. It contains very strong digestive tonic properties. It creates strength. It makes your food make you strong and bright and healthy. It clears your complexion and strengthens your body against disease. If you want to get strong and well, try a bottle.

Sold by all druggists at 10, 25, 50 cents and $1.00 a bottle.

WATERLOO FOR GAMBLER TOM.

Walsh Gets a $1,000 Fine and Six Months in the Work-House.

VICTORY FOR THE POLICE.

Jury in Judge Murphy's Court Refuses to Wink at a Flagrant Violation of the Gambling Law.

"Texas" Tom Walsh, the bookmaker, stands a good chance of breaking rocks at the Work-house, as the jury in his case returned a verdict of guilty Tuesday morning, assessing his punishment at six months in the Work-house and a $1,000 fine.

The odds are about 3 to 1 that he will land in Nick Karr's bailiwick, but, as he still has Col. Ed Butler to back him, the prosecution cannot feel sure of their victory until they see him loaded into the black maria and on the way to South St. Louis.

"Texas Tom" is a pretty smooth individual, but it looks a bit now as though he had overreached himself in his wild desire to show Chief Harrigan how little he knows about making cases against gamblers. Of course his attorneys will move for a new trial. Walsh was not in the court-room when the verdict was read, and they hold that as the law requires the defendant's presence, a new trial must be granted.

The case against Walsh was made on a warrant issued last January. The testimony was procured by Detectives Kelly, Scully and Hatton, and Detective Kelly was the State's main witness.

He described his visit to the pool room on Jan. 15 last, shortly after noon. Walsh stated then to Kelly that he had leased a Western Union wire for one year for $7,200 and that he had one line of his own. Kelly described the pool room. Five or six races as New Orleans were posted on the blackboard that day, with from six to twelve entries in each race.

Kelly selected a horse named Nicolini, at 4 to 1 to win, and 2 to 1 for place, and played it. There was a man behind the table making applications out for patrons who were unable to make them out themselves. Witness received a blank application from this man and filled it out.

Kelly identified a yellow paper in the Prosecuting Attorney's hands as the application. The clerk had then filled out another paper, a brown one, and handed it to witness, who took both papers to another window where he handed them in with $5 and received a written receipt. One man went through the formality of sending the telegram over the wire and then handed the yellow paper to another man who tendered the odds from the telegram onto a sheet. The telegram copy was then handed to the paying teller.

Meanwhile the money taken in by the receiving teller was being transferred to the window of the paying of winning tickets after the results were announced. Witness said Tom Walsh was exercising a general supervision. Witness described the manner in which the stages of a race were announced by the telegraph operator.

Witnesses who followed corroborated Kelly and built up such a case that Walsh's claim that he was merely acting as the agent for New Orleans bookmakers could not prevail.

The jury retired at 9 o'clock Monday night and returned their verdict at the opening of court Tuesday morning.

Following is the list of the jury which has settled pool room gambling for the time being: Eugenie Doriot, watch case maker, 113 North Third, residence, 1720 South Ninth; Herman C. Elbrecht, salesman for Lonemeyer & Rutledge, Union Trust Building, residence 1820 Benton; Joseph P. Ellner, shoemaker, 3864 Lincoln; George Eschbacher, cooper, 1458 Madison; George Forsing, clerk St. Louis Transfer Company, Second and Carr, residence 1534 North Sixteenth; Frederick Kackovos, clerk Simmons Hardware Company, 900 Washington, residence 2085 Adelaide; Oliver Holmes, real estate agent, Houser Building, residence 3705 Chouteau; Carl H. McClure, sign writer, with Mullen & Hopkins' Printing Co., 114 Olive, residence 4123 Lee place; John G. Manning, notary public, 1138 North Broadway, residence 1516 North Eleventh; John H. Meeks, conductor Citizens' Railway Co., residence 3834 Easton; John P. Mueller, gardener, 8873 North Broadway; Ferdinand E. Schlicting, salesman Simmons Hardware Co., 900 Washington, residence 3721 North Twentieth.

The police have had a hard time with Walsh. He cropped up first after "Papa" Harris succeeded in beating the police with his telegraph pool-room in the Van Studdiford Hotel. The police got a warrant and raided his place, but, through Judge Murphy's good offices, Prosecuting Attorney Mulvihill entered a nolle prosse, the court having expressed himself of the belief that no case could be made.

Then, at the instigation of Harris' attorneys, Judge Murphy ordered the case redocketed. Walsh's lawyers indulged in a great lot of technical motions and used every possible method to delay a trial of the issue, but every means was finally exhausted, and the case was forced to trial.

Meantime, however, Walsh kept his room open, defying the police. Chief Harrigan went on raiding him, however, and there are now several warrants pending against him. Each day that he kept open constituted a separate offense.

The information on which the conviction was secured charged Walsh with being the custodian and depository for hire of money wagered; with keeping a room for the purpose of recording bets and with exhibiting gambling devices. He was found guilty on the last two counts.

Walsh confidently expected an acquittal. In case the new trial is denied an appeal will be taken.

Tom Walsh was found by a Post-Dispatch reporter in his pool-room, 208½ North Eighth street. The doors were all locked and Walsh stated that they will be kept locked for awhile at least.

"I have taken an appeal," said Walsh, "and expect to get a reversal from the Supreme Court. A lot of evidence was given that I am advised by my lawyers was inadmissable, but which was admitted. Then those jurors did not know anything about this business. They didn't know the difference between this establishment and an ordinary pool-room."

"What will be the effect of this case on gambling in St. Louis?"

"I don't know. I can't speak for anybody but myself. I'll see how this thing comes out."

A NARROW ESCAPE.

An Electric Car on the Houseman Line Runs Away.

There came near being a frightful disaster Sunday evening on the Houseman Electric Line between Meramec Highlands and Webster. A crowded car was running down a long hill on the road's single track, when the brake failed to work. The speed became tremendous and the car bounded past the switch, where it should have been sidetracked to await the passage of the car going in the other direction.

Just at the foot of the hill is a curve and around this the other car was coming. The motorneer reversed his current and by this time the rear brake on the runaway car was reached so that it was stopped.

Collision was avoided by but a few feet.

Kirmess at Exposition to-night. Dances of all nations. Admission 50c.

GRAND BARGAINS. GREAT REDUCTIONS

ONLY 3 DAYS MORE AT

The Carlsbad Store

720 Olive Street.

HIGH-CLASS GENUINE

Bohemian Glassware.

To Prevent Packing We Sell Far Below Cost.

DON'T MISS SUCH A CHANCE.

TARIFF DEAD AS A DOOR NAIL.

The Senate Declines to Take Up the House Bill.

22 YEAS TO 33 NAYS THE VOTE

Sharp Tilt Over the Fate of the Measure Between Morrill and Teller.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Mr. Morrill, Chairman of the Finance Committee, moved the Senate to-day that the tariff bill be taken up. He spoke briefly, urging that the needs of the Treasury and of business demanded action. On the roll-call Mr. Morrill's motion was defeated. Yeas 22, nays 33.

After the vote had been announced on the defeat of Mr. Morrill's motion, a sensational colloquy occurred between Mr. Morrill, Mr. Teller and Mr. Sherman. Mr. Morrill said the tariff bill was dead, and he added that it was now shown that there was no Republican majority in the Senate.

Mr. Teller responded with intense feeling. He declared that he and his silver Republican associates could not be read out of the Republican party. Mr. Sherman followed with a severe arraignment of the inaction of Congress, saying it was a crime against the country and against civilization. He declared that he would continue to urge action on that tariff bill.

Mr. Frye (Rep.) of Maine took the floor to declare that the tariff bill was as dead as Julius Caesar. Business interests demanded that the statement be made emphatically that the bill was dead. He hoped it would never be heard from again and that the responsibility should rest where it belonged.

The vote on Morrill's motion to take up the bill was as follows: Yeas: Republicans—Aldrich, Allison, Baker, Brown, Burrows, Cameron, Clark, Cullom, Davis, Gear, Hale, Hansbrough, Hawley, Lodge, Mitchell (Ore.), Morrill, Nelson, Perkins, Proctor, Quay, Sherman, Shoup—22.

Nays: Republicans—Cannon, Carter, Dubois, Mantel and Teller—5. Democrats—Bacon, Bate, Berry, Caffery, Call, Chilton, Cockrell, George, Gordon, Gray, Harris, Hill, Lindsay, Martin, Morgan, Palmer, Pasco, Roach, Turpie, Vest, Walthall, White—22. Populists—Allen, Butler, Jones (Nev.), Kyle, Peffer and Stewart—6. Total, 33.

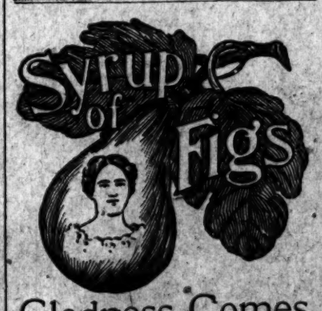
LOOK OUT FOR DUST!

The Street Sprinkling Fund Is in Need of Replenishment.

Superintendent Besch of the Street Sprinkling Department finds that he is badly cramped for money. There remains but $700 of his appropriation to last till the 15th of March. If no rain falls this amount of money will keep the streets sprinkled two and a half days.

"We will need $1,000 more," said Mr. Besch, "and if the nice weather keeps up we will have to go to the Municipal Assembly and ask for it.

"March is the very worst month in the whole year. It is the season of high winds and unless it rains the city will be in a bad fix. In former years we have had $7,000 to $9,000 for sprinkling purposes between December 1 and March 15, and it was all used up. This year the assembly got economical and cut us down. The winter has been a very open one, and now the citizens will have to suffer."



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

AS TO CAPT. YOUNG.

He Will Certainly Not Be Reinstated This Afternoon.

Capt. William Young will not be reinstated at a meeting of the Police Board to-day. The main reason for this is that there will probably be no meeting of the board to-day. But even if there should be Capt. Young will not be reinstated.

This statement is based on authority that is absolutely reliable. The Post-Dispatch's informant did not say that Capt. Young would not be put back in the police service with his former rank and emoluments at some subsequent meeting of the board.

This question is left open to conjecture, and will probably be finally settled within a month satisfactorily to Capt. Young and his friends, as well as guaranteeing the highest efficiency of the police service.

When the Post-Dispatch reporter called on the members of the board Tuesday morning those seen were entirely non-committal on the Young matter. Commissioner Forster declared that too much wild conjecture had already been indulged by the newspapers and for his part he was tired of the whole business. He would not discuss any phase of the Young case, and doubted very much that a meeting of the board would be held this afternoon.

"I will call up Bannerman and Lee by telephone directly and see if there is any necessity for a meeting to-day," said Dr. Forster. "I don't believe any trials or other business of importance are pending, and as we are all very busy men I don't see why we should waste several hours over trivialities."

Commissioner Lee talked exactly as did Dr. Forster. He had nothing to say about the reinstatement of Capt. Young, and laughed uproariously at the dogmatic statements of a morning paper concerning the matter, which a Post-Dispatch reporter read to him.

"That's funny, isn't it?" tittered Mr. Lee when he got his risibilities under control after the reporter had finished reading the tirade.

"I don't think the Board will even meet to-day," he went on, "and if it doesn't meet I don't see how Young can be reinstated. However, I will call Maj. Bannerman up by telephone after awhile and see if he knows of any business demanding a meeting of the Board this afternoon. I know of nothing, and you say Forster doesn't either, so I don't see much likelihood of a meeting."

At noon Maj. Bannerman also told the Post-Dispatch representative that he thought it probable there would be no meeting of the Police Board this afternoon.

"We are all very busy to-day," he said, "and as there appears to be no necessity for a meeting we will probably hold none."

Maj. Bannerman would not discuss the Young matter.

The authority for the statement that if Capt. Young is reinstated at all it will not occur for a month is also responsible for the statement that Gov. Stone will probably defer filling the vacancy in the Police Board the same length of time. The board is getting along very well as at present constituted, says this spokesman for the Governor, the affairs of the department are in excellent shape and, as the politicians and place hunters have harassed the Governor almost beyond endurance over the filling of the vacancy, he will perhaps say "A plague o' all your houses" and ignore the claims and the peevish urgency of everybody concerned.

LIZZIE LEAHY'S FATHER.

His Earnest Desire Is to See Noble Shepard Hanged.

A gray-haired and feeble old man hobbled into the Coroner's office Monday and asked for Coroner Walt. When that official appeared the old man greeted him sadly.

"I'm here on a mission that may appear sorrowful to you," he said, "but to me it is the most intense joy. Everybody around here knows what it is, but quick, I must get to the gallows or I will be too late."

Dr. Walt stared at the old man in amazement. "What do you mean?" asked the Coroner.

"Why, don't you know? I came here to see Noble Shepard hanged. It occurs to-day, I understand. My name is Leahy. I'm the father of Lizzie Leahy, who was murdered by Shepard. Since he killed my daughter I've sworn that she would be avenged and it has been the one ambition of my life to see Shepard hang since making this vow."

Mr. Leahy was told that Shepard's case is now before the Supreme Court, and that the convicted man may not hang before next winter. He came here from his home in Alton, expecting to see Shepard hang Tuesday. Leahy is Past Grand Commander of the G. A. R.

PULLING THEIR LEGS.

Republican Candidates for the School Board Called Upon for $250 Each.

School Board directorships come high. That is they come high to men who depend upon Boss Filley to boost them into such places.

"De Ole Man," through the medium of the Republican City Central Committee, has assessed each of the four candidates for director at large $250, a cool $1,000 in all, for campaign expenses.

This is pulling the legs pretty hard for jobs to which no salary is attached, and some of them made a lively kick, but they are all going to pay it. In one or two cases it might be more proper to say the $250 will be paid for them, for the candidates themselves are said to have refused to pony up and their friends are going to chip in.

JUDGE EDMUNDS' BROTHER

Accidentally Shot While Hunting With F. E. Miltenberger.

Bernard C. Edmunds, the younger brother of Judge H. L. Edmunds, is a patient at Dr. Tuholske's private hospital. While out hunting with F. E. Miltenberger, cashier of the Mechanics' National Bank, the gun of the latter was accidentally discharged and four of the shot struck Mr. Edmunds in the face. Dr. Tuholske says none of the shot penetrated deep and his patient will be out in a few days. Mr. Edmunds lives with his wife and two children at 4122A Morgan street.

Colorado Is Booming.

The Wabash has sleepers to Denver without change.

The Beginning of the End of our Great FIRE SALE!

SIEGEL, HILLMAN & CO. BROADWAY & WASHINGTON AVE.

At Sixth and St. Charles Streets.

All Merchandise Is Now on the Main Floor—Easy Shopping—Our Prices Make it Still Easier—All Goods Will Be Slaughtered.

120 pieces China Mulls, Dimities, Lawn, India Linen, worth 30c, at	5c
8-4 Fancy Colored Table Cloths, worth $1.50, at	58c
10-cent Cotton Batts at	3c
Men's Unlaundered Shirts, worth 50c, at	22c
50-cent Ladies' Shirt Waists at	36c
Ladies' $1.25 Wrappers	49c
58-piece Dinner Set, semi porcelain, worth $8.00, at	$3.00
$1.00 Cuspidors at	20c
15c Glass Lemonade Cups	1c
$12.00 Pompadour Velvet Stripe Silk	$4.00
White Figured Taffeta Silks, just the thing for Confirmation Dresses, worth $1.50, at	69c and 79c
$3.00 Silk Velvet, spring shades	98c
Plaid Dress Goods at	5c, 8c, 15c
White Silk Hose for Confirmation, worth $1.75, at	67c
Ladies' Fast Black Hose And up to 89c.	4c
White Kid Gloves at	½ THEIR VALUE

Watch for our Opening at our Former Quarters Early in March.

WITH THE PLAYER-FOLK.

"Paul Allen," the variety actor, has made his exit from the stage of life. John Waldron was his name, and he died in the alcoholic ward of Bellevue Hospital, New York, Monday.

Allen was a member of the famous "Lester and Allen" team, knock-about artists and song and dance men. They were exceedingly popular in vaudeville minstrel circles. Years ago money poured their way in a veritable flood and they first introduced John L. Sullivan to historic fame, paying him $1,000 a week.

Lester died several years ago. Both were always improvident.

Long ago when the team first worked together, and were only making $150 per week Paul Allen was the husband of Louise Montague, later Barnum's $10,000 beauty.

Paul was an inveterate poker-player. One day he sat in a game with a man named Murray, a big New York gambler and bookmaker. Paul lost everything he had. As a last resort he staked Louise against $300 and lost. The gambler took her.

After Allen rose to fame and fortune he was known all over the country as "Mayor of the Ohio River."

For the benefit of those who have read the book in the interim and for the hundreds who could not get in during the last appearance, "Trilby" will play a return engagement at the Olympic the week of March 15. On the evening of Thursday, March 16, Budd Mantz will put on a dress suit and a large smile and sell tickets until there is no more room in the house. It will be Budd's annual benefit. The announcement was made only Sunday night, but the returns are already coming in, and friends of the popular treasurer who want to grace the occasion will have to apply early to secure seats.

The company now playing "Trilby" is somewhat of an improvement over its predecessor. Mr. Wilton Lackaye continues to give his blood curdling rendition of the hypnotic fiend Svengali. Miss Blanche Walsh is Trilby, and a much better Trilby, it is said, than her predecessor. John Glendenning, who plays the Laird, has a real Scotch accent, while Mr. Alfred Hickman is less painful as Little Billee than S. Miller Kent.

Miss Ellen Beach Yaw, soprano, will appear for one night at Music Hall on Tuesday, March 3. She will be assisted by Maximillian Dick, violinist; Georgiella Lacy, pianist, and the New York Philharmonic Club. Miss Yaw is a New York society woman, noted for her beauty and social grace as well as for her great art. She is said to have the greatest range of voice known in the history of music. Her highest note is "E" in altissimo, over half an octave higher than Patti's highest note. Miss Yaw does not travel on her phenomenal range, but on her artistic ability as a dramatic soprano.

The greatest obstacle in the way of bringing here the Dore art collection, now on exhibition at the Art Institute of Chicago, has been removed.

It was stated by a correspondent of the Post-Dispatch that the managers of the collection had been instructed not to bring it to St. Louis.

Mr. Henry Heyman, the director of the Dore gallery, writes to the Post-Dispatch to remove the impression, which he characterizes as erroneous. He says that no such instructions were given or thought of. The collection will remain in Chicago until March 20, and he is undecided whether he will then go elsewhere in the United States or return to London.

The collection has been remarkably successful in Chicago, the daily attendance having reached 13,000 visitors.

An effort is on foot to have the collection brought to St. Louis.

Cripple Creek the New Mecca.

Wabash beats all competitors.

WHITE CROSS HOME.

Work Accomplished by the Association the Past Year.

The White Cross Home Association held its eighth annual meeting Monday at the home, Garrison avenue and Thomas street. The purpose of the association is to rescue the fallen women who desire to reform, and to give them a shelter till they can find employment. During the year thirty-one girls have been admitted and twenty-five infants were born in the home. Of these five were adopted by private families, four were given to Bethesda Home, and two to the Children's Home Society. The others remained with their mothers. The following officers were elected: President, Mrs. H. H. Wagoner; First Vice President, Mrs. W. Culver; Second Vice President, Mrs. M. C. Williams; Third Vice President, Mrs. T. H. Hagerty; Secretary, Mrs. Chas. A. M. Schlierholz; Treasurer, Mrs. Jane P. Moon.

Tubular Chime Hall Clocks.

E. Jaccard Jewelry Co.

Just Received an Elegant Invoice.

Our Prices the Lowest!

REMEMBER,

Olive and Sixth Sts

"Something to crow about"

BattleAx PLUG

The largest piece of good tobacco ever sold for 10 cents and The 5 cent piece is nearly as large as you get of other high grades for 10 cents

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY
THE PULITZER PUBLISHING CO.
Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER.

CHARLES H. JONES,
Editor and Manager.
Office 513 Olive Street.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

BY CARRIER, ST. LOUIS and SUBURBS

Daily and Sunday—Per Week	10 Cents
Daily and Sunday—Per Month	45 Cents
Sunday—Per Month	20 Cents

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Address all communications to
POST-DISPATCH, St. Louis.

Entered at the Post-office at St. Louis as second-class matter.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS.
Business Office.....4204
Editorial Rooms.....4205

THE S. C. Beckwith Special Agency,
Agent Foreign Advertising,
45 Tribune Building, New York.
And 469 The Rookery, Chicago.

2,824
Copies Per Day
Was the
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...OF THE...
Post-Dispatch
LAST
WEEK.....

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

OLYMPIC—Clara Morris.
GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—Northern Lights.
HAVLIN'S—Charles L. Davis.
STANDARD—Fields & Hanson's Drawing Cards.

MATINEES TO-MORROW.
GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—Northern Lights.
OLYMPIC—Clara Morris.

THE FOERSTEL SCANDAL.

The Grand-jury indorses the view of the Foerstel scandal expressed by the Post-Dispatch when Mr. Bishop, at the instance of Circuit Attorney Zachritz, dismissed the case. Its rebuke of the Circuit Attorney is the severest ever administered to a public officer in the State of Missouri, but it was well merited. The administration of justice was never disgraced by a more scandalous proceeding.

In condemning the dismissal of the case, reindicting Foerstel and calling upon the Governor to instruct the Attorney-General to take charge of the prosecution the Grand-jury adopted the only course possible to remove the stain placed upon the State's law administration in this city by Mr. Zachritz. It took the right course to rebuke the Circuit Attorney and to vindicate the law.

Gov. Stone should act promptly on the jury's recommendation. The Attorney-General should act vigorously upon the Governor's instructions. His interference in this case should not be a repetition of the farce enacted in the Ungar and Ziegenhein cases.

A fair trial of Foerstel and a complete exposure of the scandals connected with the robbery of the City Treasury is necessary to the rehabilitation of the administration of criminal law. It is necessary to demonstrate that a political pull is not a shield for crime in St. Louis.

THE STUDENTS' INSURRECTION.

President Jesse and the faculty of the State University have apparently acted with firmness and wisdom in dealing with the so-called students' insurrection, which threatened to destroy the University's work for the remainder of the year.

If the students had grievances which required redress, they went about securing redress in the wrong way. Instead of following legitimate methods of protest and petition they resorted to violence and dictation under threats. In this crisis there was but one thing for the faculty to do, and that was to assert its authority and maintain the discipline of the institution at all hazards. This has been done, the students having been given the choice of submitting to the college authorities or leaving the institution. They must pledge themselves not to move against the authorities except in a legal and orderly manner.

This is a fair pledge and conveys an important lesson to the insurgent students. It teaches them respect for law and order and points out the proper way to obtain redress of grievances under free government.

It is to be hoped that the students will embrace this fair opportunity to set themselves right and, quitting their folly, will get down to work, the object for which they are sent to the University.

BELSHAZZAR FEASTS.

The visit of Secretary Carlisle to New York is marked by three events of special interest and significance to the people whose finances he is managing.

The first event was a conference with the Sound Currency Committee of the New York Chamber of Commerce, called for the purpose of devising a plan to convert the people of the United States to Wall street ideas of finance. As Secretary Carlisle assured his Wall street friends that the Democratic party will be in line, it is to be presumed that he pledged all the power and patronage of the Administration to whip it into line.

The second event was an exclusive dinner with Pierpont Morgan and other financial magnates at the Metropolitan Club, where presumably the pledges of fidelity to mutual interests were renewed over the wine and terrapin.

The third event is a great banquet at the Manhattan Club and a reception to follow, where the representatives of the vast wealth and power of Wall street will rally around their Washington champion and pledge fealty. This banquet is believed to be intended as the formal announcement of Mr. Carlisle's Presidential candidacy as the choice of Wall street.

The late Mr. Blaine was satisfied with one Belshazzar feast at the close of his campaign, but Mr. Carlisle is wiser in his day and generation than Mr. Blaine. He opens his campaign with three. He identifies himself thoroughly with Wall street, so that if he misses the Presidency there will come fat fees when he hangs out his shingle in New York as a corporation lawyer.

Mr. Carlisle is playing Wall street for both ends and the middle.

The growth of the Post-Dispatch's circulation is most gratifying. Last week the average gain over the previous week was 2,824 copies per day. Most of this was in the city of St. Louis. In St. Louis and adjacent suburbs the circulation of the Post-Dispatch nearly equals that of the Globe-Democrat and Republic combined, and is far larger than that of any other St. Louis newspaper.

CONCERNING "PROSCRIPTION."

In an interview in his newspaper last Sunday Mr. D. R. Francis is quoted as speaking bitterly of the "self-appointed, presumptuous and bigotted proscribers" who, he claims, are attempting to drive him and his faction out of the party fold in Missouri. As this interview shows that Mr. Francis's thoughts are turned toward proscription and proscribers, we commend to his attention the following extract from the Washington correspondence of this morning's Globe-Democrat:

> The line between sound money and free silver Democrats was never drawn more sharply at the White House than it is now. The President is for a declaration at Chicago which shall leave no room to doubt where the Democracy stands on the money question. He never had so little use for silver Democrats. He does not believe in compromise with them in any shape or form. The other day a Democrat of prominence was at the Interior Department to ask about the change that is said to be impending in the governorship of Arizona. Secretary Hoke Smith told the visitor that a successor to Gov. Hughes would be named shortly. The appointment, he thought, would be announced as soon as a satisfactory selection could be made.
>
> "The name of ex-Congressman Franklin, formerly of Missouri and Consul to a Chinese port during Mr. Cleveland's first term, is under consideration," said the Secretary, "but"—and then came the most astonishing part of the interview—"how does Mr. Franklin stand on the silver question? Do you know whether he is a sound money Democrat?"
>
> The Secretary gave the visitor to understand that Mr. Franklin would not be the Governor of Arizona unless he was for sound money. The incident was a trifling one, but it showed the unrelenting attitude of the Administration toward the financial heretics of the party.
>
> There is nothing novel in this incident. It simply illustrates the attitude which an alleged Democratic Administration has maintained towards the majority of the Democratic party for nearly two years. During that time the Administration has shown not only an intention but a determination to proscribe and drive out of the party fold all Democrats who will not abandon their ancient beliefs and march with it into the John Sherman camp.
>
> And the language of the Eastern gold standard organs is in line with the Administration's policy in this respect. Their habitual name for the bimetallists is "cranks," and the ancient Democratic doctrine of bimetallism is rarely referred to by them except as "the silver craze." For more than two years it has been a well understood fact that official favors would be bestowed only upon those Democrats who would forswear all connection with the "free silver heresy." Here in Missouri, where the gold standard Democrats are hardly numerous enough to constitute even a faction, they have controlled all the Federal offices—all the honors and emoluments resulting from party success.
>
> And now, in view of all these indisputable facts, the leader of this would-be faction is heard complaining of "proscription" and anathematizing "proscribers."

When his complaint is analyzed, it is found to be based upon the fear that he and others of his faction will not be permitted to go to the Democratic National Convention as official representatives of Missouri Democracy. He himself does not deny that his faction is a small minority of the Democratic party in Missouri. He would not deny that the majority of his party in Missouri has been "proscribed" by the Administration. He would hardly deny that if the Administrationists were in the majority in Missouri, they would send to Chicago a solid and unanimous delegation to ratify the Administration's policy. Yet, to tickle the ears of his master in the White House, he hurls epithets at Missouri Democrats who have treated his faction with great kindness and leniency, and who have proposed nothing more than to exercise the undoubted rights of a majority.

The Post-Dispatch suggests to Mr. Francis that if his abhorrence of "proscription" is genuine, the Administration and its newspaper press offers an admirable field for his missionary work.

Perhaps the most extraordinary of all the extraordinary proceedings of the School Board is the resolution of Director Collins recommending that the teachers arrange to take public school pupils to see an embalmed whale which an enterprising showman has on exhibition. The ground of the resolution is the scientific value of a view of an embalmed whale to the school children. But if the scientific education of the children requires a view of an embalmed whale, why not of a petrified giant, or a Circassian female, of a ring-tailed monkey, or a sea-serpent? If the scientific education of the children cannot be completed without views of freaks and animals, why not run a menagerie and museum in connection with the schools? It would not be so profitable for enterprising friends of school directors, but it would be more satisfactory to the children and cheaper for the parents.

A Democratic leader is quoted as saying that Cleveland could not get a vote south of the Potomac and Ohio Rivers nor west of the Mississippi. It is very true that Cleveland, even if it were possible for him to get a fourth nomination, would be as dead as any duck that has ever borne testimony to his skill as a Nimrod.

The value of exercise in keeping a man's blood in circulation is pretty well shown in the feat of swimming a quarter of a mile in a lake when the mercury was 14 below zero. The swimmer kept himself so warm by his exertions that he was in no way injuriously affected.

The great prosperity of the Sunday Post-Dispatch is no surprise to any of its enormous list of subscribers and other patrons. The Sunday Post-Dispatch is the pride of the West, and is read far and wide inside and outside the metropolis of the Mississippi.

If every married man were to beat his wife, as Maul did, for telling him he had paid too much for an article he had bought, the whole country would be in an uproar. It is the feminine idea that no man knows a bargain of any sort.

It was a great shame for any Ohio club to blackball the man who prepared so much of Mr. McKinley's tariff bill. Mr. Carnegie, saving his Caledonian nativity, is as proper a person for the Presidency as the Ohio man himself.

If Tom Reed would announce a lecture by himself, subject, "Wm. McKinley," and would promise to say exactly what he thinks, he would draw a crowd such as no other American statesman has ever attracted.

Gen. Weyler should keep in mind that a Spanish soldier may be capitally punished for taking up arms against Cubans as easily as Cubans can be so punished for taking up arms against Spain.

The syndicates and sooners who have seized the Washington gold fields should be promptly driven out. The spread of Pierpontmorganism should be checked in every direction.

If School Directors would go before the Grand-jury and tell all they know, we might learn additional reasons why School Boards should always be carefully chosen.

The Pennsylvania man who was too much frightened to accompany the ghost of his friend to where $250 had been hidden will be scoffed at by all other Pennsylvanians.

One of the Republican local papers speaks of the Republican party of St. Louis as a fine old bird. The idea was doubtless borrowed from Chief Eagle Houston.

Pierpont Morgan's name heads the list of those with whom Secretary Carlisle banqueted in New York Monday night. Mr. Carlisle will never get away from Pierp.

You young gentlemen at Columbia: Just sign that pledge and go on as if nothing unpleasant had happened. It is in every way your interest to do so.

The interests of the children are above all political schemes. There can be no party ties where the welfare of the public schools is at stake.

Louisville has three railroad bridges. The absurdity of a metropolis such as St. Louis depending upon two ought to be clear to Congress.

Cleveland will not compromise with silver and silver will not compromise with Cleveland. Nothing could be more satisfactory.

Unquestionably the currency question is the main issue this year. Politicians may as well make up their minds to this at once.

Carlisle as the favorite son of New York—adopted—might make some headway. He is no longer Kentucky's favorite son.

The voters of Missouri are not prepared to do the Riley Hall act. They want a solid silver delegation at Chicago.

Both schoolmaster and schoolmistress will go abroad when Uncle Filley takes charge of our educational system.

It's a poor tale, truly, if Missouri tailors do not make the uniforms of Missouri mail-carriers.

If the Illinois College boys have added murder to their amusements, it is time school were out.

Some citizen wearing a silver button may yet cut the thread of the McKinley fastening.

The free silver people are stirring in Iowa and will certainly be heard from.

Mr. Zachritz could hardly have expected a bouquet from the Grand-jury.

The Mail Thinks Not.

From the Nevada (Mo.) Mail.

Gov. Francis and his few followers of corporation agents and money changers want these "self-appointed, presumptuous and bigoted" leaders of a "fallacy" to divide with them the fruits of their strength in convention. Will they do it? The Mail thinks not. If Mr. Francis can lead his followers to victory they will be welcome to the success they may attain, but they will reckon unwisely if they count upon silver men choosing gold standard delegates for them.

What Does This Mean?

From the Lexington (Ky.) Observer.

There is an authorized agent of a St. Louis paper in Frankfort now quietly looking into the record of the private life of one J. G. Carlisle while he was Lieutenant-Governor of Kentucky and subsequently, for the purpose of using it as campaign material when he comes to represent the money power of New York in the election this fall.

Dalton's Flop.

From the Hannibal (Mo.) Journal.

If Col. Dalton has not changed his views since '92, then the Journal is free to confess that it was as blind as a bat and deaf as a post during that memorable campaign.

WELL-KNOWN ST. LOUISANS.

W. E. Stephens.

W. E. Stephens was born in Fulton, Mo., in 1850. He began his business career in the Exchange National Bank of Columbia. In 1870 he came to St. Louis and accepted a position with the old Exchange Bank, in which he was a stockholder. In 1877 he embarked in the lithographing business with the August Gast Co. His aptitude for the business soon won for him recognition and he was admitted as a member of the firm. He subsequently withdrew and in 1884 organized the Stephens Lithographing Co., of which for ten years he was President and chief owner. Two years ago this company was succeeded by the firm of W. E. Stephens & Co., of which Mr. Stephens remained at the head. He is also prominently known in Christian work.

MEN OF MARK.

Archbishop O'Reilly of Australia is a first-class typesetter. He learned the business while publishing the West Australian Record, of which he was editor, compositor and business manager.

Frederick Prince, who was formerly center rush in the football team in the University of Georgia, is now fighting in the Cuban insurgent army. He gets $24 a week, and he says the work is not half so exciting and dangerous as foot ball.

George Ebers, the German novelist, is one of the most notable of recent converts to Buddhism. Prof. Ebers is one of the profoundest Orientalists in the world, and his most successful novels are filled with the spirit of Egypt and the East.

Mr. William Woodward Baldwin, who is nominated Third Assistant Secretary of State, is a Harvard graduate of the class of '86. He is a Marylander by birth, but he has been practicing law in New York in the office of William B. Hornblower.

In all the world there is but one man that can read the translation of the Bible into the language of the aborigines, which was made by a Mr. Elliot in what is now Paxton, in 1649. That man is the well-known antiquarian and scholar, Trumbull of Hartford, Conn.

WOMEN OF NOTE.

Mme. Modjeska's ranch in California is one of the most beautiful estates on the Pacific Coast. It comprises 600 acres, and includes a magnificent vineyard.

Miss Martha Elvira Stone has been postmaster at North Oxford, Mass., for forty years. Franklin Pierce was the President who appointed her.

Miss Alice M. Taft of Upton, Mass., has invented an attachment for buttoned shoes. It is so placed that it can be let out or drawn in to suit the wearer's taste.

Lady Llanover, an enthusiastic Welsh woman, whose bardic name was Gwenyen Gwent, the Bee of Monmouthshire, died recently at 94. She spent a great deal of money in fostering Welsh literature, and wore the Welsh beaver hat.

PRETTY FACES IN BIG STORES.

Miss Julia May Clarke.

Miss Julia May Clarke is a striking blonde. She is tall and plump, has laughing blue eyes and golden hair. Miss Clarke attended the Lincoln School. She resides with her mother on the South Side.

LITTLE FUNNY FANCIES.

Chappie: By Jove—that Miss Wilkington's a superb creature. I'll have to get my man to write a sonnet on her.—Harper's Bazar.

"Is it true that she aspires to a better walk in life?" "I guess so. She has been studying Delsarte steady for two years, now."—Detroit Tribune.

"Do you own your own home?" asked the passenger with the yellow diamond, who makes a business of selling real estate. "I do every Thursday," said the other passenger. "Eh—what?" "I own it every Thursday. That's Mary Ann's afternoon out."—Indianapolis Journal.

A Young Republican.—Little Lord Charles: Oh, I'm going to be an omnibus conductor when I grow up. Fair American: But your brother's going to be a duke, isn't he? L. L. C.: Ah, yes; but that's about all he's fit for, you know!—Punch.

COAL COMBINE.

To Increase Profits 20,000 Men and Boys Are Put on "Short Work."

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—The output of coal from the anthracite mines of Pennsylvania has been reduced nearly 40 per cent solely for the purpose of enabling the operators to increase the price to the consumer.

Such was the admission made yesterday by the agents of the Philadelphia & Reading Coal Co., one of the largest concerns in the mining region.

By this action at least 20,000 men and boys have been put on "short work," and their already decreased earnings are proportionately reduced. On the other hand, the agents of the big companies say they intend to raise prices just as soon as they can "feel the market" and see how much of an increase it will stand. They expect to make the first "feel" within ten days, though it has not been definitely decided how much the increase will be or just how soon it will come.

FIGHTING NEAR HAVANA.

Cubans and Spaniards Come to Blows Within Sight of the City.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—A special from Havana says:

Insurgents under Villanueva and Baldomero Accosta had a brisk skirmish with Spanish regulars, civil guards and police near Punta Brava, a village less than ten miles from Havana. This is the first time in weeks that rebels in any considerable number have been so close to the west gates of the capital. The Spanish force surprised the rebels, and after a short but hot engagement put the Cubans to flight. Fifteen prisoners were brought back to Marianao and put in jail.

THE SENATE CRITICISED.

A Havana Journal Incensed at American Sympathy.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—A special from Havana says:

The Diario de la Marina commenting upon the speeches of Mr. Morgan and others in the United States Senate says: "It appears that these gentleman, who pretend to speak in the name of humanity, as well as other United States sympathizers with the Cuban rebels fail to see that it is they who outrage humanity by encouraging hopes which cannot be realized there by prolonging a one sided contest in which the Spanish arms surely will be victorious, and causing great bloodshed. The rebels, exasperated by their failure, commit arson, murder and other crimes, keeping up their anarchistical, unjust struggle against civilization.

"We do not pretend to insinuate that the American Senate is not composed of as prominent and respectable persons now as in the days of Thomas Jefferson, John Quincy Adams, Monroe, Webster and Clay, but it is unquestionable that in past times the Senate never acted with utter disregard of truth and in violation of the courtesy due to a friendly nation which never failed in its duty towards the United States and never has given reason for interrupting cordial relations with that Government. Never before have we had occasion to deplore that the Senate should act in such an irregular manner or that members should be so abusive of Spain as were Senators Lodge, Call, Cameron and Morgan in Thursday's session. Fortunately Mr. Cleveland is surrounded by a cabinet of honest men who do not ignore the traditions of their own Government, who are not disposed to infringe the laws of nations. It is probable, however, that President Cleveland will not be called upon to veto Senate action granting belligerent rights to those who in reality are not belligerent, for the Senate measure would require the concurrence of the House of Representatives before the President would be called on—following the dictates of his honest conscience and his sense of duty—to veto it. Action by the Senate, in fact, means nothing. We ought not to attach any importance to it."

Anniversary Celebration.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—Cuban revolutionary clubs last night celebrated their first anniversary. One year ago yesterday patriotic Cubans took up arms against Spain. The Revolutionary Club held a mass meeting at Chickering Hall. Many of those in attendance were ladies dressed in deep mourning, indicating that relatives or friends had given up their lives to the cause of Cuban freedom.

After the speeches a collection was taken up, and six good-sized baskets were soon filled with American greenbacks.

Lost—15,000 Soldiers.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—A dispatch from Havana says:

There are 15,000 Spanish soldiers missing somewhere in Cuba, and the search for their whereabouts is going on day and night. They are, perhaps, lost only so far as the record is concerned, and may be accounted for in time, but such carelessness, or worse, as may be revealed in the investigation, has upset official circles in Havana to something approaching a state of alarm. The disappearance of the men will ultimately be traced to one of the three causes—death in battle, the number of which has been concealed to hide Spanish losses; details to positions in various parts of the island, of which no record has been kept, or desertions to join the insurgents. It may be that all three causes have contributed to the discrepancy.

Steamer Bermuda Seized.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—The iron steamer Bermuda, flying the British flag, was boarded and seized by revenue officers off Liberty Island late last night. The Bermuda has been under the watch of Spanish spies for some time. She has been anchored off Liberty Island since last Saturday, and yesterday there was evidence that she was preparing for sea. At 11 p. m., just after a large party of Cubans had gone aboard, the revenue cutter Hudson steamed alongside and a boarding party arrested all on the Bermuda. Among the captives were Gen. Garcia's son and several other prominent Cubans. Four bags of gold were seized by the marshals, and a quantity of ammunition.

At midnight the revenue cutter Chandler started down the bay to catch a lighter loaded with ammunition, and to look for another party of Cubans who had started to board the Bermuda.

A GOOD THING AT CHRISTMAS.

From Wiener Caricaturen.

Gertie: You know, Fannie, I am your best friend. That is why I warn you that your beau is making love to me.

Fannie: Well, I don't care if he does from January to the end of November, but around Christmas time I want you to give him back to me.

WOMEN AT HOME

New Trimmings.

Here is a new way of trimming a striped silk gown. Guipure lace is used to form a portion of the bodice, and is also arranged

in loops to simulate a basque. Other big loops of lace fall in epaulet fashion over the sleeves. Big buttons add to the effect.

Renewing Old Dresses.

Whether they will succeed or not is hard to say, but the costumers will make strenuous efforts to introduce trimming on the new skirts. A few Parisian skirts have gore panels with trimmings running up and down beside them. This is an advantage in remodeling an old dress. Two skirts that harmonize may be put together by this means. There is no end to the variety of passementerie and jeweled trimming that can be had to give the refurbished gown an appearance of newness. Speaking of trimming, one can buy set pieces of it for yokes to old waists for about $3 which give a very dressy effect.

Old Newspapers Are Valuable.

It is the wise housekeeper who always has a few old newspapers on hand. When occasion requires she makes one into a stove polisher, and it does excellent work. Layers of newspapers do not come amiss as a lining for carpets. In fact, newspapers make a floor wadding even better than that sold in the stores, because the presence of the ink in the paper is said to exclude moths. Newspapers make a chest protector not to be despised, and for wrapping up winter or summer clothes which are to be packed away they are unequalled.

An Aesthetic Chamber.

A green and white bedroom, with walls of silvery green, has a frieze of white curtains of dotted muslin next the pane, with inside curtains of pale green art muslin patterned with white lilies.

Coffee for Fifty.

One pound of good coffee will make fifty cups first-class. Make with part cold water and stand on back of stove for an hour or two; keep hot and tightly covered; fill in later with hot water; don't put your coffee into a bag. Don't let it boil.

Scotch Cakes.

Two and one-half pounds of brown sugar, one-half pound of butter, one and three-quarter pounds of flour, one pint of molasses, one teaspoonful of soda. Drop from a teaspoon on tins and cool before taking from tins after baked.

The Bangle Reappears.

One of the features of this year's fashion in jewelry is that the bangle has reappeared. But the new bangle is very different from the old. It came into fashion along with the elbow sleeve now so much in vogue and is a flexible affair, comfortable to the arm and entirely unlike the stiff bangle of a few years ago. There are now on view a variety of these new bangles. They consist of a narrow, flexible gold band, set with jewels, alternating with one another. Six to eight gems are used, and the effect is very beautiful.

What Constitutes an Ideal Wife.

A woman who will adapt herself to the surrounding circumstances is one to be placed in high rank. The wife who will brighten the home and cheer her husband and children and attend to their various wants is certainly praiseworthy. When the husband comes home sorely troubled with difficulties the "ideal wife" will smooth his difficulties, attend to his affairs and will be an unselfish, praying and loving wife, obeying and trusting him in all things.

Women in Toasts.

There is no perfect meal without a woman to do the honors of the table. Water is as good as wine, and the following may serve as hints to the father, brother, husband or guest who is able to talk, yet needs a little aid to lift him out of the common rut:

Woman—The sweetest creature the Lord ever made.

Woman—The source of help, happiness and heaven.

Woman—She needs no eulogy; she speaks for herself.

Woman—A creature "nobly planned, to warn, to comfort and command."

Woman—Once there was a woman, sir, and here she is!

Woman—The fairest work of the Great Author; the edition is large, and no man should be without a copy.

Woman—The tyrant we love, the friend we trust.

Woman—God bless her, the queen of all creation.—Baltimore World.

Wearing Glass Gowns.

Probably the most novel material in use for gowns and bonnets is spun glass, a fabric first devised by an Austrian manufacturer, and since taken up by a clever Venetian. A glass gown is a costly luxury, having the doubtful advantage of never wearing out. It may be woven in exceedingly beautiful colors, and the finished material has a shimmer and brilliancy surpassing silk. A similar material, in vogue in Russia, is made from the fibre of a filamentous stone, and is particularly soft and pliable. It has the further remarkable qualification of being made clean by a plunge into fire.

THE DOCTOR'S ADVICE.

Will you please tell me the proportions of the green soap and cologne water for shampooning the hair, also the tonic. I have lost the receipt for them.

1. One part of green soap and two parts of cologne water. 2. Take one dram of tincture of cantharides, two drams of spirit of rosemary, one-half ounce of glycerine and four ounces of bay rum. Apply it once a day and rub it thoroughly into the scalp.

Please give a remedy for a stubborn and very obnoxious ringworm that has grown from the size of a 10-cent piece to as large as a man's hand, and of three years' standing. I have used the following without relief: Iodine, tincture of gales, lemon juice and gunpowder, ink, tobacco and a green ointment prescribed by a physician. My blood is in good condition and am healthy otherwise.

Pure sulphurous (not sulphuric) acid has been used in the treatment of ringworm with excellent results. It should be applied twice a day.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

(The Post-Dispatch does not hold itself responsible for any opinions or statement of facts in these letters. It is a free parliament.)

Removal of Union Market.

To the Editor of The Post-Dispatch.

Seeing a communication in your paper of recent date signed "Citizen," with reference to a new market place, and residing out in the West End, I feel interested, as do many of our people in having a grand central market at a point easily accessible to all parts of the city and country convenient for travel, etc. The spot pointed out by "Citizen" is admirable, and the movement should be indorsed by people from every direction. No better or more suitable place could be obtained than that referred to—about the corner of Laclede and Grand avenue—for a central market.

Looking at this ground in view of its surroundings and connections, and considering the rapid growth of St. Louis, it would certainly be a most eligible selection. Here Forest Park boulevard connects with Grand avenue, street cars run on all sides from every direction, and, as "Citizen" suggests, all other lines would transfer to this point, and the steam railroads would establish a depot convenient, so that everybody could be accommodated.

Our population will soon be 1,000,000, and now we should begin to prepare ourselves and keep pace with all forward movements.

St. Louis should have the largest and grandest market place in the world.

St. Louis, Feb. 23. WEST ENDER.

A Globe-Democrat Fake.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

In to-day's Globe-Democrat I notice an alleged criticism on the Exposition Sunday concert yesterday, which informs the public that "there were only two soloists on the programme yesterday, Miss Louise Froelich and Mr. Otto Hein, and their rendition of a duet from 'Martha' was enthusiastically received."

This sounds rather ridiculous, when the fact becomes known that Miss Froelich did not appear at all, being indisposed. Why don't the Globe-Democrat wake up and quit faking. MUSICIAN.

St. Louis, Feb. 24.

The Church and the Workingman.

To the Editor of The Post-Dispatch.

I want to say a few words in regard to Dr. Tyrrell's address and the manner in which some of the ministers expressed themselves in regard to it. Down deep in their hearts every one of those ministers know that every word of that address was true. I do not exactly blame the ministers, as they think they must uphold the dignity of their churches and not gain the displeasure of their wealthy members. But there is no place for the laboring man and his family in the churches here. They feel out of place in them.

As an illustration, I will give my own experience. I was reared a strict church member) of what denomination does not signify) until I was grown and married and then I came to the city to make my home. My husband was one of those despised beings, a street car conductor. I did not feel like living out of the church, so I joined one of the leading churches here. That has been something over two years ago, and I have been regular in attendance at church, and I believe that out of something like 1,000 members half a dozen of them speak to me when we meet, and they are ones who live near me and know me well. I often have a longing for the old country church, and for the hearty handshake of the minister, and a word of good cheer from the members, to make my burdens seem lighter as I journey on life's pathway. I often think I will never go again to church and then I think God is a just God and judges alike both rich and poor and that it is my duty to Him and my children to bring them up in the church.

Of course I know there are many of the laboring class who do not care to go to church. They feel more at home in a saloon. But there are many who would only too gladly go to church if they could stand the snubs of the wealthier members.

I hope Dr. Tyrrell will not get discouraged, but will keep on until he convinces the ministers and wealthy members of the churches their duty as children of God to the working man and his family to make them feel at home in the house of God.

A CONDUCTOR'S WIFE.

St. Louis, Feb. 25.

Capital Punishment.

To the Editor of The Post-Dispatch.

Referring to the abolishment of capital punishment which tender-footed preachers and philanthropists advocate, it cannot be expected that Jack Ketch, the hangman, should become expert when he has only one hanging about every six months. If justice was done promptly by the courts, there would be a hanging every week and Mr. Ketch would not be so awkward. Mercy to criminals is cruelty to the State and society. READER.

St. Louis, Feb. 24.

Religionists Invade a School Building

To the Editor of The Post-Dispatch.

On this day, the anniversary of the birth of George Washington, the Father of his Country, there took place in one of our public institutions, the Cote Brilliante School, an incident which I know if he were alive to-day he would most heartily condemn, although he was the greatest American of them all. The people had been invited to attend a celebration and flag-raising at the school, but it proved mainly to be for the purpose of denouncing a certain religion and its representatives. You can easily imagine the feelings of the people of that religion who came expecting the meeting to be for the purpose announced, not thinking that their religion was to be denounced, but who, under the circumstances, were almost compelled to listen to such denunciation.

Now, Mr. Editor, I would like to know by what authority the school buildings of this city are permitted to be used for such a purpose, as I was always under the impression that the schools were strictly nonsectarian.

Furthermore, I would like to know by what right a minister was permitted to open the service and lead in prayer, and if a Catholic priest would be allowed in one of the public schools to pray? It seems to me that these people forget that the public schools are the property of all the people, regardless of their religious views.

The action taken on this occasion cannot be too strongly condemned, as the language used would only tend to embitter the feeling between people of different religious belief. Truly a most patriotic undertaking on this which should be the greatest of all American holidays. While I admit these people have a right to their views and a right to express them, they have no right to use one of our public school buildings to express their views and try and increase the membership in their organization. Hoping that you will call the school board to account for having permitted this outrage I am WM. JACKSON.

St. Louis, Feb. 22.

Unending.

From All the Year Round.

There is an end to kisses and to sighs:
There is an end to laughter and to tears,
An end to fair things that delight our eyes,
An end to pleasant sounds that charm our ears,
An end to enmity's foul libeling,
An end to the gracious praise of tender friend;
There is an end to all but one sweet thing—
To love there is no end.

That warrior carved an empire with his sword;
The empire now is but like him—a name;
That statesman spoke, and by a burning word
Kindled a nation's heart into a flame;
Now naught is left but ashes, and we bring
Our homage to new men; to them we bend,
There is an end to all but our sweet thing—
To love there is no end.

All beauty fades away, or else, alas!
Men's eyes grow dim, and they no beauty see;
The glorious shows of nature pass and pass;
Quickly they come, as quickly do they flee;
And he who hears the voice of weakening friend
Hears part the slow, sad farewell of his
There is an end to all but one great thing—
To love there is no end.

GIVE PEACE.
Dr. E. G. Chase.
Sixth and Locust. | Set of teeth, $5.

COUNTERFEIT HALF-DOLLARS.

Charles Davis Shoved Them and Will Answer to the Grand Jury.

For circulating counterfeit half dollars Charles Davis was held in a $500 bond Monday by United States Commissioner Gray to await the action of the Grand-jury, as told in yesterday's six o'clock edition of the Post-Dispatch.

Davis was arrested on the complaint of William Smith, a clerk employed in the grocery store of Louis Gottschammer, at 1910 Benton street. A few days ago Davis went into the store and asked for 5 cents worth of soap for which he tendered a silver half dollar in payment. Smith detected the "phony" and passed it up. Davis then produced quite a bit of small change and paid for the soap.

On the same afternoon he went into the butcher shop of John D. Seebold at Eighteenth and Mullanhpy streets and bought 5 cents worth of sausage. John Pittman, the clerk, accepted a half dollar for his pay and did not learn it was counterfeit until after Davis had departed.

A number of other tradesmen in the neighborhood testified to similar transactions in which bogus half dollars figured.

Davis was convicted about a year ago on the charge of circulating bad money and was given a six months' jail sentence.

THE DUMB MAN TALKED.

But He Did So Only Under Great Provocation.

The spring weather brought a burning thirst on Wm. McRass Monday. He had no money with which to quench it, but his brain soon devised a way, which McRass speedily put into operation. He visited several saloons in South St. Louis and ordered beer. When the barkeeper demanded money McRass remained silent, and then when pressed with a punch in the back he exhibited a card bearing the words: "I am Deaf and Dumb." This worked all right in several groggeries, but McRass met his Waterloo in Joseph Schremp's saloon, on South Broadway. Here the barkeeper held McRass and expostulated.

"Give me some money for that beer," exclaimed the mixer of drinks with an oath as he tore up the "deaf and dumb" card which McRass handed him.

McRass turned fiercely upon the barkeeper. "Don't cuss me," shouted the deaf and dumb man, and then he began demolishing the saloon fixtures. The barkeeper summoned an officer and McRass was arrested. He was fined $10 in Judge Peabody's court Tuesday.

Multum in Parvo.

Quantity and quality are features of the Post-Dispatch Almanac for 1896. 500 pages, 10,000 facts, 1,000 topics. Thirty pages devoted to St. Louis. It is an unrivaled, unequaled and invaluable encyclopaedic almanac, with a complete summary of information concerning matters statistical, official, political, historical, educational, agricultural; likewise religious facts and general information for office, home and farm. Price 25 cents.

BAPTIST YOUNG PEOPLE.

All Churches May Have Representatives in the Union's Convention.

CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—The executive committee of the Baptist Young People's Union has decided that any young people's society in a Baptist church, or any Baptist church having no such society is entitled to a representative in the International Convention. In making up the programmes they neither invite nor ignore any person on account of race, color or sex.

WHAT GOV. STONE SAYS.

No Conference Yet With the Attorney-General on the Foerstel Case.

The Post-Dispatch wired Gov. Stone, Tuesday, inquiring what action would be taken respecting the request of the Grand-jury that the Attorney-General be retained, instead of Zachritz, to prosecute the Foerstel case under the new indictments returned. This answer was received:

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 25.

Post-Dispatch, St. Louis:

I have not yet conferred with the Attorney-General on the subject. Will take proper action in due time. W. J. STONE.

New Missouri Corporations.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 25.—The Secretary of State to-day chartered the following companies: The Samuelson Paper Co. of St. Louis; capital $10,000; incorporators, A. A. Borden, C. J. Borden and C. S. Wise. The St Louis and Kampsville Packet Co. of St. Louis; capital $6,000; incorporators, Louis Rosche, T. S. Woods and Frank King. The Ennis Stationery Co. of St. Louis; capital $30,000. Incorporators A. F. Hahn, G. T. Dunn, Henry R. Rehme and others. The Western Poultry and Game Co. of St. Louis; capital $4,000. Incorporators, Nat Weisel, W. K. Kavanaugh, Thomas Atkinson and L. R. Wilfley. The Street Sweeping and Loading Machine Co. of St. Louis; capital, $10,000; incorporators, John Dieterick, Chas. Kriatof and C. E. Uxa. The American District Telegraph Co. of Kansas City filed a statement of increase of capital from $30,000 to $100,000.

Through Service

From St. Louis to Baltimore and Washington via the V.-P. Vandalia-Pennsylvania.

Suffering From "Jimjams."

Herman Frevert was arrested at his home, 2203 Dickson street, Monday night while threatening to kill his wife and children. Frevert was brandishing a club and dancing around his wife like a madman. He was taken to the City Dispensary, where Dr. Lippe found that he was suffering from delirium tremens. Frevert was sent to the City Hospital.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething produces natural quiet sleep.

Militia Officers Commissioned.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 25.—Gov. Stone to-day commissioned the following officers of the N. G. M., John T. Hufty, Captain of the Hannibal Rifles, with rank from Feb. 21, 1896, and Robert M. Wilson, Second Lieutenant, Co. C, 1st Infantry, with rank from Jan. 17, 1896.

wear off

The man with the tattoo marks on his skin would be foolish to attempt to wear them off by hard work. The person with a severe cough or cold is about as unwise to attempt to wear that off. This "wear off" idea has cost many a life.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, gives immediate aid by soothing the cough and supplying tonic remedies to the weakened system.

50c. and $1 at all druggists.

FITZ WILL NOT FIGHT CORBETT.

The Lanky Cornishman Knows What's Good for Himself.

SLAVIN'S ABSURD OFFER.

Americans Will Bet Him That He Could Not Put a Glove on Corbett in Six Rounds.

Bob Fitzsimmons's refusal to accept the Bolingbrooke Club's offer of $9,000 for a fight between himself and Corbett confirms the impression among American sporting authorities that he does not care to meet the big Californian. As was announced in Monday's Post-Dispatch, Corbett accepted the offer immediately. Fitz and his party arrived in New Orleans last night and when the lanky Cornishman was told of the English club's offer, he is said to have stated that it was too small and besides Corbett must first get some sort of a reputation before daring to challenge him. Such talk on the part of Fitz is the veriest sort of nonsense, and will have a tendency to increase the lanky fighter's unpopularity with Americans.

The Hot Springs fiasco last fall satisfied nearly everybody that Fitz is afraid of Corbett, and his present attitude, if persisted in, will be worth a world of prestige to Jim. The latter had his money up and was on the spot ready to fight at Hot Springs, while Fitz's side stake had been attached, and the Australian himself was hundreds of miles away. These are the facts that make it evident to the unprejudiced and fair-minded admirers of the sport what a job Corbett is going to have getting Fitz in a ring with him, if he ever does. The Cornishman says Corbett must meet Maher, Choynski and Slavin before he will be able to accommodate him. Of course this would be very pleasant for Fitz, as there would be nothing for him to do in the meantime unless he should fake on "Denver" Ed Smith.

But there is no danger of such a match being made. Like Corbett, Smith is Fitz's master, and no one knows it better than Bob himself. Slavin wants to bet he can stop Corbett in six rounds, at least so a cablegram from London states. Of all the foolish pugilistic rot that has been printed in recent years this is certainly entitled to the premium. Let alone stopping Corbett, Slavin can get good betting on this side that he doesn't put a glove on Jim in the time specified. Fitz, no doubt, thinks Slavin is really serious in his announced willingness to meet Corbett. Americans who know anything about the pugilistic game believe Slavin to be suffering from paresis or some other softening of the brain complaint.

Slavin and Maher are not even good second raters. Jim Hall, Joe Choynski and possibly even Dan Creedon can whip either one of them. Choynski is a good man, but Corbett has already demonstrated his superiority over him and Fitz will be accomplishing the most creditable achievement in his ring career when he duplicates any of the Californian's victories over Choynski. "Denver" Ed Smith has announced his anxiety to get a chance at Corbett. The Bolingbroke Club's offer is good enough for Smith, and if Jim is eager for fighting exercise he should make a match with Denver Ed. The latter would be a harder nut to crack than Fitz, but Jim can do it. Smith is a clever big fellow and a great fighter when in proper shape, but he isn't quite fast enough for Corbett.

NATIONAL LEAGUE MEETING.

Johnnie Ward Admits That He May Return to the Diamond.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—Representatives of the National and minor base ball leagues were at the Fifth Avenue Hotel ready for work early to-day, but they were slow to begin, and contented themselves by talking of and commenting on the business done yesterday.

The release by the National Board of John Ward from the reserve list of the New York Club was a set-back for President Freedman, who counted on Ward as a very valuable club asset. Ward's friends, and they are legion, are jubilant over his victory. All sorts of rumors are floating around as to his going back to the diamond, and that he will join this, that or the other club. All these rumors are denied by Ward himself, but he admits that he may at some future time become a professional player again.

The adoption of the new national agreement by the magnates yesterday was a very keen disappointment to the representatives of the minor leagues, who are preparing a paper setting forth their "troubles" and suggesting remedies.

The National Board will classify the clubs, which apply to them for protection, into six grades, naming them after the first six letters of the alphabet, and determining their grades by the population of the cities they represent. The fee from these grades for "protection" will be $75 for grade A, down to $10 for F. The limitation for the selection of players from A to B and so on down will be from Oct. 1 to Jan. 1. The drafting of players from these classes will cost as follows: Class A, $500; B, $300; C, $200; D, $200; E, $75, and F, $50.

"Clubs are forbidden to negotiate with a player in a minor club during the season without notifying the club to which the player belongs.

The much-looked for schedule will, of course, be the feature of today's session. Next to this the revision of the playing rules is most talked of. The double umpire system has a very slight chance of becoming a law as the majority of the club managers are unfavorable to it.

MAHER IN ST. LOUIS.

Passed Through This Morning on His Way to Pittsburg.

Peter Maher and his party passed through St. Louis this morning on their way to Pittsburg. The big Irishman is not looking well and his friends assert that he will not be himself again for at least three months. The climate of the Free Zone seems to have played havoc with him and his physical condition is all run down. Quinn wants to back him against Fitzsimmons for another fight and is still satisfied that when he is good Peter can give any of the big fellows a stiff argument. Maher's friends declare that he had all the best of Fitz up to the time "Lanky Bob" hooked him on the jaw. This was the first good punch Fitz landed, so it is claimed by one enthusiastic Maher follower, who also asserts that Peter had landed four stiff blows on Fitz up to the time he received his quietus. Maher has no intention of retiring from the ring, but will take a good rest before fighting again.

Track Results.

At San Francisco—Model, Col. Wheeler, Wheel of Fortune, Mr. Reel, May Day and Mollie R.

At New Orleans—Invade, Joco, Mollie B., Peytonia, Kitch and Spring Vale.

At Sportsman's Park—Too High, Alopathy, Red Buck, Congo Dick and Chance.

Sporting Notes.

Nick Burley, the California heavy-weight, and "Old Chocolate," George Godfrey, have been matched to box fifteen rounds in Boston March 5.

George D. Gideon, Chairman of the L. A. W. Racing Board, has received a letter from President Elliott offering to reappoint him. The proposition was unaccompanied by any reservations.

A big two days' trap shoot was inaugurated at Ottumwa, Ia., Monday. Grimm killed 200 birds out of a possible 225. Gilbert and other cracks are entered.

Emil Kameny and J. W. Showalter are playing a match for $750 aside and the American chess championship at Philadelphia. Play was stopped Monday after forty-five moves.

Sufferers from Coughs, Sore Throat, etc., should try "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

WHAT IT MEANS TO BE WELL.

FOR THE BABY—It Is to Laugh.
FOR THE CHILD—To Play.
FOR THE YOUTH—To Be Full of Strength.
FOR A MAN—To Carry a World on His Shoulders.
FOR THE OLD—To Rest.

ARE YOU AS WELL AS YOU THINK YOU OUGHT TO BE?

Probably not, although you won't confess to even to yourself. The ailment you are suffering from may be now nothing of moment and you'll let it go on and on until symptoms alarming will stare you in the face. The most dangerous of maladies first of all find a weak spot and then your neglect allows the disease to gain such headway that you are compelled to take cognizance of it.

TAKE CONSUMPTION, FOR INSTANCE. There is only a little phlegm in the throat. When it is coughed up it is easier. Perhaps you will cough in the night, once in a while spit up a little blood, "not enough to amount to anything." Shortness of breath follows; then night sweats. Still nothing you'll say. THIS IS THE TIME TO MAKE A BEE LINE TO OUR INSTITUTE. THIS IS THE TIME FOR YOU TO SEEK THE AID OF OUR SPECIALISTS, for without a doubt these are consumptive symptoms. A day lost is a month lost when it comes to saving life. Aseptolin, the new consumptive cure, as administered by our physicians is your haven of refuge.

Aseptolin only fails in cases of consumption which are beyond earthly power to cure; even then it will give temporary relief. It is a sure cure for malaria and la grippe and a positive specific for germ diseases and blood poisoning.

SUFFERERS from Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Liver Complaint, Kidney Complaint, Chills and Fevers, Tumors, Malaria, Cancer, Piles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Rupture, Nervous, Blood, Skin Diseases, Strictures, etc., should place themselves under the care of our physicians. We guarantee a cure in every case accepted for treatment. Consultation and advice Free. Write us if you can't come. Fees low.

REKLAW ACADEMY
Of Medicine, Surgery and Electricity,
Cor. Sixth and Chestnut Streets,
ST. LOUIS.
Office Hours: 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 9 a. m. to 12 noon.

NANSEN'S VOYAGE.

Capt. Wiggings Thinks That the Explorer's Ship Was Wrecked.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—A special to the Herald from St. Petersburg says:

In the course of conversation Capt. Wiggings, the well-known navigator of Kara Sea fame, gave the impression of not being by any means convinced that his friend, Dr. Nansen, had reached the pole. He said: "Nansen told me that he proposed returning by way of Greenland, and he would at all hazards have avoided the islands about Nijni Kolenak.

"It is possible he is sending some of his men to Yakutsk, but so wild an idea is scarcely admissible. If it is, his entire party, the Fram, must have been wrecked, for Nansen would scarcely have left her."

CASPER CRONK'S WILL.

Its Provisions Were Not to Go Into Effect for One Hundred Years.

HAVERHILL, Mass., Feb. 25.—By the will of Casper Cronk, a fortune is awaiting the Cronk family. The testator died in Holland in April, 1796, and in his will was one proviso that the document should not take effect until 100 years had elapsed. The principal heir now resides in this city in the person of Winslow Cronk, a painter, who is of the fourth generation. His sons are Frank, Arthur, Harry and George, all of whom reside in this city and Bradford. The estate is believed to be approximately $15,000,000.

DISPLAY AT HOT SPRINGS.

Mermod-Jaccard Jewelry Co. Spreads the Fame of St. Louis.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., Feb. 25.—One of the new attractions at the Hotel Eastman is the display of fine jewels, silverware, etc., of the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Company of St. Louis. It is the most beautiful exhibit of the kind ever seen here, and is attracting much attention. It has already been the means of many orders being given for goods from their St. Louis house.

The exhibit occupies a large room on the first floor of the hotel next to the entrance to the grand parlor. The goods on exhibition are very fine, including diamonds and other precious gems of rare quality and great value. The enterprise displayed by this great jewelry company is highly commendable and will undoubtedly prove remunerative to them.

The exhibit is the admiration of all who have seen it, and is the "talk of the town" among the ladies who flock there in large numbers to examine the pretty display of fine goods. The exhibit will be maintained here for several weeks.

ABNORMAL TRIPLETS.

Two of Them Were Siamese Twins, but Had Only One Head.

MURFREESBORO, Tenn., Feb. 25.—Frank Patterson, colored, brought to town yesterday the bodies of female triplets, to which his wife gave birth. Two of them were joined together, but did not have two heads. There were four legs and feet, arms and hands; two breast bones and spinal columns and the heart was of abnormal size. The other infant was well-formed.

Those joined together lived a few hours and the other one lived twelve hours. The woman is 42 years of age and the mother of fifteen other children. For fear the "students" might get the bodies if he buried them, the father brought them to Dr. Murfee to preserve in alcohol.

Burial Permits.

Margaret Connolly, 65, 1226 N. 14th st.; cancer
Elsa Fernow, 11 days, 3345 Lemp; skin disease.
Earl W. Scott, 5 months, 4016 Fairfax; pneumonia.
L. Baner, 1, 1624 S. 2d st.; entero colitis.
Harry Lieberstein, 1, 1023 N. 11th st.; bronchitis.
Alma Bahlkamp, 10, 2210 Miami; peritonitis.
Frederick Koch, 1, 1729, S. 9th st.; pneumonia.
Edna Oestreicher, 3, 1309 S. 7th st.; pneumonia.
Alfred Bucker, 5 months, 3835 Texas; menengitis.
Frederick Deycrle, 65, Levee and Benton; suicide.
A. B. Klein, 32, 2301 North Tenth; peritonitis.
David Hughes, 68, 7131 Virginia; pneumonia.
Jane O. Bates, 80, 1012 Dolman; senility.
John Lewis, 26, City Hospital; consumption.
Jacob Law, 7 months, 3140 Louisiana; marasmus.
Bessie Livitt, 1, 615 Morgan; croup.
Helen Roech, 2, 3945 Sarpy; diphtheria.
Charles J. Karch, 11 months, 3061 North Eleventh; pneumonia.
Ellen Robinson, 51, 2910 Palm; bronchitis.
Charles Hab, 4 months, 1219 Poplar; pneumonia.
John J. Hasstedt, 74, 1008 North Fourteenth; parathrais.
Florence Ahearn, 2, 1331 North Nineteenth; pneumonia.
Andrew Whalen, 51, Marine Hospital; consumption.
Franz Balle, 35, 513 Rutger; bronchitis.
James Rice, 40, City Hospital; consumption.
Charity Adkins, 65, 4327 Lexington; old age.
Charles T. Jackson, 40, 4281A Garfield; consumption.

Keep Abreast of the Times.

And use a first-class line when going East. The V.-P. Vandalia-Pennsylvania is first class.

FREE LUNCH FOR THE LADIES
WILL BE SERVED IN OUR BASEMENT WEDNESDAY.

A generous cup of Stollwerck's Delicious Chocolate or Cocoa, together with little dainties in profusion, will form the menu, thus enabling all to enjoy a full day of the Phenomenal Bargains here named and 10,000 others equally attractive!

On Sale 8 to 9 a. m. Wednesday.

HANDKERCHIEFS—Ladies' and Children's Fast Color Border, Lace Edged, Very Sheer Handkerchiefs, in 25 different colorings, would be very cheap at 5c, during above hour, each..... 2c

PERCALES—All the new and lovely spring designs in 36-inch Percales—in mill ends of 2 to 10 yards—regularly 12½c a yard, during above hour in basement, per yard..... 5c

CUTLERY—Cocabola Handle Butcher, Kitchen and Bread Knives—worth 30c at the factory—during above hour on 3d floor, and one to a customer, at..... 8c

On Sale 9 to 10 a.m. Wednesday.

GROCERIES—Pint Bottle Good Wash Blue, during above hour..... 4c
Early June Peas, during above hour, per can..... 5c

LADIES' VESTS—Heavy Weight Jersey Ribbed Cotton ones, with taped necks—regularly 35c each, during above hour for..... 15c

SOAP—8-lb. bars White, Green and Mottled Castile Soap—sold always at 30c a bar, during above hour for..... 15c

LACE CURTAINS—The remainder of our great purchase of most beautiful Lace Curtain samples ever shown—copies of real hand made Brussels, French Guipure, Irish Point and elegant new fish-net Lace Curtains—mostly 60 inches wide and from 2 to 2½ yards long; if in full curtains would be worth $5 to $10 a pair, during above hour (second floor) each..... 25c

DRESS GOODS—How is this? 36-inch All-Wool Filling Beige Suitings, in beautiful gray and tan mixtures, stripes and checks (secured by us at a sacrifice) worth 25c a yard everywhere, during above hour, per yard..... 10c

On Sale 8 to 10 a. m. Wednesday.

CHINAWARE—7-inch Soup and Dinner Plates of iron stone china—sold everywhere at 30c per set of 6 during above hours (third floor) at each..... 3c

LINING—Gilbert's Mill Ends of 1½ to 6 yard Remnants of "Gold Leaf" Sleslas—in all colors—and Best Half Linen English Hair Cloth and fine quality Crinoline (off the piece), regularly up to 15c a yard, during above hour per yard..... 5c

TRAY CLOTHS—All Pure Linen Bleached Satin Damask Tray Cloths, 16x24 inches—in beautiful patterns—regularly 20c each—during above hours 3 for 25c or each..... 9c

SHEETING—Best Bleached Pepperell Sheeting, 1¼ yds wide—worth 18c yard—during above hours in basement, per yd. 11c

On Sale 9 to 10 a. m. Wednesday.

THREAD—"Beaver" machine 200-yd spool Thread—full standard quality—all colors—Nos. 40, 50 and 60—a good 4c thread—during above hour, per spool..... 1c

15c Pocket Knives..... 2½c
50c Jewelry..... 25c
Early June Peas..... 5c
15c Cretonnes..... 8½c
25c Castile Soap..... 15c
60c French Batiste..... 29c
50c Table Damask..... 29c
65c Silks..... 35c

5c Handkerchiefs..... 2c
10c Ammonia..... 3c
12½c Ginghams..... 5c
20c Granite Ware..... 14c
Ladies' 35c Vests..... 15c
Boys' 65c Waists..... 35c
$1.25 Kid Gloves..... 39c
$2.50 Shoes..... $1.65

On Sale 2 to 3 p. m. Wednesday.

HANDKERCHIEFS—Men's Imported wide Hemstitched Fast Color Bordered and Fancy Center, Extra Large Handkerchiefs, cost $1.50 a dozen to import, during above hour, each..... 5c

CRETONNES—All the newest drapery effects in Fancy Striped and Floral Design Merrimac Cretonnes, 34 inches wide, regularly 15c a yard, during above hour in basement, per yard..... 8½c

DRESS GOODS—Extra fine quality 40-inch All-Wool Black French Batiste, best thing obtainable for early spring wear, worth 60c a yard; during above hour—and only one pattern to a customer—per yard..... 29c

CHILD'S WAISTS—Child's good quality Jean Drawer Waists, all sizes, regularly 15c each, during above hour (second floor), limit of 2 to a customer, each..... 10c

WHITE GOODS—Fine very sheer India Linen (seconds, but flaws not findable), 36 inches wide and worth 12½c a yard, during above hour (quantity limited), per yard..... 6c

COFFEE POTS—Choice of our 1 and 2-quart Nickel Plated "Minute" Drip Coffee Pots, regularly $1.25 and $1.50 each, on third floor during above hour, each..... 59c

READING SILK MC—All Silk Brussels Net, beaded and perforated in exquisite designs, suitable for waists, capes, etc., sold last season at $2.50 a yard, during above hour, per yard..... 59c

LADIES' SHOES—Choice of any of our regular $2.50 Shoes, lace and button, needle and square toes, all sizes and widths, new, fresh goods, sold everywhere at $2.50, during above hours at..... $1.65

FREE BAKING POWDER—With every 1-pound purchase of Tea during above hour we will give Free a 1-lb. can of "Grand Leader" Baking Powder.

GRAND-LEADER
—STIX, BAER & FULLER
THE FASTEST GROWING STORE IN AMERICA.

On Sale 10 to 11 a. m. Wednesday.

POCKET KNIVES—1 blade Barlows, regularly 15c and 20c each, during above hour, each..... 2½c

VERLING—Choice of all good colors and newest styles in Sewing Silk Verlings, with or without the New Persian borders, worth 12½c to 20c a yard, during above hour, per yard..... 5c

DRESSING COMBS—Choice of our 7, 8 and 9-inch Pure Rubber Dressing Combs; including some Barbers' and heavy Tooth Combs, regularly 10c and 15c each, during above hour..... 5c

GINGHAMS—8 to 12-yard mill ends, good quality Zephyr Ginghams, all choice spring styles, price value 12½c a yard, during above hour in basement for..... 5c

TABLE DAMASK—This is a marvel indeed!—Linen Extra quality Half Bleached German Table Damask, exquisite patterns, guaranteed value 45c and 50c a yard, during above hour, per yard..... 29c

MUSLIN GOWNS—Ladies' Good Quality Muslin Gowns—full length—with tucked yokes and cambric ruffles—regularly 80c each—during above hour (2d floor), limited to 2 to a customer—each..... 29c

SILKS—Best quality full 23-inch Natural (white) Habutai Wash Silks, and extra heavy quality 23-inch lustrous Black Jap Silk, regularly 65c a yard, during above hour, per yard..... 35c

RUGS—Single door size, Reversible Chenille Rugs, all nicely fringed. This is something quite new, in colorings to match any combination, regularly 50c each, during above hour (second floor)..... 25c

KNEE PANTS—Choice of all remainder of our great purchase of Boys' Knee Pants, ages 4 to 14, all of excellent material, well made and perfect fitting, worth 40c to 60c a pair, in basement during above hour, per pair..... 19c

ENAMELED WARE—First quality Blue and White Enameled 4-quart Milk and Water Pails, regularly 20c each, third floor, during above hour, each..... 14c

11 to 1 p. m.

AMMONIA—Rubber corked full pint champagne bottled of good strong household Ammonia—regular 10c sort—during above hour (main floor) for..... 3c

On Sale 11 to 12 m. Wednesday.

BOYS' WAISTS—Fine Laundered Fancy Percale Waists, new patterns, pleated fronts and backs, regular price 65c each, during above hour for..... 35c

LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS—We open the new season by offering Ladies' new styles Laundered Percale Shirt Waists, all colors, checks and the popular linen colored stripes, large sleeves, pointed yokes and full bosoms, regular $1.25. Waists, during above hour (second floor) for..... 49c

On Sale 10 to 11 a.m. and 2 to 3 p. m. Wednesday.

JEWELRY—All our Odds and Ends of Sterling Silver Stick Pins, Rolled Plate Pins, Lace Pins, Brooches, Breast Pins and lots of other odd pieces of Jewelry, worth up to 50c each, during above hour at..... 2½c

KID GLOVES—Ladies' Fine Imported French Kid Gloves, button and Foster Lacing, some slightly soiled and some slightly damaged from fitting, worth up to $1.25 a pair, during above hours, your pick for..... 39c

OFF FOR AFRICA.

Negro Colonists Are Preparing for the Voyage to Monrovia.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Feb. 25.—A special train left here last night for Savannah, carrying two baggage car loads of boxes and trunks and about two hundred negroes from Alabama, Arkansas, Mississippi and Texas, en route to Monrovia, Liberia, Africa. The negroes go under the auspices of the International Migration Society. The steamer Laureda will leave Savannah Feb. 27 for Africa with colonists.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Feb. 25.—Agents of the Liberian Government are at work here securing colored emigrants for that country. Six colored men left last night for Charleston to take passage, and more will follow in a few days. They have been promised thirty acres of land apiece, a yoke of oxen, provisions for three months and innumerable other things from the Liberian Government. Most of them give up every dollar they had in the world for their tickets for passage.

Kiramess at Exposition to-night. Dances of all nations. Admission 50c.

CHRYSOPRASE FOUND.

Rich Lode of the Valuable Mineral Discovered in California.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Feb. 25.—A rich lode of chrysoprase, a rare variety of chalcedony of great value, has been discovered by Curator Wilcomb, of the Park Museum, in Tulare County. Chrysoprase, in its perfect state, has hitherto been found only in Siberia, and there only in small quantities. An inferior shade obtains in Vermont. Recently a gentleman named Braverman discovered specimens of the gem in Tulare County, and forwarded them to Tiffany of New York. The jeweler promptly notified him to send on all he could secure, as the specimens received were of the finest quality, and when cut for mounting would bring anywhere from $50 to $100 each. Mr. Braverman disclosed his find to Curator Wilcomb, who visited the spot, and together they unearthed a rich vein of the stone. Should it turn out as anticipated, it will result in the development of a new and unique industry in California mineralogy.

Owl Car Time Table.

Call at Post-Dispatch office and get a time-table of the owl cars on every street car line in the city; in convenient form for the vest pocket.

ROBERT STAMPER FOUND.

After 25 Years He Is Restored to His Family.

MT. VERNON, Ill., Feb. 25.—Mr. and Mrs. David H. Warren, living one mile east of here, are joyfully celebrating the return of Mrs. Warren's son, Robert Stamper, who has been missing since his childhood. Twenty-five years ago last July Nathan E. Stamper, a well-to-do citizen of Jefferson County, left home with the declared intention of going to Ashley to buy goods. He did not return, and as time rolled by and yet no tidings of him were received, his wife married D. H. Warren, a wealthy farmer, after going through the necessary legal steps. Stamper took with him his son, Robert, his youngest child, who was at that time a few years old. A few days ago Robert was located in a small town in Tennessee by his brother, Harry Stamper of Jerseyville. Robert did not know he had relatives alive.

THE SECRET OF A BEAUTIFUL SKIN IS FOUND IN CUTICURA SOAP

Sold throughout the world, and especially by Dealers and Druggists in all the principal cities. Potter Drug and Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

GO TO THE RIGHT ONE!

THE ONLY McNICHOL!

My friend your fortune will grow worse
Whene'er fate lighteth up your purse!
In summer sunshine, 'mid the flowers,
Gay friends will help you kill the hours,
When lengthening shadows deck the slope
Then may you bid farewell to hope!
Not even the bedside maiden will rue
To gladden sorrow-weighted eyes!

You ask me why. I do not know—
I only feel that this is so—
I've seen earth's every end in dust
And breaking hearts from friendship's trust.
Look not in days of gloom or fears
To those who help spend happier years;
When fortune leaves you count the cost
And know the flattering things are lost.

Take then the remnant—what is left—
To one who aids all those bereft—
A man whose doors are open wide
To visitors from every side.
Whate'er your station, age or state,
Go now, don't hesitate or wait.
Remember, he's the earnest man,
Who sells goods on the installment plan.

For wife and little ones—their sake—
How much more money you can make
If they are sheltered, kept in ease,
You'll have none else on earth to please.
So make a home, be quick about it,
You'll wonder how you did without it.
The lowellest palace one could seek
Has sprung from payments by the week.

Hundreds of happy and contented beings can testify to the truth of this. They went to (Trade Mark.) THE ONLY M'NICHOL, 1015-1023-1024 Market st., St. Louis, Mo.

P. S.—Nothing cheap, mean or ordinary in this vast stock of elegant household effects. You can live in as fine a home as a prince would covet, and yet get it by small weekly payment, and no one a bit the wiser, and such novel and beautiful things. The highest grade in town, and the lowest prices on original credit terms, too. You tell your story to your best friend. Try him once!

ON THE WRONG SIDE.

Mary Donough's Heart and Liver Sadly Out of Place.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—Mary Donough, on whom an operation was performed for stomach trouble a few days ago, is in Bellevue Hospital, worried nearly to death. Soon after the operation Mrs. Donough was told that not only her heart, but her liver, was on the wrong side. From that moment the woman has labored under the impression that her condition is entirely due to the physicians who performed the operation. She declared they had shifted her heart from one side to the other, and no amount of explaining would take this idea out of her head. She talked about it so continually and was so strong in her belief that the physicians finally decided that her mind must be affected. So the insanity expert examined her, only to find that she was perfectly sane. Now she is rapidly recovering her health, but still clings to the belief that her heart was in the right place until she went to the hospital.

AFRICAN RICHES.

Mashonaland Will Rival the Transvaal in Gold Production.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 25.—The Transvaal may find a formidable rival in the near future as a gold producing State in Mashonaland, which United States Consul Hollis treats in a report to the State Department from Mozambique. He says that seven or eight years ago the mining industry in the Transvaal was about the same condition as to development as that in Mashonaland to-day; now they are turning out $43,000,000 gold per annum. Mines in Mashonaland, however, are being much more rapidly developed than those of the Transvaal were in the early days. Moreover reliable mining experts have stated time and again that the gold reefs in Mashonaland and Matabeleland are, on the whole, richer and more extensive than those of the Transvaal and there is no reason why these countries, along with Manica Safofa, should not soon rival the Transvaal in gold production.

VIRTUE IN THE TENDERLOIN.

Twenty-Four Hours Pass Without an Arrest in That Precinct.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—An unsullied page was the return from the West Thirtieth Street Police Station sent to police headquarters yesterday. In the twenty-four hours ending at 6 o'clock in the morning there had not been a single arrest in the precinct. The clerks at headquarters went back over the records to find when such a thing happened before. They soon gave up the search as hopeless, and one of them suggested that the sheet should be framed. This is the principal station of the Tenderloin.

Wabash Railroad.

Makes the quickest time to Cripple Creek.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavored beverage, which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by Grocers, labeled thus:

JAMES EPPS & CO., Ltd., Homeopathic Chemists, London, England.

QUICK MEAL GAS STOVES.
RINGEN STOVE CO.
414 N. Broadway.

MANAGER'S CONNOISSEUR
FINE HANDMADE KIDS · 418 OLIVE ST.

COLD WAVE WARNINGS.

Money Value to the Public of the Weather Bureau Signals.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 25.—Chief Moore of the Weather Bureau has made a special report to the Secretary of Agriculture with reference to the actual money value of cold wave warnings to the people of this country. Special reference to the cold wave of January 2 to 5 of the present year is made. That was one of unusual severity, spreading over the entire country east of the Rocky Mountains with the exception of the southern portion of Florida. At every weather Bureau station throughout this region, the cold wave flag was displayed and the warnings were distributed at least twenty-four hours before the cold wave occurred. Reports received from 102 stations indicate that the warnings were directly instrumental in saving from destruction property exceeding three and a half millions in value. This estimate takes no account of the property saved as the result of these warnings, distributed from the Weather Bureau stations to thousands of small towns and cities from which it has been impossible to obtain reports. The largest saving reported was by owners and shippers of perishable produce. Water pipes were protected in factories, residences and public buildings, the size of trains regulated by railroad officials, while florists and agriculturists protected their hothouses. Reports of direct benefits were received from fuel dealers, owners of ice harvesters, farmers and stock raisers, river men and business men generally. One of these reported the Weather Bureau an active partner in every man's business. Another benefit widely reported, but necessarily not expressed in figures, was protection to health and increase of comfort of the public generally on account of this timely warning.

Family washing a specialty; 4 cents a pound. Merchants' Laundry Co., 1412 Clark avenue.

Bible in the Schools.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 25.—Twenty-six Protestant ministers, constituting about half the membership of the local Ministers, Alliance, have adopted a resolution asking the board of education to restore the Bible to the public schools. The resolution had been presented at the full meeting of the Alliance and caused a split. Later it was adopted as the views of the ministers as individuals.

AMUSEMENTS.

STANDARD
Matinees Tuesday, Friday and Saturday.
Every Night This Week,
Fields and Hanson's Drawing Cards.
Next Week—NEW YORK STARS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
CHAS. F. ATKINSON'S
New Picturesque American Play,
NORTHERN LIGHTS!
Pronounced by the Press and Public as the Best Military Play Yet Written.
100—PEOPLE IN THE PRODUCTION—100
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.
No advance in prices.
Next Week—Kellar, the Master of Magic.

HAVLIN'S—To-Night
Matinees Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday.
Chas. L. Davis, Alvin Joslin.
Next Sunday Matinee—Chas. E. Blaney's "A Baggage Check."

OLYMPIC TO-NIGHT AT 8 O'CLOCK.
The Distinguished Actress,
CLARA MORRIS.
Prices This Week 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00.
Wednesday Matinee. 25c and 50c
To-Night—ARTICL

EMPLOYMENT GROUPING.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

BEST drug store is authorized to receive want advertisements for the Post-Dispatch.
Three lines (20 words), 5 cents; each additional line, 5 cents.

ADVERTISING WRITER—Of ability; experienced in clothing and general retail lines, with gilt-edge refs., desires employment with A1 house, city or on newspaper, as designer of ads and soliciting; have good address and am convincing talker. For interview address L 68, this office.

BOOKKEEPER—Ambitious young man of 23 wants position in office; understands bookkeeping. Add. D 66, this office.

BOY—Bright boy of 15 would like work of some kind; speaks German; writes a good hand. Add. 3433 Texas av.

BARTENDER—Wanted, steady position by good bartender; best refs. Add. E 68, this office.

BOOKKEEPER—Wanted, immediately, position by expert bookkeeper, over twenty years' experience; quick, accurate, willing; bank references. Address Lock Box 41, Mammoth Spring, Ark.

CARPENTER—Wanted, work by carpenter, repairing, jobbing or any other kind of work; have a family and will work reas. Davis, 1802 Hogan st.

ENGINEER—Licensed engineer, middle-aged, single, sober and competent, wants a situation in some small plant where work is steady; moderate salary; good city reference. Address E 69, this office.

FIREMAN—Situation wanted by experienced fireman with good reference. Ad. E 64, this office.

HOTEL CLERK—Wanted, by middle-aged man, position as hotel clerk; experienced. Address G 69, this office.

MAN—Young man, 27; four years' experience as salesman and solicitor, wants to make a change; best of refs. Add. N 67, this office.

MAN—Young man of 24 is willing to do any kind of work to support sick wife and himself; sober, honest, educated and can give good reference. All I ask is work, else I starve. Address T 68, this office.

MAN—Young, married low German, respectable, industrious and absolutely honest; recommended; some grocery-saloon experience; do anything for low wages. Add. G 66, this office.

MAN—Wanted, sit. in wholesale house of some kind by young man of 20 years; willing to work himself up; city refs.; also good bank refs. Add. W. B. Smawley, 1730 Franklin av., in drug store.

PORTER—Wanted, place as light porter, or to work around house; have taken care of horses. Add. M 68, this office.

TO POULTRY RAISERS—Situation by a reliable man on poultry farm, on shares or for wages; also understands horses and gardening. Add. Lee, 1309 N. Broadway.

$3.00 UP—Pants to order. Mesrits Tailoring Co., 219 N. 8th st., cor. Olive, 2d floor.

$12.50 UP—Suits and overcoats to order. Mesrits Tailoring Co., 8th and Olive.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

ATTENTION, TRADESMEN!—Wear Harris' $4.00 shoes; made in St. Louis; judge their value by the months they wear. 520 Pine st.

APPRENTICES WANTED—To learn barber trade; eight weeks required; work furnished graduates. Catalogue free. St. Louis Barber College, 819 N. Ninth st.

BAKER WANTED—Good sober young man; refs. required. Add. A. E. Brady, Marion, Ill.

BOY WANTED—Bright boy; wages $2 per week. 20 N. Ninth, upstairs.

BROOM-MAKERS WANTED—Broom-makers for hand machines; first-class only; no bums wanted. Apply at once, 210 S. Commercial.

BLACKSMITH WANTED—Good blacksmith to set tires. Jos. W. Moon Buggy Co., Main and Douglass sts.

CLERK WANTED—Middle-aged man, as night clerk in hotel. Mo. Employment Co., 617 Chestnut st.

CANVASSERS WANTED—Experienced canvassers to solicit subscriptions; steady position. 312 Chestnut st.

COATMAKER WANTED—Good coatmaker; man who can cut preferred. Call at 6 N. 6th st.

CANVASSERS WANTED—Experienced canvassers to solicit subscriptions; steady position. 312 Chestnut st.

FIREMAN WANTED—Nice fireman for green house (German); married man. Wm. Schray, 4103 Pennsylvania av.

FARM HAND WANTED—Good farm hand, about 45 years old, who can plow and take care of small crop. Call for three days. W. Reed, 506 Olive st.

MEN WANTED—Experienced men to advertise from wagon. Call after 5. 508 Washington av.

MEN WANTED—Ten men at Sarah st. and Cook av. Tim Moloney.

MAN WANTED—Good kitchen man. Apply at 2603 Olive st.

MEN WANTED—Ten men on Whittier and West Bell. M. J. Sullivan.

MAN WANTED—Bright young man about 21 to learn photograph trade; must write fair hand and have good address; salary $12 per month to start on; $5 advance every three months until salary is $1,000 a year; state age, education and experience. Add. P 68, this office.

PORTER WANTED—Colored porter, single; recommendation required. 3204 Lucas av.

SHOE CUTTER WANTED—Shoe cutter. Versteeg-Grant Shoe Co., 811 N. 2d st.

SHOEMAKERS WANTED—One first-class laster on ladies' welt shoes; also one first-class cutter on ladies' fine shoes. Desmoyers Shoe Co.

SHOEMAKERS WANTED—Trimming cutters at Desmoyers Shoe Co., 12th and Locust st.

SHOEMAKER WANTED—First-class edge trimmer on ladies' fine shoes. The Brown Shoe Co., 11th and St. Charles sts.

SALESMEN WANTED—In every locality to represent established house; experience unnecessary; good salary to right parties. Capitol Oil, Grease and Supply Co., Cleveland.

SALESMEN WANTED—Salesmen to sell cigars on the road; experience unnecessary; inclose stamp. Acme Cigar Co., Chicago.

SHOEMAKERS WANTED—First-class Goodyear stockers and edge trimmers on men's fine shoes. The Brown Shoe Co., 11th and St. Charles sts., 4th floor.

TEAMS WANTED—With good beds. Lyons Con. Co., Broadway and Grand av.

TEAMS WANTED—On 8th st., bet. Clark av. and Walnut st.

TAILOR WANTED—Good, steady all-around tailor; one who can cut for the country; steady work. Cunningham Bros. Woolen Co.

TEAMS AND MEN WANTED—10 teams and 10 men on Delmar, west of King's highway in the morning.

WATCHMAKER WANTED—Good watchmaker, with refs. Add. M 69, this office.

WAITER WANTED—2112 Olive st. Come ready to work.

WATCHMAN—Wanted, situation as night watchman or day watchman; best of refs.; good, sober, steady man. Add. O 68, this office.

The Bryant & Stratton

BUSINESS, SHORTHAND AND TELEGRAPH SCHOOL, corner Broadway and Market st. Graduates successful in getting positions.

RUBICAM SHORTHAND COLLEGE

701-2-3 Union Trust Building, 7th and Olive sts. We qualify our graduates for the best paying positions; thorough course by mail.

Perkins & Herpel's

MERCANTILE COLLEGE

Cor. 4th Street and Washington Ave., ST. LOUIS, MO.

INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION

Given in Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Typewriting, Grammar, Arithmetic, Etc.

CALL OR WRITE FOR CATALOGUE. (Mention this paper.)

DAY AND NIGHT SCHOOL NOW OPEN.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

BABY—Wanted, a baby to wet nurse at home; new milk. Call or address 2613 Lucas av.

CASHIER—Bright and active young lady wishes position as cashier or assistant; best refs. Add. Miss Eva Barrow, General Delivery, city.

COOK—Situation wanted by a first-class cook; no objection to small washing. 1604 Morgan st.

COOK—Wanted, situation by a good German girl as cook; he washing; no postals. A. White, 306 N. Jefferson av.

COOK—Good German cook wants situation in private family; West End or boarding-house. Add. S 67, this office.

COLLECTOR—Position wanted as collector by young lady; experience and refs. Add. L 68, this office.

DRESSMAKER—First-class dressmaker desires a few more engagements; terms very reasonable; references. Address D 66, this office.

DRESSMAKER—Sit. by young lady with dressmaker, 75c a day; answer all week. 4634 Easton av.

DRESSMAKER—Wants work by the day; dressmaking or plain sewing; will work cheap; guarantee work. Add. M. M., 3823 Hickory st.

GIRLS—Sits. wanted by two German girls in one place, one for cook and one for housegirl. 1270 S. Broadway, 2d floor.

HOUSEKEEPER—Young widow wants situation as housekeeper for widower or bachelor in or near Hot Springs, Ark. All letters answered. Address A 42, this office.

HOUSEGIRL—Wanted, situation by colored girl to do general housework in small family. 1631 N. Leffingwell av.

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, situation by German girl in nice family to do housework or upstairs work. Add. 1781 N. 12th st. Call.

HOUSEGIRL—Sit. wanted by a young girl; would like a place for light housework. 4136 Natural Bridge road.

HOUSEGIRL—Sit. wanted by colored girl, housework or nurse; first-class refs. 2614A Cass av., in rear.

HOUSEGIRL—Sit. wanted as housegirl or to nurse by respectable colored girl. Apply 2224 Franklin, rear, down stairs.

HOUSEKEEPER—Wanted, situation as housekeeper for respectable widower or care of rooming house by refined widow, aged 30. Address K 69, this office.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted, washing to take home, or go out by the day. 1207 Walton av.

LAUNDRESS—A good laundress wants work for the first of the week. Call 2307 Franklin av.

LAUNDRESS—Laundress wants washing to take home or go out; lace curtains done. 3214 Franklin av., rear.

NURSEGIRL—Neat colored girl wants situation as nurse or housegirl. 3956 Lucky st.

NURSE—Middle-aged woman wishes situation to nurse a child or a sick person; can give refs. Apply to 1540 Gratiot st., 3d floor.

OFFICE WORK—Wanted, by bright, active and educated young lady, situation in office; good references; no trifling. Miss E. Calvert, Bridgeton, St. Louis Co., Mo.

STENOGRAPHER—Wanted, position by lady stenographer and typewriter, who is accurate and neat in appearance, with over 3 years' steady experience; also writes fine business hand; best of refs. Add. P 67, this office.

SEAMSTRESS—A competent seamstress wants sewing in families; children's clothes a specialty. 3235 Locust st.

SEAMSTRESS—Wanted, work in family by first-class cutter and fitter. 2924 Olive.

WOMAN—A German woman wants washing to take home. C. Lotz, 1816 S. 18th st.

STOVE REPAIRS.

Castings and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. J. FORSHAW, 111 N. 12th st.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

5 cents per line each insertion.

BASTERS AND FINISHERS WANTED—On coats. Call at 1243 Carr st.

BINDERY GIRLS WANTED—Experienced bindery girls. Perrin & Smith, 212 Vine st.

COOK WANTED—A cook. Apply at 4025 Morgan st.

CANVASSER WANTED—Lady canvasser at once. 1735 Wash st.

CHAMBERMAID WANTED—Good experienced chambermaid; one who understands waiting on table. 2650 Washington av.

COOK WANTED—German girl to do cooking and housework; no washing. 2925 Lafayette av.

COOK WANTED—Girl for cooking and general housework; German preferred; refs. 4618 Olive st.

COOK WANTED—Thoroughly experienced cook; no washing or ironing; reference required. Apply 401 N. Taylor av., cor. McPherson.

COOK WANTED—Good cook; come ready to work. Bridge Hotel, 3d and Lucas av.; good home.

CLOAK AND SKIRT MAKERS WANTED—Experienced cloak and skirt makers; steady employment. Berkson, Hughes & Meyer, 713 Washington av.

DISHWASHER WANTED—A woman dishwasher who will do scrubbing. Call 1012 Locust st.

FINISHERS WANTED—Good finishers on custom pants. Room 31 McLean Building, Fourth and Market.

GIRLS WANTED—To sew straw hats. St. Louis Straw Works, 902 N. Sixth st.

GIRLS WANTED—Experienced girls for folding in bookbindery. Scott & Richars, 110 S. 9th st.

GIRLS WANTED—Table girls at The Brown Shoe Co., 11th and St. Charles sts., 4th floor.

GIRLS WANTED—Three girls for light manufacturing work, 4181½ Olive st., room 52.

GIRLS WANTED—Experienced girls on ladies' waists. 619 Locust st., upstairs.

GIRLS WANTED—Experienced machine girl hand sewers and basters on shop coats. 1442 N. 15th st.

HOUSEWOMAN WANTED—A woman to assist in general housework. 3218 Pine st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED — German girl for light housework, 14 to 15 years old. 2710 Gamble st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Experienced girl for general housework, washing and ironing. 4135 Page av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 3314 Chestnut st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl for general housework. 1329 Pendleton av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general house work. 2622 Elliott av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Steady girl for housework and sewing in small family; good home; refs. Apply at 4421 Laclede av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Competent white girl for general housework, with washing, for family of two. 3687 Cook av.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED—For widower, housekeeper about 30 or 35 years old; good home; small wages. Add. F 60, this office.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 4057 Finney av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl; small family. 3688 Finney av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl, 16 or 17, to assist in general housework. 3226 Olive st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; six in family. Apply at 4619 Bell av.

NURSEGIRL WANTED—German girl, 15 years old, to nurse and help with housework. 3736 Page av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl to assist with housework. 4930 Columbia av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework in a small family; must be a good cook, wash and iron. Apply at 3806 Finney av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework; small family. 4528 Page av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl to do general housework; wash and iron; 2 in family. 4065 Bell av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—White girl for general housework, in small family. Call for two days at 4100 N. Grand av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework in small German family. 3629 Russell av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Young girl, German or Swede, for light general housework in flat; small family. 6033A Horton pl.; Suburban cars.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl to do general housework; no colored need apply; German preferred. Call at 519 Franklin av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Colored girl for general housework; recommendation required. Call 3204 Lucas av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—White girl to cook and do general housework. 2122 Olive.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good German girl for general housework. 2021 Olive st.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl to assist in general housework; good wages; colored or white. 1866 St. Ange av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework; German preferred; refs. required. 4084 Laclede av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl to do general housework. 3782 Finney av.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED—A good German Protestant girl or young widow, 25 and 30, as housekeeper and take care of 2 children; good home for right party. Call at 3819 Sullivan av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework. 3825 N. Grand av.

LADY WANTED—To take charge of dining room and kitchen in furnished room house. 3507 Olive.

LAUNDRESS WANTED—A good laundress. Apply 3515 Longfellow boulevard.

LADY WANTED—Young lady, practical tailor, who has been assistant to first-class pants maker; also be able to make fine vests by herself; references required; good wages; start to work at once. Call at 510 N. 14th st.

PRESSER WANTED—Experienced presser or a bright girl to learn on vests. 2010 S. 3d st.; steady work; good pay.

SEWERS WANTED—Experienced sewers for power machines in wrapper factory. 718 Lucas av., up-stairs.

STITCHERS WANTED—At Imperial Laundry, 1115 S. Jefferson av.

STITCHERS WANTED—First-class stitchers. B. Gannon Shoe Co., 909 S. 22d st.

SEAMSTRESS WANTED—Woman to sew attachhoons on manufactured article; must be good sewing machine hand; steady work. Add. D 67, this office.

WAITRESSES WANTED—3 waitresses; $4 to $5 per week. Mo. Employment Co., 617 Chestnut st.

GOLD AND SILVER.

We do reliable gold and silver plating and repairing; we pay cash for diamonds and old gold and silver; see the bargains we offer in solid silverware; we are manufacturers; established 1872. Sam'l L. Downing & Co., 210 N. 7th st.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—Jack: Letter received. You are a daisy. Tickets were bought. Come down tonight. Minnie, Chicago.

PERSONAL—Trilby: Exposition, fair complexion; think dark colored waist, small light blue theater hat. Please answer; desire acquaintance. Add. W 66, this office.

PERSONAL—Lady on Pendleton av. who received information Saturday evening desires to have interview with party that sent same. Add. N 69, this office.

PERSONAL—Would like to have lady who rode from Grand av. and Broadway Saturday afternoon with gent to 23d and Pine, make another appointment. Add. W 67, this office.

MATRIMONIAL.

MATRIMONIAL—A brave lady, true, wishes the acquaintance of a widower. Add. F 68, this office.

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

A 1,000 BIZ Cards 25c, notehds, billhds, envelopes 75c. Cut prices. Benton & Co., 622 Locust.

A—DIVORCES a specialty; easy terms; confidential. Law office, 304 N. 6th, bet. Olive and Locust sts.

ATTENTION, Saloon Men—Carbolic acid, $2 per dracbm, full weight. St. Louis Carbolic Acid Gas Co., 26 S. Commercial st. Telephone 519.

ALL diseases treated, medicine furnished, for $1.00 per week; private diseases a specialty, cure guaranteed. Eureka Medical Institute, 1108 Olive st.

ALL chronic ailments and private and special diseases of male or female treated free; no exposure; quick relief; medicine furnished specially prepared for each patient; cures guaranteed. Call D. MEDICAL CO., 107 N. Ninth st.

ATTENTION—Prof. Martin, the reliable medium and clairvoyant, 2342A Olive tells all your past, present and future; unite be separated; causes speedy marriages; advice in law suits and business; perfect satisfaction guaranteed. All business confidential; letters with $1 answered. Hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m., daily and Sundsy.,

DETECTIVE—Lady wants detective work; capable; prefer to work with private detective. B 68, this office.

DR. WIENER, Dentist, 1718 Franklin av.—Set teeth, $5 and $8; gold fillings, $1 up; silver fillings, 50c. Open Sunday and evenings.

DR. MARY ARTHUR, 2340 Wash st.; boards ladies during confinement; treats female diseases and complaints; ladies in trouble call or write; consultation free.

HAIR LIGHTENED—Call and see sample; remedy antiseptic; pure vegetable. At 608 Olive st, 2d floor, and at 1520 Cora av.

LUSK SANITARIUM—Perfect seclusion during confinement; regular physician and midwife in attendance; only reliable incorporated institution in the West. 1630 Pine st.

MRS. FRANCIS, 1714 Chestnut, massage and magnetic treatment for rheumatism and prostration.

MRS. RENNEKAMP, midwife, private home and board for ladies during confinement. 2327 Franklin.

MAGNETIC treatments and physical culture given by Lady Alpine, 1316 Pine st.

MRS. L. HOTSON receives during confinement; treats irregularities; satisfaction guaranteed; honest dealing; information free; experience in diseases; ladies in trouble call. 1808 Washington av.

MRS. ANNA NEWLAND, midwife, 29 S. 14th st., boards ladies during confinement; treats female troubles; terms reasonable; call or write.

MRS. H. BAMBERGER, midwife; ladies can find help and board reasonable. Res., 919 Chouteau av.

MME. ANNA, the fortune teller of the West; 326 Market st., near 4th; established 1851.

RELIEF for Ladies—The Golden Seal female regulator; married ladies will find relief in ten hours; never fails to remove any irregularity from any cause; sent secure from observation for $1. Golden Seal Medical Co., P. O. box 785, St. Louis.

$3.00 FOR SET OF TEETH.

Crescent Dental rooms, 3124 Easton av.

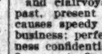
ATTENTION SALOON MEN.

Carbonic acid, $2 per drum, full weight. St. Louis Carbonic Acid Gas Co., 26 S. Commercial st. Telephone 519.

He can stand it as long as you can—your "barber dentist"—when you get tired of having your teeth drilled with and want something first-class in the dental line, call and see us. We will give you the benefit of over 20 years' experience, and our prices, $7 for a set of teeth (with free extracting), $5 for gold crowns, $2 for gold fillings, $1 for all alloy fillings, places reliable and trustworthy dental work within the reach of all.
MISSOURI DENTAL CO., 600 OLIVE ST., ST. LOUIS.
(Branch over First National Bank, East St. Louis.)

Ladies' Special Physician.

Treats all diseases and irregularities; boards during confinement; call or write. Dr. Merwin, 2011 Olive st.



300 PURE GOLD AND PORCELAIN CROWNS WILL BE MADE FOR..... $5.00 EACH

During January and February.

CHASE, Dentist,
6th and Locust, Oriel Building.

MUSICAL.

3500 COPIES sheet music, 10c per copy; 4 copies, 25c, at 2829 Olive st.

MUSICAL—Instruction and for rent, mandolin, violin, guitar, banjo, piano; terms reasonable. Studio, 2829 Olive st.

MUSICAL—Young lady who will give piano lessons in exchange for elocution. Add. T 67, this office.

MUSICAL—Banjo, mandolin and guitar; Fred J. Schulte, teacher; studio 1429 N. 24th st., near Cass av.; terms reasonable.

MUSICAL—Fine piano-tuning and repairing; reasonable charges; drop postal. A. M. Dore, 3980 Franklin av.

PIANO—Rare chance. Hallet & Davis upright piano, but little used, at a bargain this week. C. Beyer, 820 Chouteau av.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted.

HORSE AND WAGON WANTED—Horse and light top wagon for city delivery. Add. 2301 Montgomery st.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—$45 nice team of driving mares; $35 large work horse, age 6 years. 1612 Walk.

RENT LISTS.

ONE LINE (Gothic caliber), fourteen words, 10 cents; 5 cents for each addition of seven words.
ANY DRUG STORE is authorized to receive Want Advertisements for the Post-Dispatch.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

CHESTNUT ST., 3024—Newly furnished room; hot and cold baths; gas; furnace heat.
COMPTON AV., 2325 N.—Nicely furnished rooms; all conven.; gents or ladies; employed.
CARR ST., 1727—Large, handsomely furnished front rooms for housekeeping; laundry and all conven.
EASTON AV., 4006—Newly furnished front or back parlor, with bath, for gents or married couple; use of kitchen for light housekeeping.
FINNEY AV., 3622—Furnished room; refs.
JEFFERSON AV., 327 S.—Furnished front room for light housekeeping; private family; $6 a month.
LOCUST ST., 2616—Handsomely furnished room for gentleman; terms reasonable.
LUCAS AV., 2706—Neatly furnished room, 3d floor, complete for housekeeping; very reasonable.
LOUISIANA AV., 1900—Furnished front room for one or two gents, opposite Compton Hill Park.
MARKET ST., 2357—Furnished front room for 2 gents or lady and gent.
MORGAN ST., 2852—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping; also unfurnished.
MORGAN ST., 2899—Two connecting (furnished or unfurnished) rooms for housekeeping; hot bath; boat house.
OLIVE ST., 1105—2 nice rooms, 3d floor; rent cheap. Call at Dental office.
OLIVE ST., 3008—Large furnished front room, $8 per month; every convenience.
OLIVE ST., 3012—Neatly furnished rooms, 2d floor; everything nice and clean; hot bath.
OLIVE ST., 3517—Two well furnished rooms, single or en suite, for housekeeping; also parlor.
PINE ST., 2324—Furnished rooms; also for light housekeeping, with large closets; at reasonable prices.
ROOM—Widow, living in flat, has nice room with privileges. Add. D 68, this office.
UTAH ST., 3713—One nice basement for rent.
WASH ST., 1705—Comfortable furnished front room, complete for housekeeping, or gents; no. exp.
WASH ST., 1909—Large, handsomely furnished basement rooms; all conveniences for housekeeping; low prices.
9TH ST., 815 N.—Nicely furnished rooms, gents or light housekeeping, $1.50 and up.
11TH ST., 12 N.—Nicely furnished room for light housekeeping; $2.50 per week.
12TH ST., 113 N.—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping and roomers; $1.25 per week and up.
14TH ST., 1122 N.—4 nice room; flat; 2d floor.
2632 CLARK AV.—Furnished 2d-story front room, all conveniences; $7 per month.
12TH ST., 2071½ N. (near Olive)—Nicely furnished 2d-story front room, for gentleman willing to pay fair price for nicely furnished room.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—Wanted, boarders; private; Hotel Delmar; $20 month; elegant accommodations; gentlemen. Address H 68, this office.
BOARD AND ROOM—Widow in flat wants middle-aged gent to board and room; no other roomers. H 68, this office.
CAROLINE ST., 2809—Fur. 2d-story front room; with or without board; private family.
CLARK AV., 2214—Furnished rooms, with board; gas; bath; steam heat; $4.50 and $5 per week.
GARRISON AV., 1611 N.—Large, sunny 2d-story front room; good board; very reasonable.
LOCUST ST., 2221—Nicely furnished rooms; good board; furnace heat; hot baths; refs.
LOCUST ST., 3048—Beautiful rooms, nicely furnished; good table and attendance.
LOCUST ST., 2631—Furnished parlor-bedroom; other rooms; good board, with home comforts.
LOCUST ST., 2307—Large, finely furnished 2d-floor front room; good meals; modern home.
LUCAS AV., 2932—Large, newly furnished 2d-floor front room; one other room; modern appliances; table board; private family; refs.
MORGAN ST., 3126—Elegant room with board; all conveniences; 2 gents or couple; $4 per week.
MORGAN ST., 3136—Newly furnished room, with good board, for two gents or couple.
MISSISSIPPI AV., 1215—One furnished front parlor for gent and wife or two gents, with or without board; 1 block north of Lafayette Park.
OLIVE ST., 2700—Wanted, four young men to board at $20 a month.
PINE ST., 2042—A neatly furnished 2d-story front room with good board.
PINE ST., 2344—Two nicely furnished rooms, with or without board; also one alcove room.
ROOMERS WANTED—Roomers and boarders by lady taking house on Grand and Cook avs.; terms reasonable. Address 1324 Olive st.
ROOM—Two gents or couple can get pleasant, newly furnished room, with good board, at $40 per month; all conveniences. Address K 67, this office.
WASHINGTON AV., 2631—Furnished front and back room; gas, bath and piano; table board.
WEST MORGAN ST., 2916—Front room, furnished or unfurnished, with good board, to couple.
WASHINGTON AV., 3424—Front room; best of board; elegant surroundings; moderate rates.
6TH ST. AND FRANKLIN AV.—Rooms, $1 per week; beds and meals, 15c each.
9TH ST., 1321 S., (Cor. Rutger)—Furnished rooms and board; German kitchen, for gentlemen or married couple.
10TH ST., 1031 S.—Furnished front room, 2d floor; two gents or couple, with or without board.

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED

ROOM—Wanted, by young lady, nicely furnished room, with convs. Add. G 68, this office.
ROOM—Wanted, by gentleman, room; no other roomers. Add. A 68, this office.
ROOM—Wanted, nicely furnished room, suitable for housekeeping; all convs.; not to exceed $2. Answer at once. Add. B 69, this office.
ROOM—Young, respectable dressmaker wishes furnished or unfurnished room in a good neighborhood; state price. Address S 68, this office.
ROOM—Wanted, neatly furnished room for lady; southern part of city, bet. Chouteau and Park avs. and St. Ange av. and Grattan st. Add. S 66, this office.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

BOARD WANTED—Two quiet young gentlemen desire room and board in a strictly first-class private family (no boarding house); must be in good location, east of Grand av. and convenient to Olive st. or Washington av. cars; only those stating terms and full particulars need apply. Add. A 55, this office.
ROOM—Young man wants room and two meals; must be reasonable. Add. B 66, this office.

FLATS WANTED.

FLAT—Wanted, 3-room flat, good neighborhood; east of Grand av. preferred. N 68, this office.
FLAT—Wanted, three or four-room flat, with bath and water closet; state location and price. Add. L 66, this office.

DWELLINGS FOR RENT.

BELL AV., 5117—A modern 8-room house, nicely decorated; will lease to good party. Nicholls-Ritter, 713 Chestnut st.
CAROLINE ST., 3013, 3015—Nice detached brick cottages; four rooms, hall, bath; only $16.
DELMAR AV., 3804—Modern rough stone-front 14-room residence, lately occupied by Judge Seddon; laundry beside; gas fixtures furnished; rent $125 per month. Keys at 3631 Delmar av.
DICKSON ST., 2816—A nine-room stone-front house. Inquire of Philip Roeder, 307 N. 4th st.
GRAND AV., 4125 N.—Two-story stone-front, seven rooms and bath, large side and back yards; large stable; hot and cold kater.
MADISON ST., 2605—Clean 6-room house; front and back yards; $16.50. Key at 2601.
PINE ST., 2921—3-story house, 11 rooms; fine location; near the great Medical College now being built, cor. Garrison and Chestnut st.; all repairs needed will be done. For terms, etc., inquire at 2736 Lucas av. Wm. Thomas.

FLATS FOR RENT.

CHOUTEAU AV., 2804-06-12—Flats, 3 or 4 rooms; $8, $9, $10, $11; half month free. Inquire at drug store, 2800.
CHOUTEAU AV., 2612—Modern flat, 5 nice rooms, large attic, bath, w. c., etc.; splendid location for a doctor. Apply upstairs.
COMPTON AV., 1614 S.—5-room flat. Keys of Dyas & Co., 107 N. 9th st. Phone 697.
DICKSON ST., 3038A—3 or 4-room flat, completely furnished for housekeeping; water, gas and bath.
FRANKLIN AV., 521—3 or 6-room flat; all modern improvements.
JEFFERSON AV., 2113 AND 2111A—3 rooms, bath, hot and cold water.
MORGAN ST., 3213—Five-room flat, with bath; newly papered.
MORGAN ST., 2734—An elegant 6-room flat, with all modern improvements. Inquire 262 Morgan.
NEWSTEAD AV., 4112 AND 4114 N.—New flats, 2d floor; 4 rooms, bath and laundry; $14; take Union or Lindell Railway to door.
WEST CABANNE COURT, 951A—Three-room flat, $10, with water. Apply on premises.
WALTON AV., 731A—Four rooms, bath, hot and cold water, sanitary plumbing, granitoid laundry, every modern conv.; nearly new and in perfect order; large yard in front and rear; select neighborhood; 30 minutes. Suburban or Lindell; $18, including janitor service. Inquire at 901.
11TH ST., 1037 AND 1112 S.—Bet. Chouteau av. and Hickory st.—Flats each two rooms and kitchen; nice repair; cheap rent. Apply 1104 S. 11th st.
14TH ST., 1831 AND 1833 S.—New elegant 4-room flats, very cheap. Inquire in rear.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

JEFFERSON AND RUSSELL—Corner store, suitable for drug store.
JEFFERSON AV., 2103—Would make a good grocery and meat market.
JEFFERSON AV., 2107—A No. 1 opening for barber.
OLIVE ST., 2904—Half of store for rent; for dry goods, notions, florist, or bakery; rent $12.50.
WASHINGTON AV., 1515—Established doctor's office; good location.
4TH ST., 16 N.—Opposite Court-house—A nice store; also fine offices on 2d and 3d floors. Inquire of Janitor, 4th floor.
6TH ST., 912 N.—Store and 30 rooms, centrally located. Apply at 521 Franklin av.

FURNISHED FLATS FOR RENT.

FLAT—New 3-room and bath, lower corner flat on West Belle pl., completely furnished; gas range and radiator; to responsible couple for $30 per month. Add. K., 2928 Washington av.

LOST AND FOUND.

Lost.

DOG—Lost, small black and tan dog, female; $5 reward if returned to 2907 Dayton st.

DOG—Lost, a white fox terrier dog; the left eye is black and called Rex. Finder please return to 2422 Lemp av. and receive reward.

EYE GLASSES—Lost, Monday morning, either on Suburban car or on Twelfth st., between Locust and Market streets, pair of gold-rimmed eye glasses in red leather case. Finder will receive liberal reward by returning same to E. M. Van Buren, 1139 Market st.

HORSE—Lost, Feb. 20, horse; three white feet and bare spot on left hip. Finder please return to Jas. Bennett, 5341 Manchester rd.

LORGNETTE—Lost, tortoise shell lorgnette, either at the Germania Theater, or 14th st., on Olive st. cars, Sunday afternoon. Return to 3953 Washington boulevard, for reward.

POCKETBOOK—Lost, $50 reward and no questions asked for return to No. 18 N. Garrison av. of lady's pocketbook and diamond rings, lost Feb. 19.

WATCH—Lost, ladies' gold-plated watch, bet. St. Charles and Locust st., on Broadway. Finder will please leave same at Mermod & Jaccard's delivery dept. and receive reward.

Found.

FOUND—For a man, a pair of shoes that will wear and fit. Harris' $4.00 shoes. 520 Pine st.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

HIGHEST cash price paid for household goods and feathers. M. Darsis, 107 N. 12th st.

ICE BOX WANTED—To buy butcher's ice box. Add. 4840 St. Louis av.

RIFLE—Wanted, target rifle, 22 calibre; Stevens' "Sure Shot" or "Favorite" preferred; describe and state price. Add. C 68, this office.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE.

BED—For sale, a handsome folding bed; worth $30; will sell for $10. 2820 Lafayette av.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY—For sale, to close an estate, bakery and confectionery; good chance to secure paying business at your own price.

HOUSE—$45 cash, balance on easy payments, buys first-class rooming house; sickness cause of selling. Add. C 69, this office.

NEWSPAPER ROUTE—For sale, evening newspaper route in Carondelet. Apply at this office.

NEWSPAPER ROUTE—For sale, a Chronicle route, in southern part of city; cheap. Inquire at 2010 Gravois av.

SALOON—Good corner saloon, good location; at a bargain; must be sold by March 1. Address J. O'Hara, W. Missouri av. and B st., East St. Louis.

STORE—For sale, candy store and restaurant. Add. K 68, this office.

PARTNERS WANTED.

PARTNER WANTED—To take charge of store; good chance for the right party. See Taylor, 110 N. 8th st., room 20.

TYPEWRITERS.

TYPEWRITER WANTED—For cash. No. 6 Remington and No. 2 Smith Premier typewriter. A 68, this office.

STORAGE.

ANY drug store is authorized to receive want advertisements for the Post-Dispatch.

STORAGE—Regular storage house for furniture, pianos, vehicles, trunks, boxes, etc.; safe, reliable, cheap rates; get our rates; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc.; estimates free; money loaned on goods in our care. Telephone 4122. E. G. Lockert, Pr. & Co., 1219-1221 Olive st.

FIDELITY STORAGE PACKING & MOVING CO

1720-22-24 and 29 Morgan st.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

FOR RENT.

BRAB 134 N. 9TH ST.,
(Between Chestnut and Pine sts.)
Building (brick) suitable for carpenter, whitener, etc.; teal low. Apply to
MANADA-OHIO R. E. CO.,
Phone, 2013. 918 Chestnut st.

HOTEL FOR CONVENTION

Of 32 rooms; new, electric lighted, steam heat; cheap to right party; northwest corner 20th and Madison sts.
JOHN H. TERRY & SONS,
621 Chestnut st.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

LOTS AT KIRKWOOD.

100 feet front, 148 feet deep, $600; $5 down and $1 per month; no interest; no taxes for 2 years; high and beautiful; 3 blocks from electric line; fare 10c. CHAS. A. ROBINSON,
103 N. 8th st., Sole Agent.
LEONARD A. HEIDE, Salesman.

IMPROVED PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

SOMETHING FINE—DWELLING!

Cates av., West of Belt—New, 12 rooms; perfect; go look at it; no comments necessary; $12,500.

RUTLEDGE & KILPATRICK
Realty Co.,
717 Chestnut St.

AT AUCTION.

AUCTION SALE—Beginning at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning, Feb. 26, 1896, I will sell at auction, in convenient lots, to the highest bidders for cash, the entire stock of merchandise of the Chas. P. Brown Wine Co., consisting of wines, whiskies, beers ales, sodas and other liquors, and of cigars; also the fixtures, comprising bar equipment, mirrors, pictures, tables, partitions, safe, desk and other articles.
A. M. HELLMAN,
Assignee of Chas. P. Brown Wine Co.
CHAS. F. KRONE, Attorney, Bank of Commerce Building.

EXECUTOR'S SALE
—OF—
The following described Real Estate belonging to the estate of ADOLPHUS BOECKELER, deceased,

AT AUCTION,

At the East Front Door of Court-House, at 12 o'clock M.

Thursday, February 27.

Paul st., n. side, 141x150.9, bet. Chouteau av. and Hickory st., improved with a substantial 10-room residence; hot water heated; sanitary plumbing; stable and outhouses; all in A1 order.
Bremen av., n. side, 100x123.3½,

...RRIERS ...AVE A KICK,

Say They Are Not Permitted to Buy Uniforms Where They Like.

MR. CARLISLE DENIES.

The Postmaster Declares the Men Are Directed in the Matter by the Department.

St. Louis letter carriers have a grievance against Postmaster Carlisle because of the peculiar enforcement of a postal regulation regarding the purchase of uniforms.

For years it has been the custom to buy two uniforms every year, said a number of carriers who were questioned about the matter Tuesday by a Post-Dispatch reporter. They contend, however, that until recently they were privileged to buy them wherever they saw fit.

May and November have always been the months heretofore in which new uniforms have been purchased. Now that carriers must not only give their orders to a certain house in an Ohio city, but must place orders in February and be measured for uniforms that are not to be delivered until May.

The carriers say that these orders are not issued by the Postmaster in so many words, but they are given to understand that if they do not comply with the order their positions are in danger.

They contend it is unjust that so early as February they should be compelled to have their measures taken and place their orders. But their strongest objection is that they are compelled to throw their patronage to a concern in a foreign city and pay a higher price than if they were bought from St. Louis dealers.

The carriers say the suits for which they have just placed orders will cost them $11.50. They claim they can get the uniform in St. Louis that is just as good and will comply fully with the Government's regulations, at a price that would permit a saving of a couple of dollars on each suit. There are 400 carriers in St. Louis, and when the fact is taken into consideration that each carrier is compelled to buy two uniforms each year, the difference amounts to a pretty fair sum. They claim that the Ohio firm, in view of the fact that they receive the entire patronage, should be enabled to furnish the suits at an even lower price than the St. Louis houses can furnish them.

When the complaints of the letter carriers were spoken of to Postmaster Carlisle by a Post-Dispatch reporter, that official said their complaint was ridiculous and without reason.

"Why, we have never issued any order requiring our carriers to buy uniforms," said Mr. Carlisle. "The order was issued from the department at Washington and is not different now from what it has been for several years. There is a day appointed for examination of uniforms. The next examination day will be the first of May.

"On that day if the carriers are uniformed in accordance with the regulations they will pass muster. It will not matter where they may have bought their uniforms. If their old ones are in good condition, they will pass, so it is obvious that we are not forcing any unreasonable conditions upon the men.

"Now about sending the orders out of the State. This is a result of concerted action upon the part of the carriers all over the country. When Mr. Wanamaker was Postmaster-General the carriers asked that the Department receive bids, with the understanding that all the carriers would patronize the house making the lowest bid. A Cincinnati house was lowest for the county west of the Alleghany Mountains and a New York house East. This bestowal of patronage was wholly voluntary on the part of the men. However there never was any order issued compelling the carriers to patronize either of these houses. They did it because they could get a better rate and were given easier terms than they could get in St. Louis.

"Their winter uniforms cost them $13.95. The carriers were privileged to pay for these by giving three notes for thirty, sixty and ninety days without interest. These notes were forwarded to Mr. D. H. Hayes, the cashier here, and he attended to the forwarding of the payments to the house without cost to the carriers. If we had not done this the carriers would have been required by the house to pay the full amount at the time of the delivery of the uniforms.

"When the bids were received they came from all over the country and no favoritism was shown in making the award. Although a stated price was agreed upon, when the Wilson bill went into effect the price on the uniforms was lowered to conform to the conditions of the bill."

Rosenthal & Desberger formerly supplied many of the carriers with the uniforms. In commenting on the complaints of the carriers Mr. Rosenthal told the reporter that a hardly a day passed but some carrier did not complain to him of having to place orders for uniforms with a firm in a foreign city.

"All the time Mr. Harlow was in charge of the Post-office here," said Mr. Rosenthal, "we supplied many of the carriers. In 1894, after Mr. Carlisle came in, we still supplied a considerable number. Last year, however, we supplied only very few suits. Many carriers told us they could buy cheaper of us and they would rather patronize us, but their positions depended upon their giving their orders to the firm designated by Mr. Carlisle. Now we occasionally supply a few suits to substitutes, and that is about all.

"Our prices, the carriers tell us, are much lower than the Ohio concern's. We make the summer uniform for $9.50. The other concern charges $11.80. Our price for a winter uniform is $12.25, while the foreigners charge $13.95."

STABBED HIM FIVE TIMES.

George Collinger Fatally Wounds Otto Bach in a Fight.

Otto Bach, a hawker, was stabbed five times Tuesday morning by George Collinger, a laborer. He is now at the City Hospital. His wounds are fatal.

Collinger rooms at the saloon and boarding-house of Albert Kuentzler, 3001 South Broadway. Monday morning Kuentzler threw Collinger out of the house because the latter was behind with his room rent.

Otto Bach assisted in the eviction.

Collinger, sore mentally and bodily, waited outside an hour and twenty minutes. Bach then came out of the saloon with an "eighth" of beer on his shoulders, and Collinger assaulted him with his pocket-knife.

The blade entered the left side of Bach's back, right side of his head, left shoulder, forehead between the eyes and to the bone on his left cheek. The wound in the back penetrated the lungs and will cause death.

Collinger was arrested by Officer Stewart and locked up at the Second District Station. He is married and lives at 2835 South Seventh street.

CHILDREN CREMATED.

Three Dead and One Dying on Account of a Coal Oil Fire.

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 25.—A fire caused by coal oil, in the house of Frederick Rose caused the deaths of Theresa Rose, 8; Hannah Rose, 6, and Mary Rose, an infant of 16 months.

Willie Rose, 11 years old, is severely burned about the head, neck hands and limbs. There is no hope for his recovery.

A STREET CAR WRECKED.

The Work of Hoodlum Boys on O'Fallon Street.

A crowd of boys of various ages and sizes attempted to wreck a north-bound Mound City electric car about 4 p. m. Monday.

At Ninth and O'Fallon streets there is a steep grade in the street. The car was going at full speed and when about 200 feet from the far crossing the miscreants rushed in front of it, dropping armfuls of broken rock on the rails.

Before the motorman knew what had happened the car struck the rocks, the front portion rising skyward a few feet and off the track.

Mackey, the motorman, stuck bravely to his post, but he couldn't control the car. It plunged off the track and on to the sidewalk, uprooting a large tree. Then it toppled half over against a stone house.

Meanwhile, Mackey had made his escape, after having sustained a badly bruised head. Ed Long, the conductor, was doing his best to balance himself on the platform. There were sixteen passengers on the car, fourteen of whom were women.

The two men jumped out of the car windows.

The women could have escaped the same way. But they didn't. They screamed with fright, one of them partially fainting away when the car struck the tree. Nearly all of them were unseated, but beyond the shock and the motorman's bruised head no one was badly injured.

Two police officers chased after the miscreants, but they were not overtaken. There was a tie-up on the line for two and a half hours, when the wrecking wagon succeeded in hoisting the car to the track and it was "towed" to the shed.

JOHN FINNEY IN TROUBLE.

He Charged an Innocent Man With Having Robbed Him.

John Finney, the publisher, and son of Dr. Finney, Superintendent of the Provident Association, is locked up at the Four Courts charged with being drunk. Tuesday morning he rushed into the Central District Station and told Capt. O'Malley that he had been robbed. "I had $125, Captain," he said, "and a cab-driver stole it from me."

Finney said that the cab-driver's name was John McHale. The driver was arrested at Jim Cronin's saloon and searched at the Four Courts, but no money was found on him. Capt. O'Malley was just about to lock McHale up for a further investigation when Finney suddenly remembered that he had not been robbed. "It's all right, Captain," he said, "I left my money over at Cronin's saloon." An officer accompanied Finney to the saloon, and there, sure enough, was his $125 locked up in a safe. Capt. O'Malley boiled with rage when told this. He ordered Finney to be locked up and lectured him severely for trying to have an innocent man incarcerated.

This is not the first time that Finney has had a disagreeable dealing with the police. Several weeks ago he had a quarrel with Kenneth McKenzie at the latter's home, 3509 Lindell avenue. Finney had called to see McKenzie's wife. McKenzie dropped in while Finney was there and trouble followed.

"DR. JIM" IN LONDON.

The Renowned Raider Arrives From the Transvaal.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—Dr Jamison landed at Erith, on the Thames, in a tug, from the troopship Victoria, and took the train for London.

There was great excitement at Bow Street Police Court at 3:15 p. m., when a number of Dr. Jamison's friends arrived.

Among those present at that time were the Duke of Abercorn, Viscount Chelsea, the Earl of Arlington, Col Stracey, Private Secretary to the Marquis of Salisbury. Several colonial officers and officials, Mr. Charles E. Marde, M. P., and many other people of note.

Dr. Jamison, after having traveled a circuitous route in order to avoid the crowds, arrived at Bow Street Police Court at 6:25 p. m. He was loudly cheered on entering the court-room, the entire audience rising and uncovering upon his appearance.

Later Dr. Jamison and fourteen of his fellow prisoners were charged with "warring against a friendly State."

The case was adjourned for two weeks, the prisoners being admitted to bail in 2,000 pounds ($10,000) each.

OPPOSED TO FRANCHISES.

The Trades and Labor Union Against the Car Fare Ordinance.

Promoter E. Sweeney of Texas, who is in the city for the express purpose of securing a free franchise for a street railroad that would charge only 3 cents fare has encountered another snag.

Monday evening Mr. Sweeney ushered himself into the Walhalla Hall and asked to have a hearing before the Trades and Labor Union, an organization controlling nearly all of the local unions. He spoke at length of the ordinance he had caused to be introduced in the Municipal Assembly, and asked the indorsement of the working men.

Before there was any discussion on the subject the president announced that there was other business more pressing to attend to. At the close of the meeting Mr. Sweeney was informed that the Trades and Labor Union was opposed to the city granting franchises to anyone for any purpose on any terms. The reason was that they were in favor of the city doing its own work direct, including the transportation of citizens.

VERY ACCOMMODATING.

The City Pays for a Free Ride to Consider a Probable Gift.

Chairman Scherf of the Public Improvements Committee of the House of Delegates took his associates out for a drive Tuesday afternoon at the expense of the city. The ostensible object was to look over the ground in the vicinity of Lemp's brewery and decide upon the question of vacating Eighteenth street, between Cherokee and Potomac.

The chances are that the street will be turned over to Mr. Lemp, who has paid nothing up to date beyond the cost of a few glasses of beer.

WARRANT FOR SATCHWELL.

The Ex-Policeman Is Now Charged With Wife Abandonment.

Hubert Satchwell, who used to walk a beat and boast that he was one of the finest, is in trouble again. His wife swore out a warrant for his arrest for wife abandonment Tuesday morning, and when he is found he will be locked in a cell in Capt. Mike O'Malley's donjon keep at the Four Courts.

BACON'S BOND BILL.

A Tie Vote by the Senators of the Finance Committee.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 25.—The greater part of the time of the meeting of the Senate Committee on Finance to-day was devoted to the consideration of Senator Bacon's bill to prohibit the further issuance of Government bonds without the authority of Congress, but as there was a tie vote upon it, final action was postponed. The Republican Senators present, without exception, took the position that the passage of the bill would be equivalent to the repeal of the resumption act.

A BRAVE WOMAN'S DEED.

Mrs. Knollenberg Saves Two Children From a Cruel Death.

A quiet little woman performed an act of heroism Monday afternoon of which any big strong man might feel proud to have achieved.

Mrs. H. R. Knollenberg is the wife of a traveling man and lives with her husband and mother at 4037 Page avenue.

About 3 p. m. Monday she was on Page avenue going toward Vandeventer when she saw a chestnut horse rushing down the street at breakneck speed. Right in the course of the flying animal were a girl and a boy, the one about 11 and the other about 7.

A group of men on the corner of Vandeventer avenue cried to the little ones to look out, but made no move to save them.

MRS. H. R. KNOLLENBERG.

Mrs. Knollenberg rushed into the center of the avenue and grasping a child under each arm drew them toward the sidewalk just as the maddened animal reached the spot where they had stood.

The heroic little woman was knocked down by the horse and her right arm painfully lacerated by his hoofs.

But she was on her feet in a moment and, after looking to see that the children were safe, walked to the pavement and coolly brushed the dirt from her dress and wrap. One or two persons in the crowd asked her name. She smiled a polite declination and walked to the office of Dr. Wilson, who dressed her injured arm.

Tuesday morning Mrs. Knollenberg received a Post-Dispatch reporter. Her right arm was swathed in bandages.

"It is nothing," she said. "The children were in danger and I obeyed a natural impulse and went to their rescue. I don't know their names nor those of their parents. Don't put anything in the paper about this. Mr. Knollenberg, who is out on the road, will see it and it will make him anxious. It was all over in an instant. As to whether the horse knocked me down and trampled on me I am uncertain. I couldn't tell now. I got hurt. All I know is that my arm was bruised and it swelled so rapidly that I had to rip the sleeve to ease the pain."

Mrs. Knollenberg comes naturally by her grit. She is the only daughter of Capt. Samuel Shaw, who, in command of Company G, Sixteenth Iowa, met death in repelling the charge of Pickett's Brigade at Gettysburg.

She came here from Keokuk, Io., immediately after her marriage to H. R. Knollenberg, eleven years ago, and since then has been actively engaged in charitable work.

She is one of the leading women of the West in Relief Corps work of the G. A. R.

FOR BETTER STREETS.

Meeting of Business Men at the Mayor's Office.

Representatives of the League of Wheelmen, the Merchants' Exchange, the Manufacturers' Association, the Business Men's League, the Civic Federation and the Taxpayers' League met with the Comptroller, the Street Commissioner and the Mayor at the latter's office Tuesday noon to discuss the question of street cleaning.

Frank Gaennie was elected chairman and Mr. Milner was called on to give his views. He explained that more money was needed and that it would require at least $231,000 to do anything like satisfactory work during the coming year.

President Pauley of the Manufacturers' Association followed and paid a very doubtful compliment to the present administration.

"They have done no better and no worse," said he, "than others of the past. My belief is that the people of this city want clean streets and that they are willing to pay for them. More money can be raised and no time should be lost in getting around to it."

Comptroller Sturgeon took a hand to say that it would be necessary to go ahead slowly, owing to the needs of the Work-House, the City Hospital and the Insane Asylum.

Gen. J. W. Turner said: Let us extend our block patrol system so as to show that the streets can be kept clean, and I am satisfied that when the taxpayers become convinced that the money will be properly expended they will not object to paying it.

Henry T. Kent referred to the last message of the Mayor of New York in which he said that the decrease in the death rate had been striking since the city has cleaned its streets.

"What is needed most," said Col. Pat Dyer, "is a better class of men in our Municipal Assembly. We have elected a mighty poor lot of representatives to do our business for us and until we do better I can't see much chance for an improvement in our city affairs. I believe, however, that we need more money for clean streets and we ought to have it."

The Mayor threw a few bouquets at his own administration and complimented himself for being partly responsible for Gen. Turner. He was in favor of the block patrol and intended to give it his earnest support. He then went into a long explanation of the poor work being done on the streets, charging it mostly to the lack of money.

He added: "If it is the law that street car companies must pay their share they will be compelled to do so."

The meeting then adjourned.

GOLD RESERVE GROWTH.

Condition of the Treasury as a Result of the Bond Issue.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb., 25.—To-day's Treasury statement shows the gold reserve to be $123,522,378. Of this amount $91,685,706 was paid for bonds to date. The amount of bonds issued is $70,650,050. The balance is held on call from the purchasers. The total amount of the deferred gold payments, therefore, is only about $20,000,000.

Since January 6 last, the date of Secretary Carlisle's bond circular, the total withdrawals of gold in the Treasury amount to $32,413,396, of which $22,989,253, or about 25 per cent of the whole gold receipts, was not exported, but was used, it is assumed, in the payments of bonds.

Alleged Filibusters Released.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—Commissioner Shields has ordered the release of all the men arrested in connection with the Bermuda alleged filibustering expedition, with the exception of Gen. Garcia, Capt. Hughes and two other leaders. These will be arraigned before the commissioner at once. The prisoners were released because their arrest was in violation of the instructions sent out from Washington last week by Attorney-General Harmon, that suspicion merely was not sufficient grounds for arrest, but that evidence of intention to violate the neutrality laws was required.

VERY CLOSE CALL.

Adam Hartwig and His Wife Nearly Killed by Gas.

Adam Hartwig, who lives at Penrose and Pleasant streets, had a narrow escape from death by asphyxiation Monday night, and his wife may die from the same cause.

Hartwig runs a store at the address mentioned, and he and his wife live in rooms over his place of business. Monday night when Hartwig retired he turned the gas in his bed-room low, and during the night the flame was extinguished.

Tuesday morning Hartwig failed to show up at the store at his usual time and his clerk went up to awaken him. He knocked at the door and receiving no response hammered away vigorously. At last he broke into Hartwig's room and found the latter and his wife both unconscious on the bed. The room was filled with the escaping gas.

A doctor was hastily summoned and Hartwig was restored to consciousness. Mrs. Hartwig's condition is still critical, but hopes are entertained for her recovery.

THE TORRENS SYSTEM.

Public Meeting of the Real Estate Exchange to Consider It.

The Torrens Committee of the Real Estate Exchange has called a public meeting for Wednesday at 2:30 p. m. at the Real Estate Exchange to consider that system.

The committee consists of Paul Jones, James M. Franciscus, E. B. Wolff, John R. Laughlin, R. F. Kilgen, L. B. Pierce and Robert Rutledge.

These gentlemen have devoted much attention to the Torrens system of land registration on behalf of the Real Estate Exchange. They have been in communication with Chicago parties and have watched the workings of the system there since its introduction about one month ago. Simplicity of transfer and the saving of time brought about by its use have commended the system for adoption in this State. The object of Wednesday's meeting is to listen to addresses from well posted attorneys and realty dealers and to form a "Torrens Club," whose objects shall be to secure the passage of a law putting the Torrens system in force in this State. Among the prominent speakers at Wednesday's meeting will be Harvey B. Hurd, L. L. D., of Chicago, who has closely studied the Torrens system in his own city.

Realty Sale.

Nicholls-Ritter Realty & Financial Company sold a lot 30x188 on the south side of Fairmont avenue, between Academy and Clarendon avenues, for the Mercantile Realty & Investment Co., to S. S. Pomeroy, for $52.50 per front foot. Mr. Pomeroy is having plans drawn and will begin immediately the erection of a modern nine-room house on this lot.

SAVED BY THE FENDER.

Narrow Escape of a Little Girl From Death.

Lena Schill, the 4-year-old daughter of Frank Schill, a laborer in the Koerner-Parker lumber mill, who lives at 2123 South Seventh street, had a miraculous escape from death Monday afternoon. About 2 o'clock Mrs. Schill, with an infant in her arms, was crossing from the east side of Seventh street to the opposite pavement, when looking south she saw an electric car bearing down upon her at a ten-mile an hour rate of speed. She called to her little girl, who was behind her, to come on and run to avoid the danger, but little Lena became confused and stood an instant irresolute after she had reached the middle of the track. She was thrown down by the fender of car No. 9, and rolled for a distance of twenty feet beneath the fender and in front of the wheels before the motorman brought his car to a standstill. When the child was taken from her perilous position and carried into her home, it was discovered that she had sustained two severe scalp wounds and a slight fracture of the skull. Dr. Wenger, who was called in, pronounced the child's wounds dangerous, but not necessarily fatal. Mrs. Schill declares the motorman rang no bell to give warning of danger to her and her children.

REQUISITION HONORED.

Geateno Noschise Wanted in St. Louis Will be Extradited.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 25.—The requisition of Governor Stone of Missouri for the surrender of Geateno Noschise was to-day honored by Governor Altgeld Noschise is wanted in St. Louis for trying to kill Lawrence J. Manning with a knife last November, and is now in Chicago.

THE MARKETS.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 25.

The strength in Liverpool is said to be due to confirmation of crop shortage and drainage in the Argentine. A cable received this morning states the wheat crop is small and of inferior quality in all provinces, excepting Rosario. This confirms cable of a Northwestern Miller representative, who has been investigating the matter. He cables: Crop fair in Buenos Ayres. Elsewhere poor in quantity and quality. Rain damage extensive during threshing and since.

A decided increase in wheat shipments from Eastern Europe took place last week. Russian exports being 2,480,000 bu against 1,696,000 bu before and 1,128,000 for corresponding week last year, and the Danubian export of 1,344,000 bu exceeding the week before by 840,000 bu. The latter countries also shipped 1,200,000 bu corn, but Russia only 120,000 bu, latter 560,000 bu less than a year ago.

Liverpool received during last three days 181,000 bu wheat and 288,000 bu corn. Of the wheat only 43,000 bu came from this country.

Australia's wheat crop is now estimated at 24,423,000 bu, which is 7,298,000 bu smaller than last year's.

Beerbohm estimates the world's wheat crop as 2,451,600,000 bu in 1895, against 2,567,600,000 bu in 1894 and 2,458,080,000 bu in 1893.

A crop report issued to-day is supposed to give a line on what the next Government report will be on farm reserves. It places the amount of wheat east of the Rockies at 157,000,000 bu, against 165,000,000 one year ago, the reserves in six principal winter wheat States as 15,000,000 bu, most of which of unmerchantable quality. Corn in farmers' hands 1,100,000,000 bu, against 568,000,000 a year ago, and of the total 654,000,000 bu in seven surplus States, against 255,000,000 one year ago.

Shipments of wheat last week to Europe were 3,149,000 bu from the United States and Canada, 2,480,000 bu from Russia, 1,344,000 bu from Danubian ports, 944,000 bu from the Argentine and 644,000 bu from mills, a total of 7,561,000 bu, against 5,006,000 bu the week before and 3,561,600 bu for the corresponding week last year.

New Orleans cleared yesterday 20,972 bu wheat and 36,067 bu corn for Liverpool.

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Tuesday.	Monday.	Year Ago.
Wheat	1,226,424	1,230,028	4,044,504
Corn	310,881	304,024	2,854,209
Oats	903,955	886,100	445,600
Barley	3,334	3,334	1,554
Rye	3,427	28,112	10,777
No. 2 red winter	27,112	225,073	3,672,148
No. 3 hard winter	925,078	288,297	.....
No. 2 corn	283,259	5,954	2,040,384
No. 2 white corn	12,204	145,562	.....
No. 2 oats	152,716	175,818	210,236
No. 2 white oats	1,735	1,735	1,554

Regular Cash Market Prices.

	Tuesday.	Monday.	Year Ago.
WHEAT.			
No. 2 red	71 b	71½	52
No. 3 red	68 b	66 b	51
No. 4 winter	.....	62 a	51
No. 2 hard winter	.....	.....	61
CORN.			
No. 2	27½@27¾	26¼@27¾	42¾
No. 2 white	27½b	27 b	42¾
No. 3	.....	.....	41¾
OATS.			
No. 2	19 b	19 b	30½
No. 3	18½b	18½b	29½

Future Prices.

	Closing Monday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing Tuesday.
WHEAT.				
May	64¼@64¾	65¾	63¾	65¾
July	63¾@63¾ a 64¼@64¾b		62¾	64¼@64¾b
CORN.				
Feb	26¾b	.....	.....	27¼b
May	26¼b	.....	.....	27¼b
June	27¼	28	27¼	27¾@27¾
July	28¼a	29	28¼a	29 a
OATS.				
May	20¾	20¾	20¾@20¾	20¾b
July	19¾b	.....	.....	19¾b

CHICAGO—Reported by Gaylord, Blessing & Co.

WHEAT.				
May	65¾	67¼	65¾	67¾@67½b
CORN.				
May	30¾	31¼	30¾	31
OATS.				
May	21¾	21¾	21¾	21½
PORK.				
May	$9.95@97½	$9.82½@9.85	$9.82½@9.85	$9.85@97½
LARD.				
May	5.55@57½	5 55	5.50	5.50
RIBS.				
May	5.20	5 17½	5 12	5.15

WHEAT.

Advances elsewhere and the strength in Liverpool, which was up ¾d more on Argentine crop news, gave the higher opening at this point, but there was free selling that soon filled up the few and moderate buyers and finally began to exert a depressing effect upon values. Most this selling was by a house which, it is stated, will bring another large line of hard winter here from Kansas City, which in itself created a bearish sentiment and led to considerable selling. Other domestic markets, however, did not hold their early advance. The heavy world's shipments for past week, where the increase in Russian and Danubian exports were especially marked, were not conducive to bull markets. Receipts on this side were well maintained, 568 cars arriving at Duluth and Minneapolis, against 640 a year ago, 35,000 bu at St. Louis, against 2,500 and 466,000 bu at Western markets, against 275,000 bu. The weather was favorable for the growing crop and if any complaints in they were kept under cover.

Clearances for the day in flour and wheat were 312,000 bu from five ports. A second Liverpool cable reported another ¾d advance on Argentine damage, showing that market was well stirred up, and this caused another rally on this side. Bradstreet's decrease of 1,072,000 bu in the available of this country and of 384,000 bu afloat for and in Europe, made a total decrease of 1,456,000 bu in the world's stock, which was more than ex-in Europe, made a total decrease of 1,456,000 bu decrease a year ago. All domestic markets were very strong the last hour of the session, especially Chicago, and the home market had to advance willy nilly. Shorts were covering late in the day, adding to the strength, and the close was strong.

Spot grades—The call passed indifferently. No. 2 red was offered regular at 71¾c, and only bid was 71c for F. No. 3 red offered at 70c for 10,000 bu f. o. b. and bids were 65c regular, 68c E. side. Other grades neglected, outside a bid of 65c for No. 2 spring in Ter.

Samples were no higher, but sold readily at steady prices. On track No. 4 winter at 63c, No. 3 red at 68c and No. 2 red at 72@73c.

CORN.

Heavy receipts failed to weaken this market at the opening, but it dropped back when wheat declined. At Chicago 1,266 cars were received, when estimates at St. Louis early in the day were that the 122,000 bu in was local, and the total at Western markets was 544,000 bu, against 343,000 last Tuesday and 364,000 a year ago. Clearances were smaller from five ports, being 183,000 bu, but foreign markets steady and firm, with Liverpool ¼d higher. Exports small from Russia, but large from the Danube.

Bradstreet's available showed 877,000 bu decrease, a point about doubling the visible decrease, and one year ago the reductions only 137,000 bu. There was a stiff advance when wheat rallied, and the market was strong then to the close.

Spot grades—Stronger again and the only premium for No. 2 on the call was for Ter., it selling there at 27¼c, while F. and United sold at 27¼c and latter finally paid for regular. Most the buying was for speculative account, an exporter reselling 10,000 bu in the field. No. 2 white offered in F. at 27¼c, bid 27c regular, 27½c for United, 27¾c for Ter. For No. 3 in Ter., 26c bid.

After call No. 2 sold in United at 27¼c.

OATS.

Received, 588,000 bu, against 309,000 a year ago, and shipped, 273,000 bu. Bradstreet's available decreased 115,000 bu last week, where the visible decreased 58,000 bu. One year ago the available decreased 250,000 bu. The future market was firm, but quiet.

Spot grades—No. 2 offered regular at 19¾c, bid 19c, and for Ter. 19¼c bid; No. 3 regular at 18¾c, bid 18c for United, 18¼c for F., 19c for Ter.; for No. 4 in F., 17½c bid.

RYE.

None offered on call and 37½c bid for No. 2 East side. After call No. 2 sold E. track at 39c, an advance.

HAY.

Received, 2,580 tons; shipped, 760 tons. The heavy postings to-day consist of several days' receipts, so the average per day is not above the average. No. 1 to choice timothy is not overplentiful, for which the demand continues quite good, and this applies also to those grades of prairie, but lower descriptions, and more especially prairie, is decidedly dull and inactive. Clover, where good and of satisfactory color, steady, but very little inquiry therefor at present.

Sales: Track and warehouse—This side—Prairie—1 car No. 3 at $4.75, 2 do and 1 damaged (storage paid) at $5, 1 No. 2 at $5.50, 1 No. 2 at $6, 1 No. 1 at $7, 1 do at $7.50, 2 choice at $8. Clover—1 car mixed at $10.50, 1 choice at $11. Mixed—1 car low grade at $7. Timothy—1 car common at $8, 3 No. 2 at $9.50, 1 car part No. 3 at $9 and part choice at $12, 1 stained and clover mixed and 1 No. 2 at $10, 1 No. 2 at $10.50, 2 No. 1 at $11, 1 do at $11.50, 4 choice (1 large-baled) at $12, 3 do at $12.50, 1 do (large-baled) at $13, 1 do at $13.50.

East side—Clover—1 car choice at $11. Mixed—1 car common at $5. Timothy—1 car No. 3 at $9, 3 No. 2 at $10.50, 1 No. 1 at $11, 1 car, part No. 2, at $10.50 and part choice at $13, 2 choice (1 large-baled) at $13.

FLOUR AND FEED.

FLOUR—Domestic trades continue right good, but export sales very slow and small, though 2,000 sks worked to the United Kingdom.

Patents	$3 65@3 80
Extra fancy	3 35@3 50
Fancy	2 90@3 00
Choice	2 50@2 65
Rye flour	2 75@2 90
Buckwheat flour	3 25@3 25
Cornmeal	1 35@1 40
Hominy, pearl meal, etc.	1 75@1 80

MILLFEED—Stronger at 45c bid for sacked bran E track, at which sales made, besides a car at 45¼c.

PROVISIONS.

PORK—Standard mess, new, $10 per bbl; old, $9.80; on orders, 50c per bbl higher.

LARD—Prime steam, 5.20c; choice, 5.27½c.

BACON—Jobbing sales, boxed lots: Shoulders, 5½c; longs, 6¾c; clear ribs, 6¾c; clear sides, 6c. On orders by dealers, ¼c higher.

D. S. MEATS—Boxed lots: Shoulders, 4¾c; longs, 5¼c; clear ribs, 5¾c; clear sides, 5½c, by dealers, ¼c higher.

BREAKFAST BACON—On orders, 9½@10¾c.

COUNTRY BACON—Very quiet; shoulders, 4½c per lb; clear sides, 4¾@5c; hams, 7½@8c.

SUGAR CURED HAMS—On orders, 9½@10¾c.

BEEF—Mess, $6.50@7.50 per bbl; dried, 9@11c per lb; tongues, $14.50 per doz.

DRESSED HOGS—Selling slow at 3½@4c per lb.

SEEDS AND CASTOR BEANS.

GRASS SEEDS—Clover sold better. Clover, weedy and trashy, $3.50@4.50; fair to prime, $5.30 to $6.35; timothy, $2.75 to $3.40; millet, 50c to 90c; red top, inferior, $1@2.50; prime, $3@3.50; choice, $4@7; fancy, $8@13.50, as to quality.

FLAXSEED—Quiet at 85c.

HEMPSEED—Quiet at $2.50, pure test.

STOCK PEAS—Quotable at 60@70c per bu for mixed, 90@92c for whip-poor-will and 80@85c for white.

LEAD AND SPELTER.

Lead—Strong and advancing. No sellers now below $2.97½, 300 tons selling at that, besides 2 cars at $3.

Spelter—Nominal at $3.85@3.90.

ON THE STREET.

NOTICE—Economy of space requires the omission of markets infrequently changed. Articles not quoted will therefore be noted as unchanged from their last preceding publication.

(The Post-Dispatch quotations are for lots in first hands, unless otherwise quoted. Orders are filled with choice goods and are higher.)

EGGS.

Receipts, 9,851 cases; shipments, 9,530 cases; lower at 9c dozen for fresh. Inferior stock dull at less.

BUTTER AND CHEESE.

BUTTER—Higher for fancy table grades; others unchanged.

CREAMERY.

Extras	23@23
Firsts	19@20
Seconds	17@18

ROLL.

Extras	17@18
Firsts	12@13
Seconds	9@10

DAIRY.

Near-by choice	9@ 7
do poor to fair	4@ 6
Northern choice	11@12

CHEESE—Steady. Wisconsin Full cream, twins, 9½@10¼c; single, 9¼@10¾c; Young America, 9½@10¾c. Illinois make—Twins, 9@9½c; singles, 6¼@7¼c; Young America, 7c; brick, 11¼@12c; Limburger, 11½@12c; Swiss, choice, 12@14c.

POULTRY, GAME AND YEALS.

DRESSED POULTRY—Slow of sale and weaker. Drawn, with heads and legs on—Turkeys, 10@11c per lb; chickens, 7½@8c; old, 6@6c; ducks, 10@11c; geese, 6@7c; with heads and legs on—Turkeys, 9@10c; chickens, young, 6@7½c; old, 4½c; ducks, 9@10c; geese, 5@6c.

LIVE POULTRY—Turkeys steady; average receipts, 9c per lb. Chickens steady; mixed, 7c per lb; hens, 7c per lb; old roosters, 3½c. Ducks steady, 9½c per lb; small and thin less. Geese weak, 5½c per lb; plucked, 4c. Pigeons, $1 per doz.

HIDES, PELTS, FEATHERS, TALLOW, ETC.

HIDES—Quiet and weaker.

Horsehair prices.

Green salted, Western 5½

Green salted, Arkansas and Southern 5½
Dry flint, choice ..... 10½@10¾
Dry flint, average run ..... 10 @10½
Dry flint, natives ..... 10 @10½
Dry flint, Southern ..... 9½@9¾
Dry salted 7½
Glue stock, green salted, dry ..... 2½@3 5½
On selection—
Green salted, No. 1 ..... 6½
Green salted, No. 2 5
Dry flint, No. 1 ..... 11½
Dry flint, No. 2 ..... 9½
Dry salted, No. 1 ..... 8½
Dry salted, No. 2 ..... 7½

Uncured 1c and part cured 1½c less; dry fallen 2c less than butcher stock.

COFFEE.

Reported by Hanley & Kinsella Coffee and Spice Company.

	St. Louis. First Call.	Feb. 25. Second Call.	Third Call.
February	12.55		.....
March	12.55	12.50	.....
April	12.20@	12.25	.....
May	12.05	11.95	11.95
June	11.70@	11.65	.....
July	11.45	.....	.....

Mail pouch coffee at 20.85.

RIO.—Receipts, two days, 5,000; no returns from Santos.

COTTON.

LOCAL MARKET—Quiet and 1-16c lower. Sales: 500 bales, 200 bales of which f. o. b. Quotations: Ordinary, 6 9-16c; good ordinary, 6 15-16c; low middling, 7 5-16c; middling, 7⅜c; good middling, 7 13-16c; middling fair, 8 5-16c; tinges ⅛c and stains ¼c below white.

ST. LOUIS WAREHOUSE STATEMENT.

Net receipts to-day	201	528
Net receipts since Sept. 1	104,843	136,405
Gross receipts to-day	1,334	3,393
Gross receipts since Sept. 1	481,339	755,949
Net shipments to-day	838	930
Net shipments since Sept. 1	41,057	88,146
Gross shipments to-day	1,969	3,823
Gross shipments since Sept. 1	418,141	718,025
Stock on hand	70,787	98,158

LIVERPOOL—Quiet; prices easier. Uplands, 4 15-32d; sales, 18,000 bales; futures closed quiet, Feb. and March, 4 20-64d; March and April, 4 19-64d; April and May, 4 18-64d; May and June, 4 18-64d; June and July, 4 17-64d; July and Aug., 4 16-64d; Aug. and Sept., 4 13-64d; Sept. and Oct., 5 5-64d.

NEW YORK—Spot quiet; middling, 7⅞c. Futures closed steady. Sales 171,700 bales.

Private wire to Gaylord, Blessing & Co.

	Closing Monday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing Tuesday
February	7.55	7.57	7.49	.....
March	7.55	7.57	7.50	7.57
April	7.61	7.63	7.54	7.63
May	7.66	7.69	7.61	7.68
June	7.70	7.72	7.66	7.72
July	7.74	7.76	7.70	7.76
August	7.74	7.77	7.71	7.76
September	7.50	7.53	7.45	7.53
October	7.39	7.42	7.36	7.42
November	7.39	7.37	7.33	7.37
December	7.38	7.38	7.35	7.38

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—Cables again played an important part in the opening strength of wheat, but their continued result is creating uneasiness among short sellers. May opened ⅝c higher at 66@66¼c and advanced steadily to 66¾@66⅞c, where a reaction carried the price back to 66

APPEAL TO THE SALVATION ARMY.

Col. Nicol's Efforts to Prevent a Secession Movement.

FLAME OF REVOLT RISING.

Ballington Booth and His Wife Will Be Urged to Create and Lead a New Organization.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—Following is the appeal issued by Col. Nicol of the Salvation Army now being sent throughout the country by mail and wire to officers and soldiers:

It is with great anguish and a deep sense of the consequences involved that I have to confirm the telegram concerning the lamentable and deplorable resignation of your commanders.

The resignation was conveyed to the General in a letter dated as far back as Jan. 21. The reasons given for their unexpected resignation are alleged personal differences of some months' standing. It will occasion you, I believe, a lack of confidence of international system of administration.

As you will readily imagine this letter of resignation came upon our leaders as a bolt from a blue sky. The chief of the staff, Mr. Bramwell Booth, to whom the letter had to be sent, owing to the General's absence in India, was amazed beyond measure, and the other members of the General's family within reach were crushed with indescribable sorrow. That such a step should be taken by any territorial commander must be a great grief, but the sorrow in this case is intensified a hundred fold by the fact that your commander is one of the General's own children and an officer whose long devotion to the war and pledges of undying and unflinching fidelity to our glorious flag had given him more than a warm place in the confidence of his brother officers in all parts of the world.

Whatever may be the final issue of this terrible step I am glad to be in a position in the midst of this dark hour to inform you that international headquarters acted on the first indication of the commander's intention with rare consideration, love and sacrifice.

A special representative of International Headquarters was dispatched at a few hours' notice to New York to confer with your commander upon the whole situation, and to prevail upon him to at least see his father before finally persisting in his course. His brother, Commandant Herbert Booth, was also urged and ordered to bring the pressure of filial regard to bear upon the commander as well as endeavor to throw light upon his difficulties. His sister, Field Commissioner Eva Booth, who was in the midst of her London farewell, and the arrangements for the General's return was likewise ordered to New York with the God-speed and prayers of the International Headquarters.

For days and nights these three mediators employed every possible argument, appeal and entreaty to beseech the commanders to visit England. Their efforts were ably supported by long cablegrams from the General and correspondence from International Headquarters. But to our great and irreparable sorrow they failed, and the commanders retired last Friday morning from the direction of affairs.

As neither the commandant nor the Field Commissioner nor myself possess the power to accept your commander's resignation, it once disowned responsibility for the commander's step, communicated the facts to International Headquarters and threw ourselves with the overwhelming burden created by the sad event, upon the never failing stronghold of our glorious army—the presence and the promise of help of Jehovah.

It is needless for me to tell you, dear comrades, that the whole circumstances will at once become the subject of investigation on the part of International Headquarters. The action of the commanders, as well as our own, will be brought before the General, and I am authorized to state that his verdict upon the circumstances will be communicated to you in due course. One word more. The General—and, indeed, the whole army—relies upon you in this hour of trial, and I am sure the future will show that among all the countries of the globe there are no more faithful, devoted, reliable or loyal officers and soldiers than those who have carried the stars and stripes into the very van of the army's world-wide battle for God.

Yours in bonds of sorrow, and yet faith and confidence,

ALEXANDER M. NICOL,
Colonel, and General's Representative.

Staff Captain Caygill, discussing the situation, said:

"Commander Booth will decide Saturday whether to lead an independent movement. His decision will depend on our action in the meantime. There is a strong secession sentiment, and if it develops into an open revolt we will insist upon Ballington Booth leading us again. If he should agree to lead an independent movement, he might retain control of the headquarters and other property. It is quite likely that some of the leading officers may compel the new commander to court-martial them, in which case the fires of revolt would be fanned to such a heat that nothing could prevent an independent movement.

A NEW ARMY.

It May Be Organized in the United States by the Booths.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—Referring to the big meeting held by the Salvation Army representatives here yesterday, Ballington Booth said he had not called it, but that he had been invited to make an address, in order that his version of the trouble might be heard, along with the statements by the Field Commissioner, Eva Booth. The Commander affirmed that he had been dismissed; that Col. Nicol and Commandant Herbert Booth came here with power to oust him.

He gave the reasons why he had refused to go to London. There were several conditions under which he would go. They were:

1. That three American brigadiers should be present at all meetings in London.
2. Col. Eadie should be at once recalled.
3. That Commander Herbert Booth should return to Toronto and remain there until Ballington's return to America.
4. That Col. Nicol remain here and assist Mrs. Booth in the command during his absence.
5. That Commissioner Eva Booth should return to London.

These conditions were not accepted, the "Eadie faction" especially objecting to the one requiring Herbert to stay in Toronto. They would not consent to the request that Commissioner Eva withdraw from America. Besides they insist that Mrs. Maud Booth must return to England with her husband, Ballington Booth.

Commander Booth said he was asked to go to London or be cofirtmartialed, and this he would not submit to. He insists that the statements issued by the Eadie faction were misleading, to say the least.

It was thought by several members of the army who were willing to express an opinion that Ballington and Mrs. Booth were out of the Salvation Army for good, but that they would soon be at work with many of the present army officers and privates in organizing a new army with the help of prominent Christian workers of this city. In a circular letter dated February 22, signed by Col. Nicol, which was mailed to officers throughout the country last night, it is stated that Commander and Mrs. Booth had sent in a letter of resignation to the General as far back as January 31.

A prominent staff officer says Commander Ballington Booth had had continually in mind and heart his duty to the American people; that he had felt all along, during the nine years of his residence here, that the strict military rules of his father, the General, would not work successfully in the United States, and that he had been successful because he had made the people love him. The same authority declares that $5,000 a year had been contributed by the United States branch to assist the English branch.

Services were conducted as usual last night at the headquarters of the Salvation Army, and no reference was made to the troubles in the ranks.

BOOTH—TUCKER.

The Great Work Done by the Salvation Army in India.

CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—Announcement that Commissioner Booth Tucker had been named to succeed Ballington Booth as Commander of the Salvation Army in the United States was received with many evidences of pleasure in local Salvation Army circles. Capt. Brown said last night: "Commissioner Booth Tucker is one of the great men of our work, and his career possesses a high degree of romantic interest. He was a Judge on the Queen's Bench in India and was possessed of great wealth, when, through the work of the army, he became converted and decided to make its work his own. His first act was to retire from his high position, his next to give away his fortune—he gave it to the army—and then, assuming the garb of the East Indian of the very lowest caste, he begged his daily food from door to door.

"Going to London he offered his services to Gen. Booth, asking only that he be returned to India, whose necessities he knew so well. For six months he was taken through a course of instruction in the great London training school of the army, and then he was sent as commissioner to India, accompanied by fifty officers—the "Jubilee Fifty" they were called. He organized the work thoroughly there and established it as only one of his fine executive powers might do. While in that service he married a daughter of the General, and together they labored in the field for several years, but at last his wife's health failed and they were compelled to return to England, when they were made international foreign secretaries, still retaining the guiding hand in Indian affairs however.

"The appointment of Commissioner Eva Booth to the command of the army in the United States we take to be but a temporary affair. She is under 30, I should say, and, like her parents, possessed of great executive ability. She has been for several years her father's immediate assistant, and she is thoroughly familiar with every detail of the great work of the army."

FORTY DAYS FAST.

A New York Woman's Heroic Remedy for Stomach Trouble.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

DANSVILLE, N. Y., Feb. 25.—Mrs. Valentine Kurtz of South Dansville, a little settlement six or seven miles from this village, astonished her family on Jan. 19 by refusing to sit down with them at the breakfast table. In reply to their inquiries Mrs. Kurtz replied that she did not want and would not eat her breakfast. Further than this Mrs. Kurtz said she would not eat anything for forty days.

Up to the present time, which completes thirty-six days of her fast, not a morsel of food has passed the woman's lips.

Mrs. Kurtz is of German extraction. She is apparently a strong, healthy woman, but in reality suffers some from a stomach difficulty. It was for the purpose of curing herself of this affliction that she entered upon her fast. Several years ago Mrs. Kurtz was confined to her bed for a period of eighteen months. She cured herself, so she claims, by prayers. She has great faith in the benefits obtained by fasting and prayer.

Mrs. Kurtz has become somewhat emaciated and weakened. She is confined to her bed most of the time, but manages when occasion requires, or she feels inclined to get up and go about the house. Her steps are somewhat tottering and in crossing a room she frequently has to grasp the backs of chairs in order to steady herself.

SHOT FROM HIS HORSE.

M. F. Grissett, a Florida Desperado, Killed by Intended Victims.

BRISTOL, Fla., Feb. 25.—After shooting three men M. F. Grissett was killed yesterday. Grissett was a noted desperado and shot into a logging camp with a rifle.

W. R. Flowers and Henry Calvin opened fire on Grissett. The desperado rode at the two men, firing rapidly. Calvin was shot in the leg and fell, but continued to shoot at Grissett from the ground. He toppled from his horse and Calvin and Flowers continued to pour lead into him.

WEARY OF MRS. LEASE.

Jerry Simpson Hopes She Will Stick to the Pulpit.

DETROIT, Feb. 25.—The Hon. "Jerry" Simpson is to deliver a lecture here tonight. When he arrived in the city he was asked for an interview about Mrs. Lease. He said:

"I don't know whether Mrs. Lease really means to abandon politics or not, but I hope she does. While a woman of great ability, she is too aggressive and independent. She won't tolerate anybody else's views and is always causing trouble. She is a lot better off in the pulpit than in politics and I hope will stay there."

Eczema All Her Life.

Mr. E. D. Jenkins, of Lithonia, Ga., says that his daughter, Ida, inherited a severe case of Eczema, which the usual mercury and potash remedies failed to relieve. Year by year she was treated with various medicines, external applications and internal remedies, without result. Her sufferings were intense, and her condition grew steadily worse. All the so-called blood remedies did not seem to reach the disease at all until S. S. S. was given, when an improvement was at once noticed. The medicine was continuecd with favorable results, and now she is cured sound and well, her skin is perfectly clear and pure and she has been saved from what threatened to blight her life forever.

S.S.S. (*guaranteed purely vegetable*) cures Eczema, Scrofula, Cancer, Rheumatism, or any other blood trouble.

It is a real blood remedy and always cures even after all else fails.

A Real Blood Remedy.

Take a *blood remedy* for a blood disease; a tonic won't cure it.

Our books on blood and skin diseases mailed free to any address. Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

SSS

BRANDT'S BIG SALE!

1,500 PAIRS

Ladies' Dongola Boots

—AT—

$1.50

$1.50

Every Pair Guaranteed Solid!

Lace and Button, Heel and Spring Heel, New Pointed and Extreme Square Toes.

J. G. BRANDT SHOE CO.,

COR. BROADWAY AND LUCAS AV.

Open Until 10 P. M. Saturday.

HOW WILL WOOD WAS LED ASTRAY.

Narrated by the Accused Youth's Father, Rev. D. M. Wood.

MURDER OF PEARL BRYAN.

The Fond Parent Explains That His Son Was Corrupted by Jackson, the Alleged Headsman.

CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 25.—The Rev. D. M. Wood of Greencastle, Ind., father of Wm. Wood, who is in jail here for complicity in the proposed procuring of a criminal operation on Pearl Bryan, the beheaded girl, makes a long statement in the Commercial-Gazette, in the way of palliating the share of his son in the crime, if not excusing it.

Speaking of those dreadful letters sent by Wood to Jackson, one of the accused murderers, Mr. Wood says:

"I have no apology for the letters. They were as great a revelation to me when I read them in Mayor Caldwell's office as they were to any one else. I did not consider him capable of using such language.

They struck me as being profane and coarse, rather than as vulgar and indecent. They appear to be such as a boy might write who wished to appear as bold as someone else, and it is plain to anyone who will study them that they were exaggerated and unnatural. They are clearly the result of Jackson's unfortunate influence over my boy.

The reverend gentleman says the feeling about Greencastle and elsewhere in Indiana has become much more mild toward Will Wood. He says Fred Bryan, brother of the murdered girl, is about the only one that is still bitter toward Will Wood.

He blames Pearl Bryan for inducing his son to bring her and Jackson together during last August and September. On this score he says:

"It was only after three or four weeks of urging on Pearl's part that Will consented to take Scott Jackson out to Pearl's home.

"Many young men of the town have come to me personally and assured me of what they knew of Pearl Bryan and of my son that there never was any improper intimacy between them.

"The feeling is growing that Will was made a convenient tool by Jackson, and an intermediate friend to go between her and Jackson by Miss Bryan."

The writer admits that Will showed the letter prescribing a drug for Pearl and that he showed it to Dr. Gillespie. He says Will did not get the prescription filled and does not know that any one else got it filled. Will gave it to Pearl Bryan. Jackson, when he was at Greencastle during the holidays was much displeased to learn that Pearl Bryan had the letter.

He relates at length how Will became acquainted with Scott Jackson in 1894 and how he kept up that intimacy later when Jackson was working in Dr. Gillespie's office.

He now knows how Jackson tried to corrupt Will's mind; how he described escapades with girls in his own life, not with lewd women, but with good girls he had seduced from the path of virtue. All this the reverend father was ignorant until Will's arrest.

Jackson made Will believe that in the case of Pearl Bryan, the operation to be performed in Cincinnati was a common occurrence; was very simple and safe and would detain her here only four or five days. In fact, she was detained here alive only five days.

He said Dr. Gillespie during the holidays urged Jackson to marry Pearl Bryan, but he refused. Rev. Mr. Wood does not think his son will be indicted in Indiana.

WOODS' CASE CONTINUED.

Bail Reduced and Another Effort to Procure a Surety.

CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 25.—The case of William Wood, charged with abetting an attempt to commit a criminal operation upon Pearl Bryan, the girl who was beheaded, was called this morning in the Police Court. The prisoner appeared attended by his attorneys, Davis and Blackburn, of this city, and Gen. Matson of Indiana. His father, Rev. D. M. Wood, and Rev. Dr. Rust, were also present.

By consent the case was postponed until April 18 and the bail was reduced from $5,000 to $3,000. The young man was taken downstairs to await the result of an effort to procure a bondsman.

ANTI-NERVOUS-DYSPEPTIC

MAIL POUCH TOBACCO

No Nerves Quaking
No Heart Palpitating
No Dyspeptic Aching

NICOTINE NEUTRALIZED

"TWO EMPIRES BY THE SEA."

The New International Hymn Composed by Prof. Huntington.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 25.—Prof. George Huntington of Carlton College, Northfield, Minn., is well known all over the Union as an author, and his latest poem, written in response to a request for an international hymn for English-speaking people, and first sung at Carlton College yesterday, has become quickly popular there. It follows:

INTERNATIONAL HYMN.
(Tune, "America.")

Two empires by the sea,
Two nations, great and free,
One anthem raise.
One race of ancient fame,
One tongue, one faith, we claim;
One God, whose glorious name
We love and praise.

What deeds our fathers wrought,
What battles we have fought,
Let Fame record.
Now, vengeful passion cease,
Come victories of peace,
Nor hate nor pride's caprice
Unsheath the sword.

Though deep the sea and wide
'Twixt realm and realm, its tide
Binds strand to strand.
So be the gulf between
Gray coasts and islands green,
Great populace and Queen,
By friendship spanned.

Now may the God above
Guard the dear lands we love,
Or East or West.
Let love more fervent glow
As peaceful ages go,
And strength yet stronger grow,
Blessing and blest.

COL. DYER'S ANSWER.

Believes Mrs. Mary A. Comans Is Now a Married Woman.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 25.—Col. Erastus H. Dyer, President of the Kanawha Oil Co. has filed his answer to the $50,000 breach of promise suit brought by Mrs. Mary A. Comans of New York.

Col. Dyer denies all of Mrs. Comans' allegations and says he has reason to believe that the plaintiff has been and is the lawful wife of Jabez B. Comans. Nothing is said in the answer as to the whereabouts of Jabez B. Comans.

MOUNTAINS OF FIRE.

The Cocopa Volcanoes in Arizona in Action Again.

YUMA, Ariz., Feb. 25.—The Cocopa volcanoes, seventy-five miles southwest of here, are again very active. Those on the plains are throwing out hot water, steam and mud, while the dry ones and the solitary one in the mountain range pour forth smoke by day and flame by night, plainly seen at a point fifteen miles west of here. There are more than 10,000 of these volcanoes in the plain, twelve miles horth of the base of the mountains. They are active only at times, when the rear of their workings can be heard for twenty miles.

LOOKED IN THE MIRROR.

Then Mrs. Edwin Kelly Gave a Shriek and Fell Dead.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

AMESBURY, Mass., Feb. 25.—A singular death occurred at Newton, N. H., a few miles from this town, to-day. Mrs. Edwin Kelly had been suffering for a long time from a complicated form of sickness. Physicians were unable to aid the sufferer, and she had pined away until she was little more than a shadow of her former self. While sitting in a chair she asked her daughter to hand her a small hand mirror that she might see how her face looked. Mrs. Kelly, after observing her emaciated countenance, gave a shriek and fell forward on the floor, dead. The daughter, too frightened at first to realize what had happened, endeavored to raise her mother from the floor, when she discovered that she was dead.

ROCKEFELLER ALL RIGHT.

So Says President Harper of the Chicago University.

BOSTON, Feb. 25.—President Wm. Harper of the Chicago University, in an address to the Baptist ministers in the Bowdoin Tabernacle, spoke of Mr. Rockefeller, who, he said, had no desire to perpetuate his name, but to establish a great university and that for Chicago. "Mr. Rockefeller has never been to the university," said Dr. Harper. "He has never written us any letters except those which have begun, 'inclosed find check.' He has never attempted to dictate to the faculty in any matter, nor to exercise control over the institution, and there was never a more false or harmful thing said than that Mr. Rockefeller has interposed in the affairs of the university and that, as a result, a professor had been dropped from the faculty. Mr. Rockefeller never heard that man's name until after he was dropped."

The Wabash.

Is the shortest line to Cripple Creek.

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We have just received from our manufactory a full stock of these elegant garments—all our own make—gotten up in the latest style and equal to Merchant Tailors'. They are made from Kerseys, Meltons, Worsteds, Cheviots, Tweeds and various other materials. **They Are Very Stylish Garments.**

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Illustrated by 6 dolls with 21 dresses, 6 suits, 23 hats, and 35 other articles, furnishing the ladies with the latest French fashions as well as the children with an amusing toy.

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Buy a bag of this Celebrated Smoking Tobacco, and read the coupon, which gives a list of other premiums and how to get them.

2 CENT STAMPS ACCEPTED.

A CRISP CRUST

Is the making of a pie. The making of a crisp crust depends largely upon the shortening. Use COTTOLENE, the new vegetable shortening, instead of lard, and sogginess will be an unknown element in your pastry. Cottolene should always be economically used—two-thirds as much Cottolene as you would ordinarily use of lard or butter, being ample to produce the most desirable results. The saving in a year represents a considerable item. There are many imitations of COTTOLENE; you should therefore be careful to get the genuine.

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WOLF-WILSON DRUG CO, Sixth and Washington Av.

A HUMAN BRUTE.

Roberto Tortured a Baby and Is Sent to the Penitentiary.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—One of those crimes for which adequate punishment is not provided by the penal code was brought to the attention of Judge Hurd in the County Court, Brooklyn, yesterday. Thomas Roberto, an Italian, pleaded guilty to a charge of assault in the second degree. In a fit of temper Roberto took an 8-months-old baby out of its crib and bit a piece out of its cheek, and also out of its lip. Then, because the baby cried, the man twisted the foot until the bones in the ankle cracked. Judge Hurd sentenced him to four years in the Penitentiary and $1,000 fine.

HOSTILE TO FILLEY.

Greene County's Delegates to Sedalia Will Arrive in St. Louis To-Night.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Feb. 25.—Greene County's twenty delegates to the Seventh District Congressional Convention at Sedalia will arrive in St. Louis to-night. They are instructed for Congressman John P. Tracey, and Frank B. Parker, of the Frisco railway for delegates to St. Louis. Both are hostile to Filley. Parker being for Kerens for National Committeeman. In view of this it is doupted here if Filley will allow Springfield to have a State Convention although a healthy boom for this city has been formed in most all the south Missouri counties.

FRESHMEN'S "COLOR RUSH."

Three Monmouth Students, Including a St. Louisan Badly Injured.

MONMOUTH, Ill., Feb. 25.—Three students of the freshmen class were badly injured in a "color rush" at the college chapel yesterday afternoon. When the "rush" was over physicians were summoned. Chas. Gowans of St. Louis received numerous external marks, and is internally injured. Dudley Findlay of Morning Sun, Io., had a leg broken and is otherwise bruised. Howard Findlay was unconscious for a moment but is not thought to be badly injured.

BOY WRECKERS INDICTED.

They Will Be Tried at Rome, N. Y., During the March Term.

UTICA, N. Y., Feb. 25.—The Grand-Jury of Oneida County has indicted John W. Hildreth, Herbert Plato, Fred Bristol and Theodore Hibbard, the boys who wrecked the New York Central fast mail two miles west of Rome last December. They will be tried at Rome during the term beginning March 4. Bristol is said to be dying of consumption.

When You Think Of It.

MEN WHO SIT DOWN MUCH are usually troubled with indigestion, dyspepsia or ailments that follow—such as kidney complaints, nervous disorders, lazy livez, constipation, etc. The Waters of and

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are medicines prepared by nature. They cure! Your druggist is nearer than Carlsbad, and the medical fraternity of Europe and America recommend, for such troubles as yours, *the genuine* Carlsbad Sprudel Salt and the Waters of Carlsbad. Write for pamphlets.

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RIPANS TABULES

A reporter called, on Wednesday evening, May 8, 1895, at the residence of Mr. William McMahon, No. 1688 Pearl street, Brooklyn Village (Cleveland) O., to learn, if possible, the cause of the noticeable improvement in his physical condition over that of a year ago, when he was a sufferer from indigestion and various organic disorders. "You see," began Mr. McMahon, "to start with, my work—that of setting type at the case—allows me little chance for bodily exercise, and is altogether too confining for anybody who is in the least subject to indigestion or dyspepsia. Perhaps not more so than many another mechanic or artisan who is constantly indoors and under severe mental strain, while the physical development is sadly in need of something to keep it in trim. Well, that has been my complaint for years, and some months ago I became very bilious and constipation made life miserable for me at times. Then it took a seat in my LIVER, which became noticeably inactive, and I became alarmed about it. The first thing I turned my attention to was to secure a 'liver regulator,' which, however, failed to regulate; next I sought relief in 'liver pills,' which so pained and griped me that the cure was, I thought, worse than the disease. The next thing I did was to throw away the whole 'shooting match,' and resolve to take no more proprietary medicines. However, on hearing my tale of woe, one day, at the office, a fellow-workman offered me a small Tabule—Ripans, he called it—which, he said, he would guarantee to act on the liver. I took it under protest, expecting to be doubled up in about fifteen minutes with the 'gripes.' But I was agreeably surprised in its action It was very gentle, and I resolved to try a box. Since then I have gradually noted an entire change in the working of my system, and think that Ripans Tabules are the best remedy for liver and stomach troubles this side of anywhere. They are really a substitute for physical exercise. Have one before you go?" And Mr. McMahon produced his box of "stand-bys" from his inside pocket as the reporter took his leave.

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail if the price (60 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce st., New York. Sample vial, 10 cents.

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